

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.7320, -13.6719,  
-1.5190)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(119.7320, -13.6719,  
-1.5190)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	767E5C
RGB	118, 126, 92
RGB Percent	46%, 49%, 36%
CMY	0.5373, 0.5059, 0.6392
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.27, 0.51
HSL	74°, 16%, 43%
HSV	74°, 27%, 49%
XYZ	16.8638, 19.5460, 13.0091
YIQ	119.7320, 6.1460, -12.2700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

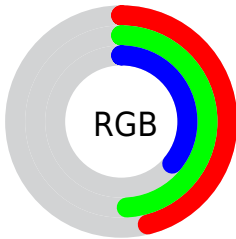
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 126, 100
Decimal	7765596
CIE Lab	51.32, -9.21, 17.56
CIE LCh	51, 19.833, 117.680
Yxy	19.5460, 0.3412, 0.3955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285955676 (0xFF767E5C)
YUV	119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190
Hunter-Lab	44.2108, -9.2817, 13.5013

# Details

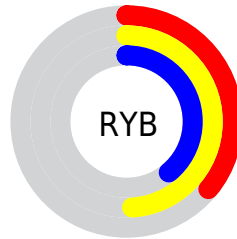
The YUV color  $119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999966$ . A complement of this color would be  $98.2680, 13.6719, 1.5190$ , and the grayscale version is  $120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $172.0910, -14.8349, -1.8338$ , and  $71.0740, -12.3615, -1.8189$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $117.3530, -18.9080, -2.0636$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $122.1110, -8.4357, -0.9743$ .

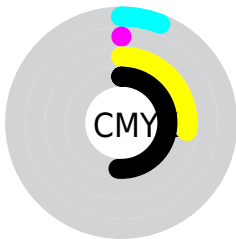
# Distribution



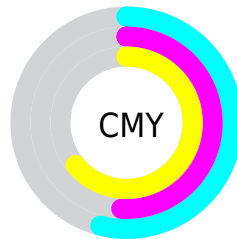
- Red (46%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.7320,  
-13.6719, -1.5190

■ 119.7320,  
-13.6719, -1.5190

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 94.8460, -13.2351,  
-1.6189

■ 172.0910,  
-14.8349, -1.8338

■ 71.0740, -12.3615,  
-1.8189

■ 199.3900,  
-14.9823, -1.2190

■ 48.1880, -11.9247,  
-1.9189

■ 227.2760,  
-15.4191, -1.1191

■ 27.4440, -13.5299,  
-0.3894

■ 251.4660,  
-13.5407, 3.0993

■ 5.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.7320,  
-13.6719, -1.5190

■ 119.7320,  
-13.6719, -1.5190

■ 117.3530,  
-18.9080, -2.0636

■ 122.1110, -8.4357,  
-0.9743

■ 115.0880,  
-23.7074, -2.7082

■ 124.3760, -3.6364,  
-0.3298

■ 112.7090,  
-28.9435, -3.2528

■ 126.7550, 1.5998,  
0.2149

■ 110.4440,  
-33.7429, -3.8974

■ 129.0200, 6.3991,  
0.8595

■ 108.0650,  
-38.9790, -4.4420

■ 131.3990, 11.6353,  
1.4041

■ 105.6860,  
-44.2152, -4.9866

■ 133.7780, 16.8714,  
1.9487

■ 103.4210,  
-49.0146, -5.6312

■ 136.0430, 21.6708,  
2.5933

■ 102.6660,

■ 138.4220, 26.9070,

-50.6143, -5.8461

3.1379

■ 140.6870, 31.7063,  
3.7825

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.8370, -16.1886, 12.4210



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



117.7670, -6.7871, -16.4587

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



116.4440, 16.5431, -32.8384



124.7520, -0.3707, 25.6505

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



98.2680, 13.6719, 1.5190

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125.1620, 7.8081, 15.6439



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



120.4720, 17.5153, -17.9539

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



114.0430, 11.3178, -36.8717



123.3710, 14.1141, -0.3254



124.2980, -8.5279, 28.6797



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



115.6070, -0.7923, -25.9653



123.3710, 14.1141, -0.3254



125.4250, 2.2555, 23.3063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



160.6210, -5.2362, -0.5446



106.8620, -7.3270, 16.7840



80.3760, -3.6364, -0.3298



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190



153.4840, -20.9446, -2.1785



114.6490, -11.1660, -11.9702



62.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



104.4380, -51.4879, -5.6461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.2680, 13.6719, 1.5190



120.5160, 20.9446, 2.1785



103.3510, 11.1660, 11.9702



58.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297



23.5620, 51.4879, 5.6461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190.

-1.5190.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190

### Protanopia

121.0430, -15.3042, 8.7323

### Deuteranopia

122.1520, -13.8789, 18.2837



## Tritanopia

122.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190

## Protanomaly

120.2490, -14.4198, 5.0436

## Deuteranomaly

121.1080, -13.8572, 11.3063

## Tritanomaly

121.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 126, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 126, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 126, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 126, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 126, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 126, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 126, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 126, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 126, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 126,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 126, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
126, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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