

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966)  
contains.

<b>YUV(119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(119.5660, 18.4550,  
7.3966)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	806C9D
RGB	128, 108, 157
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 62%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5765, 0.3843
CMYK	0.18, 0.31, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	264°, 20%, 52%
HSV	264°, 31%, 62%
XYZ	20.3505, 17.7486, 34.2515
YIQ	119.5660, -3.8090, 19.4790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

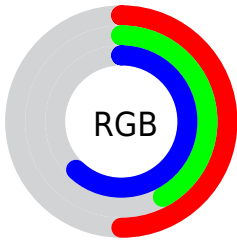
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 108, 157
Decimal	8416413
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.19, 18.13, -23.62
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 29.780, 307.507
Yxy	17.7486, 0.2813, 0.2453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606493 (0xFF806C9D)
YUV	119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966
Hunter-Lab	42.1291, 12.4983, -18.7131

# Details

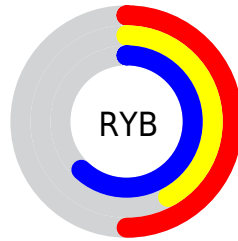
The YUV color **119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **145.4340, -18.4550, -7.3966**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.2070, 19.6179, 7.7115**, and **70.5120, 17.0026, 6.5670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.4830, 24.4119, 10.1004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131.6490, 12.4980, 4.6928**.

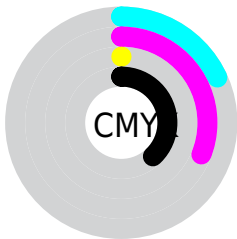
# Distribution



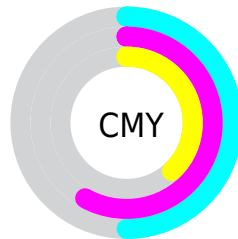
- Red (50%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.5660, 18.4550,  
7.3966

■ 119.5660, 18.4550,  
7.3966

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 94.7400, 17.8762,  
6.3670

■ 172.2070, 19.6179,  
7.7115

■ 70.5120, 17.0026,  
6.5670

■ 199.6200, 19.9073,  
8.2263

■ 47.6860, 16.4238,  
5.5374

■ 225.8500, 14.3710,  
10.6556

■ 26.4470, 15.5556,  
3.9930

■ 247.9560, 3.4727,  
6.1776

■ 7.3930, 14.1033,  
3.1633

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,  
-1.1997

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 119.5660, 18.4550,  
7.3966

■ 119.5660, 18.4550,  
7.3966

■ 107.4830, 24.4119,  
10.1004

■ 131.6490, 12.4980,  
4.6928

■ 95.6880, 30.2268,  
11.6746

■ 143.4440, 6.6831,  
3.1186

■ 83.6050, 36.1837,  
14.3784

■ 155.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 71.5220, 42.1407,  
17.0822

■ 167.6100, -5.2307,  
-2.2890

■ 59.4390, 48.0976,  
19.7860

■ 179.6930,  
-11.1876, -4.9928

■ 47.6440, 53.9125,  
21.3602

■ 191.4880,  
-17.0026, -6.5670

■ 37.0340, 59.1432,  
23.6492

■ 203.5710,  
-22.9595, -9.2708

■ 215.6540,  
-28.9164, -11.9746

■ 227.4490,  
-34.7314, -13.5488

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.6270, 25.8199, -21.5979



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



120.3640, 8.2015, 29.4988

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



116.6280, -22.4946, 28.3902



99.0030, 11.8305, -61.3926

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



145.4340, -18.4550, -7.3966

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.1130, -4.9857, -34.3021



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



114.1760, -23.7508, 11.2466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



117.9420, -15.2544, 39.5159



111.3520, -17.4285, -9.9557



92.4810, 26.8779, -81.1058



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



119.3560, 0.3175, 38.2758



111.3520, -17.4285, -9.9557



102.4620, 5.6882, -51.2712

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



190.1450, 6.8305, 2.5038



130.6090, 13.0108, -19.8281



93.4500, 4.2152, 1.3594



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966



146.5200, 28.3376, 10.9450



126.7420, 14.9172, 22.1513



72.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445



33.6440, 53.9125, 21.3602



3.5040, 5.6675, 2.1890



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.9570, 5.4442, 27.2247



156.4410, 8.1636, 41.7092



138.2580, -14.9172, -22.1513



73.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



52.4470, 16.0486, 79.4150

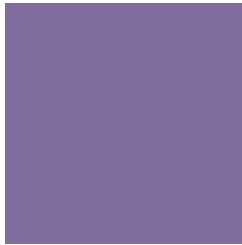


5.5110, 1.7201, 8.3219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

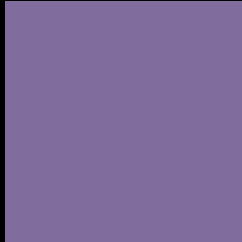
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

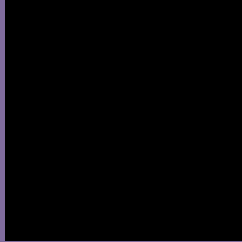
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.5660, 18.4550,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966

### Protanopia

116.8840, 22.7352, -12.1763

### Deuteranopia

117.2820, 19.0880, -9.0173



## Tritanopia

118.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966

## Protanomaly

117.5860, 21.4031, -4.8989

## Deuteranomaly

117.9130, 18.7769, -2.5547

## Tritanomaly

118.3240, 8.7143, 4.9779

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.0310, 6.3937, 2.6038

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 108, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 108, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 108, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 108, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 108, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 108, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 108, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 108, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.5660, 18.4550, 7.3966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 108, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
108, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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