

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.5420, -58.9342,  
49.5137)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(119.5420, -58.9342,  
49.5137)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B07200
RGB	176, 114, 0
RGB Percent	69%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.3098, 0.5529, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 1.00, 0.31
HSL	39°, 100%, 35%
HSV	39°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	23.9218, 21.2647, 2.8437
YIQ	119.5420, 73.5460, -22.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

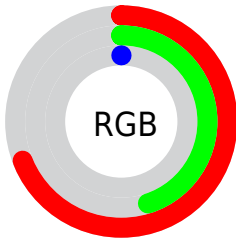
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	96, 176, 0
Decimal	11563520
CIELab	53.24, 17.25, 60.04
CIELCh	53, 62.465, 73.973
Yxy	21.2647, 0.4981, 0.4427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289753600 (0xFFB07200)
YUV	119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137
Hunter-Lab	46.1137, 11.8992, 28.6234

# Details

The YUV color **119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **56.4580, 58.9342, -49.5137**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.7150, -54.5825, 53.7469**, and **74.0240, -36.4938, 38.5670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125.1160, -52.8082, 44.6253**.

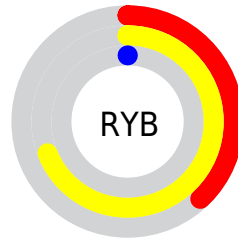
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (45%)

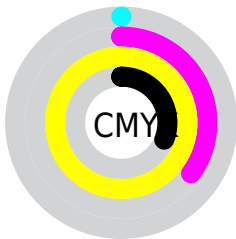
Blue (0%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (0%)

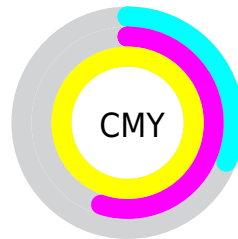


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.5420,  
-58.9342, 49.5137

■ 119.5420,  
-58.9342, 49.5137

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 95.8970, -47.2772,  
43.9403

■ 175.7150,  
-54.5825, 53.7469

■ 74.0240, -36.4938,  
38.5670

■ 200.0240,  
-53.2558, 48.2140

■ 52.4390, -25.8524,  
32.0640

■ 219.4240,  
-50.0020, 31.2002

■ 32.0390, -15.7952,  
26.2758

■ 239.0520,  
-45.8746, 13.9864


■ 11.3620, -5.6015,  
23.3615


■ 245.6520,  
-35.8174, 8.1982


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 248.8440,


-23.5871, 5.3988


 252.1500,  
-10.9200, 2.4994


 119.5420,  
-58.9342, 49.5137

 125.1160,  
-52.8082, 44.6253

 130.5760,  
-47.1190, 39.8368

 136.7370,  
-41.2823, 34.4337

 142.1970,  
-35.5931, 29.6452

 147.7710,  
-29.4671, 24.7568

■ 153.3450,  
-23.3411, 19.8684

■ 158.8050,  
-17.6519, 15.0800

■ 164.9660,  
-11.8152, 9.6768

■ 170.4260, -6.1260,  
4.8884

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.7760, -33.4136, 77.3724



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



116.0550, -57.2151, 11.3528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



106.5520, 22.4059, -93.4461



130.7960, 36.5826, 26.4889

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



56.4580, 58.9342, -49.5137

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.9690, 57.2033, -54.3468



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



110.9640, 44.3877, -97.3154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



98.8800, -1.9128, -86.7178



109.1010, 60.0962, -95.6816



125.7020, 15.9229, 73.0523



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



112.2990, -44.0244, -19.5562



109.1010, 60.0962, -95.6816



129.3850, 43.1942, 5.8014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



207.4590, -22.9043, 19.7685



60.0340, 2.4482, 101.7022



101.4070, -14.0047, 11.9211



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



156.2330, -77.0229, 64.6937



149.0590, -73.4861, 3.4563



86.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442



103.8600, -51.2030, 43.0958



17.7530, -8.7522, 7.2326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.4580, 58.9342, -49.5137



73.7670, 77.0229, -64.6937



26.9410, 73.4861, -3.4563



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



49.1400, 51.2030, -43.0958

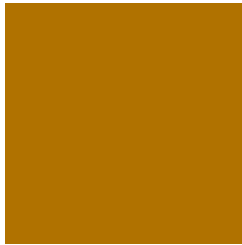


8.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137

### Protanopia

119.5600, -53.0271, 21.4339

### Deuteranopia

119.1660, -58.7488, 36.6884



## Tritanopia

129.3370, -7.5611, 45.3085

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137

## Protanomaly

119.7570, -55.0962, 31.7851

## Deuteranomaly

118.9000, -58.6177, 41.3067

## Tritanomaly

125.8260, -26.0432, 46.6336

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.7900, -21.5885, 17.7242

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 114, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 114, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 114, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 114, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 114, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 114, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 114, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 114, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 114, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 114,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 114, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
114, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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