

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.7090, -45.7055,  
6.3942)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(119.7090, -45.7055,  
6.3942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F861B
RGB	127, 134, 27
RGB Percent	50%, 53%, 11%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4745, 0.8941
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.80, 0.47
HSL	64°, 66%, 32%
HSV	64°, 80%, 53%
XYZ	17.4753, 21.6414, 4.2931
YIQ	119.7090, 30.1750, -34.7610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

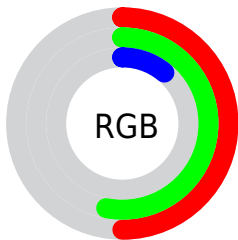
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	27, 134, 34
Decimal	8357403
CIE Lab	53.64, -15.88, 52.00
CIE LCh	54, 54.375, 106.977
Yxy	21.6414, 0.4026, 0.4985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286547483 (0xFF7F861B)
YUV	119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942
Hunter-Lab	46.5203, -14.3570, 27.0927

# Details

The YUV color **119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **41.2910, 45.7055, -6.3942**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173.7200, -45.7110, 8.1386**, and **72.0210, -35.5064, 1.7356** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.9280, -51.2365, 7.0791**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.4900, -40.1746, 5.7093**.

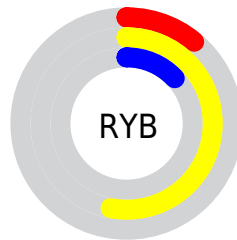
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (53%)

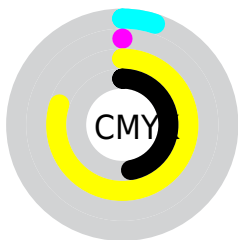
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (13%)

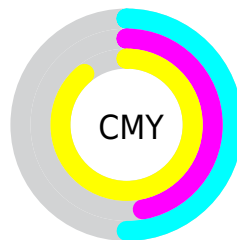


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.7090,  
-45.7055, 6.3942

■ 119.7090,  
-45.7055, 6.3942

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 93.8830, -46.2843,  
5.3646

■ 173.7200,  
-45.7110, 8.1386

■ 72.0210, -35.5064,  
1.7356

■ 201.4920,  
-46.5846, 8.3385

■ 51.0450, -25.1652,  
-1.7935

■ 229.6770,  
-47.1688, 9.0533

■ 30.6560, -15.1134,  
-5.8373

■ 244.2840,  
-41.0590, 9.3979

■ 12.3270, -6.0772,  
-10.8108

■ 247.4760,  
-28.8287, 6.5985

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 250.6680,

-16.5983, 3.7992

253.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

119.7090,  
-45.7055, 6.3942

119.7090,  
-45.7055, 6.3942

117.9280,  
-51.2365, 7.0791

121.4900,  
-40.1746, 5.7093

116.0330,  
-57.2043, 7.8641

123.3850,  
-34.2068, 4.9244

125.1660,  
-28.6758, 4.2394

127.0610,  
-22.7081, 3.4545

128.5430,  
-17.0297, 2.1548

■ 130.3240,  
-11.4987, 1.4699

■ 132.2190, -5.5310,  
0.6849

■ 134.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.8950, 5.9678,  
-0.7849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.6900, -46.6822, 39.7369



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



112.5970, -25.9303, -36.4806

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



109.2200, 42.7825, -95.7859



128.9800, 10.8559, 64.9155

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



41.2910, 45.7055, -6.3942

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132.0860, 30.0306, 27.9886



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



106.5590, 55.4334, -93.4522

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



106.1930, 23.5689, -93.1313



124.2510, 46.2183, -30.9151



125.4380, -10.5689, 76.7919



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



97.1360, -3.5180, -85.1883



124.2510, 46.2183, -30.9151



130.0480, 17.7243, 55.2089

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



167.7280, -17.6139, 2.8695



61.9280, -17.2195, 63.2071



83.5520, -10.6251, 1.2699



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942



151.0860, -71.0344, 10.4486



104.1610, -38.0404, -25.5742



65.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999



112.7880, -55.6045, 8.0789



2.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.2910, 45.7055, -6.3942



29.2130, 70.8870, -9.8338



56.8390, 38.0404, 25.5742



60.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



17.5110, 55.4571, -7.4641



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942

### Protanopia

121.1560, -46.9119, 20.0342

### Deuteranopia

123.6290, -44.1871, 32.7744



## Tritanopia

129.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942

## Protanomaly

120.5360, -46.6062, 15.3159

## Deuteranomaly

122.0470, -44.8862, 23.6378

## Tritanomaly

125.8470, -14.7146, 6.2732

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.9560, -16.7403, 2.6696

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 134, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 134, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 134, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 134, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 134, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 134, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 134, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 134, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 134, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 134,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.7090, -45.7055, 6.3942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 134, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
134, 27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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