

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8D6891
RGB	141, 104, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 41%, 57%
CMY	0.4471, 0.5922, 0.4314
CMYK	0.03, 0.28, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	294°, 16%, 49%
HSV	294°, 28%, 57%
XYZ	21.0457, 17.6077, 29.0775
YIQ	119.7370, 8.8910, 20.5950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

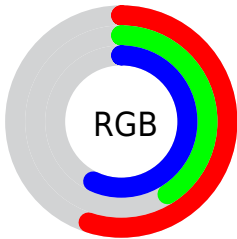
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	141, 104, 145
Decimal	9267345
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.02, 22.25, -16.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 27.814, 323.110
Yxy	17.6077, 0.3107, 0.2600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287457425 (0xFF8D6891)
YUV	119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477
Hunter-Lab	41.9615, 16.0934, -11.7123

# Details

The YUV color **119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **129.2630, -12.4547, -18.6477**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.5630, 13.0334, 19.6772**, and **70.4980, 11.5865, 17.1033** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.2200, 16.6535, 25.2401**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.2540, 8.2558, 12.0552**.

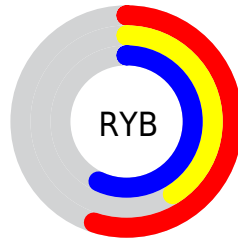
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (41%)

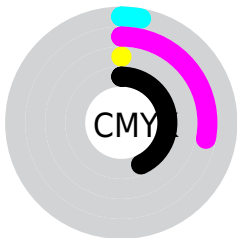
Blue (57%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (57%)

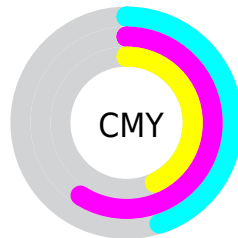


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (59%)


Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477


 119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 94.9110, 11.8759,  
17.6181


 172.5630, 13.0334,  
19.6772


 70.4980, 11.5865,  
17.1033

 199.9760, 13.3228,  
20.1920

 47.7860, 11.4445,  
15.9737

 227.6880, 13.4648,  
21.3216

 25.3730, 11.1551,  
15.4589

 245.6080, 4.6303,  
8.2368

 10.3680, 8.6926,  
11.9553

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477

■ 119.7370, 12.4547,  
18.6477

■ 111.2200, 16.6535,  
25.2401

■ 128.2540, 8.2558,  
12.0552

■ 101.8170, 21.2892,  
31.7325

■ 137.6570, 3.6201,  
5.5628

■ 92.7130, 25.7775,  
38.8397

■ 146.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296

■ 83.8970, 30.1238,  
44.8173

■ 155.5770, -5.2145,  
-7.5220

■ 74.7930, 34.6121,  
51.9245

■ 164.6810, -9.7027,  
-14.6292

■ 66.2760, 38.8109,  
58.5169

■ 173.1980,  
-13.9016, -21.2216

■ 56.8730, 43.4466,  
65.0094


■ 182.0140,  
-18.2479, -27.1993

■ 55.6990, 44.0254,

■ 191.1180,

66.0390

-22.7362, -34.3065

 200.5210,  
-27.3719, -40.7989

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117.1730, 21.1137, -5.4137



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



119.3770, 1.7861, 33.8724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



115.2740, -22.3201, 19.0537



98.4740, 17.5143, -64.4367

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



129.2630, -12.4547, -18.6477

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.0070, 2.4615, -42.9791



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



113.3210, -20.3713, 0.5955

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



116.8010, -18.1429, 32.6235



109.5940, -11.1388, -20.6919



101.5700, 25.3550, -59.2589



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



118.4610, -5.6503, 39.0607



109.5940, -11.1388, -20.6919



100.5520, 12.5459, -57.4891

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



179.5970, 4.6357, 6.4924



111.0220, 16.7512, -6.1583



88.4180, 2.7519, 4.0184



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



149.3390, 19.5529, 28.6437



119.1090, 4.8763, 22.7064



66.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



51.8680, 40.9841, 61.5058



3.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.7150, -4.2965, 24.8059



144.8200, -6.8133, 38.7459



129.8910, -4.8763, -22.7064



66.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



41.8470, -14.2216, 81.6952



2.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

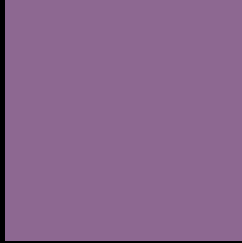
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

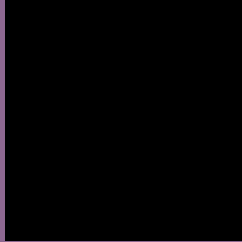
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477

### Protanopia

116.6410, 17.9250, -9.3322

### Deuteranopia

117.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846



## Tritanopia

118.3980, -0.1962, 16.3140

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477

## Protanomaly

117.8380, 15.8559, 1.0191

## Deuteranomaly

118.0620, 12.7874, 5.2076

## Tritanomaly

118.6630, 4.6031, 16.9585

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.8960, 4.4883, 7.1072

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 104, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 104, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 104, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 104, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 104, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 104, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 104, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 104, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 104, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 104,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 104, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
104, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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