

# Converting Colors

YUV(119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D769D
RGB	109, 118, 157
RGB Percent	43%, 46%, 62%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5373, 0.3843
CMYK	0.31, 0.25, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	229°, 20%, 52%
HSV	229°, 31%, 62%
XYZ	18.8709, 18.6424, 34.5020
YIQ	119.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

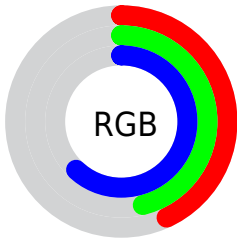
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	109, 117, 157
Decimal	7173789
CIE Lab	50.27, 6.06, -22.10
CIE LCh	50, 22.915, 285.335
Yxy	18.6424, 0.2620, 0.2589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285363869 (0xFF6D769D)
YUV	119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321
Hunter-Lab	43.1768, 2.4559, -17.1540

# Details

The YUV color **119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **146.2450, -18.3618, 9.4321**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.3960, 19.5248, -9.1173**, and **71.1140, 17.1988, -9.7470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.3400, 24.4824, -12.5762**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.1700, 12.2412, -6.2881**.

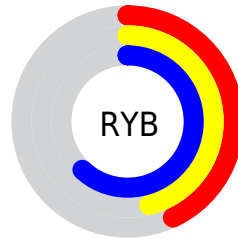
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (46%)

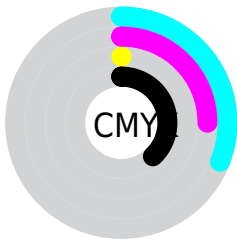
Blue (62%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (62%)

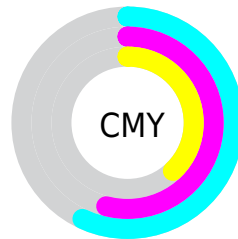


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321

■ 119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 94.6410, 17.9250,  
-9.3322

■ 172.3960, 19.5248,  
-9.1173

■ 71.1140, 17.1988,  
-9.7470

■ 199.5100, 19.9616,  
-9.2173

■ 48.1740, 16.1832,  
-10.6766

■ 226.0280, 14.2832,  
-7.9176

■ 25.7500, 15.8993,  
-12.9358

■ 251.7220, 1.6161,  
-5.0182

■ 4.2180, 16.1615,  
-3.6992

■ 2.0690, 5.3890,  
-1.8145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321

■ 119.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321

■ 107.3400, 24.4824,  
-12.5762

■ 132.1700, 12.2412,  
-6.2881

■ 95.2240, 30.4556,  
-15.1054

■ 144.2860, 6.2680,  
-3.7588

■ 83.3960, 36.2868,  
-18.7643

■ 156.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 70.9810, 42.4074,  
-21.9083

■ 168.5290, -5.6838,  
3.0441

■ 58.5660, 48.5280,  
-25.0524

■ 180.9440,  
-11.8044, 6.1881

■ 46.4500, 54.5011,  
-27.5817

■ 193.0600,  
-17.7776, 8.7174

■ 34.9210, 60.1849,  
-30.6257

■ 204.8880,  
-23.6088, 12.3762

■ 217.3030,  
-29.7294, 15.5203

■ 229.4190,  
-35.7026, 18.0495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.6060, 20.9002, -30.3495



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



122.2800, 12.1870, 11.1554

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



120.9300, -13.7695, 29.8794



112.3570, -1.6550, -29.2541

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



146.2450, -18.3618, 9.4321

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.2360, -11.4553, -12.4850



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



119.3110, -18.3943, 19.8983

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



121.7160, -5.7760, 32.6981



117.7390, -17.6193, 4.6139



109.2550, 9.7343, -42.3196



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



122.2660, 6.7709, 21.6917



117.7390, -17.6193, 4.6139



113.1790, -5.0182, -23.8360

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



189.8130, 6.9942, -3.3440



141.5080, 2.7076, -28.5095



93.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



145.7680, 28.7084, -14.7055



118.6580, 18.9026, 3.8079



73.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



32.1510, 54.6486, -28.1964



3.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.3780, -3.1444, 28.6095



153.0210, -4.9404, 44.7086



147.3420, -18.9026, -3.8079



73.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



45.8350, -9.2857, 85.2137

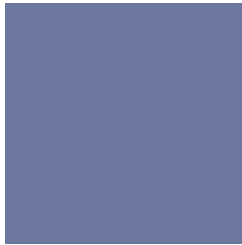


4.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

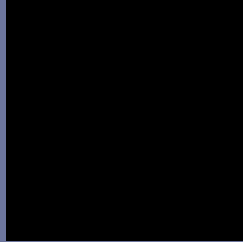
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

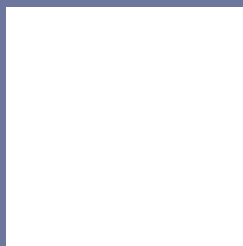
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321.

-9.4321.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

### Protanopia

119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

### Deuteranopia

120.3530, 18.0670, -8.2026



## Tritanopia

118.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

## Protanomaly

119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

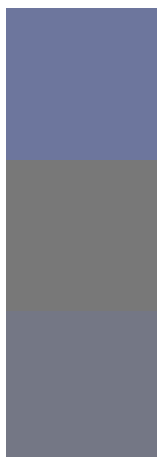
## Deuteranomaly

120.0540, 18.2144, -8.8174

## Tritanomaly

118.7950, 10.9471, -11.2212

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.6990, 6.5574, -3.2440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 118, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 118, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 118, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 118, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 118, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 118, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 118, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 118, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 118, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 118,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 119.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 118, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
118, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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