

# Converting Colors

YUV(118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(118.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7A747E
RGB	122, 116, 126
RGB Percent	48%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5451, 0.5059
CMYK	0.03, 0.08, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	276°, 4%, 47%
HSV	276°, 8%, 49%
XYZ	18.0373, 18.1347, 22.2883
YIQ	118.9340, 0.3660, 4.3820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

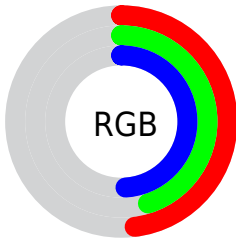
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 116, 126
Decimal	8025214
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.66, 4.32, -4.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 6.355, 312.783
Yxy	18.1347, 0.3085, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286215294 (0xFF7A747E)
YUV	118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889
Hunter-Lab	42.5849, 1.0822, -1.2222

# Details

The YUV color **118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **123.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889**, and **70.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.8080, 7.9827, 6.3074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296**.

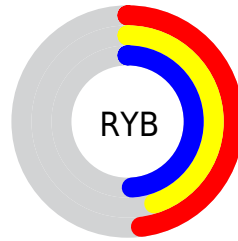
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (45%)

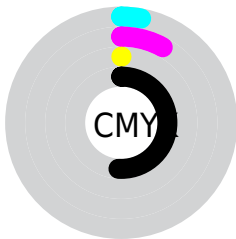
Blue (49%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (49%)

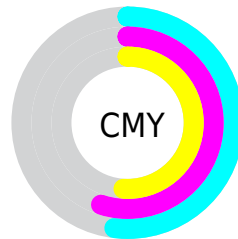


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 118.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889

■ 118.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 93.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889

■ 171.0480, 3.9203,  
2.5889

■ 70.5210, 3.1941,  
2.1741

■ 198.3470, 3.7729,  
3.2037

■ 48.4070, 2.7573,  
2.2741

■ 226.3470, 3.7729,  
3.2037

■ 27.4070, 2.7573,  
2.2741

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 2.0370, 3.9258,  
0.8446

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 118.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889

■ 118.9340, 3.4835,  
2.6889

■ 109.8080, 7.9827,  
6.3074

■ 128.0600, -1.0156,  
-0.9296

■ 101.2690, 12.1924,  
9.4111

■ 136.5990, -5.2253,  
-4.0333

■ 92.1430, 16.6915,  
13.0296

■ 145.7250, -9.7244,  
-7.6518

■ 83.6040, 20.9012,  
16.1333

■ 154.2640,  
-13.9342, -10.7555

■ 74.4780, 25.4003,  
19.7518

■ 163.3900,  
-18.4333, -14.3740

■ 65.3520, 29.8995,  
23.3703

■ 172.5160,  
-22.9324, -17.9925

■ 56.8130, 34.1092,  
26.4740

■ 181.0550,  
-27.1421, -21.0962

■ 47.6870, 38.6083,

■ 190.1810,

30.0925

-31.6412, -24.7147

■ 39.1480, 42.8180,  
33.1962

■ 198.7200,  
-35.8510, -27.8184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.2430, 4.8102, -2.8441



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



119.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



118.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



116.1020, 1.9217, -9.7365

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



123.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889

# Split Complementary

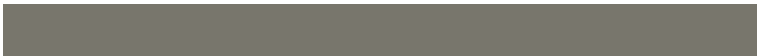
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



117.4580, -4.6628, 2.2293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



118.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068



117.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889



116.6720, 4.1057, -10.2363



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



118.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217



117.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889



116.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



160.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



119.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590



80.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



151.8140, 5.5147, 4.5481



120.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



58.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593



37.6150, 44.5598, 34.5406



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479



152.4680, 0.2623, 9.2366



121.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480



59.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



44.0860, 3.4086, 73.5926



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

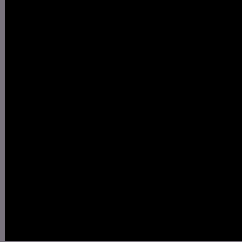
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

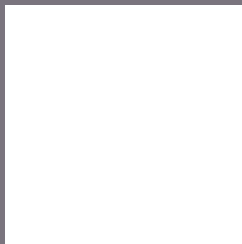
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 118.9340, 3.4835,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

### Protanopia

118.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

### Deuteranopia

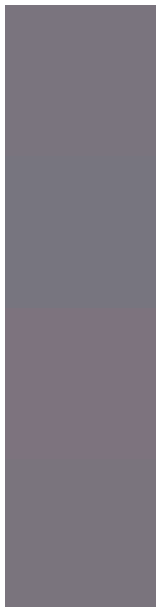
119.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



## Tritanopia

118.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

## Protanomaly

118.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298

## Deuteranomaly

119.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480

## Tritanomaly

118.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

## Achromatopsia

119.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 116, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 116, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 116, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 116, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 116, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 116, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 116, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 116, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 118.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 116, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
116, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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