

# Converting Colors

YUV(120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(120.0150, 7.3876,  
10.5108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	846F87
RGB	132, 111, 135
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 53%
CMY	0.4824, 0.5647, 0.4706
CMYK	0.02, 0.18, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	292°, 10%, 48%
HSV	292°, 18%, 53%
XYZ	19.5733, 18.0237, 25.3690
YIQ	120.0150, 4.8120, 11.9160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

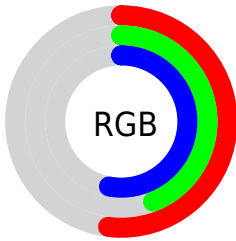
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	132, 111, 135
Decimal	8679303
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.52, 12.83, -10.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 16.325, 321.808
Yxy	18.0237, 0.3109, 0.2862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286869383 (0xFF846F87)
YUV	120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108
Hunter-Lab	42.4543, 8.0014, -5.7113

# Details

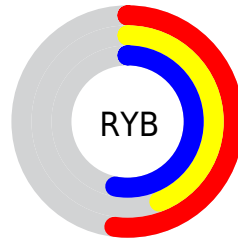
The YUV color **120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **125.9850, -7.3876, -10.5108**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.4280, 7.6770, 11.0256**, and **71.1890, 6.8088, 9.4812** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.7860, 11.4445, 15.9737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332**.

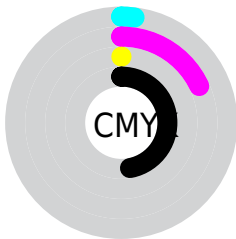
# Distribution



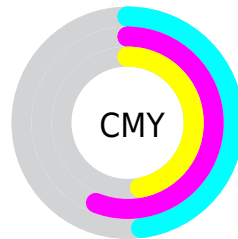
- Red (52%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 120.0150, 7.3876,  
10.5108

■ 120.0150, 7.3876,  
10.5108

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 95.6020, 7.0982,  
9.9960

■ 172.4280, 7.6770,  
11.0256

■ 71.1890, 6.8088,  
9.4812

■ 199.8410, 7.9664,  
11.5404

■ 48.7760, 6.5194,  
8.9664

■ 227.8410, 7.9664,  
11.5404

■ 27.3630, 6.2300,  
8.4516

■ 249.7170, 2.6045,  
4.6332

■ 7.0640, 6.3774,  
7.8369

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

120.0150, 7.3876,  
10.5108

120.0150, 7.3876,  
10.5108

111.7860, 11.4445,  
15.9737

128.8310, 3.0413,  
4.5332

103.2690, 15.6434,  
22.5661

136.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

94.4530, 19.9897,  
28.5437

145.5770, -5.2145,  
-7.5220

86.2240, 24.0466,  
34.0066

153.8060, -9.2714,  
-12.9849

78.2940, 27.9561,  
40.0842

162.3230,  
-13.4702, -19.5773

69.4780, 32.3023,  
46.0618

170.5520,  
-17.5271, -25.0401

61.2490, 36.3592,  
51.5246

179.3680,  
-21.8734, -31.0177

52.7320, 40.5581,

187.5970,

58.1170

-25.9303, -36.4806

■ 50.6720, 41.5737,  
59.0467

■ 196.1140,  
-30.1292, -43.0730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.7790, 11.9410, -3.3142



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



120.0610, 0.9559, 20.1175

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



117.9340, -13.2785, 12.3359



112.0610, 7.3649, -28.9945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



125.9850, -7.3876, -10.5108

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.2700, 0.3599, -22.1618



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



116.2100, -11.9355, 1.5698

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



118.6730, -10.6848, 20.4578



114.6860, -7.2402, -11.1256



113.4510, 12.5957, -26.7055



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



119.9320, -3.4175, 22.8616



114.6860, -7.2402, -11.1256



112.2030, 5.3229, -27.3650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



170.4180, 2.7519, 4.0184



115.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



86.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108



152.7860, 11.4445, 15.9737



119.8860, 3.0142, 13.2550



62.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740



48.9060, 39.9793, 57.0874



0.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547



150.6330, -3.2701, 22.2469



126.1140, -3.0142, -13.2550



61.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



40.6940, -12.1741, 78.3214

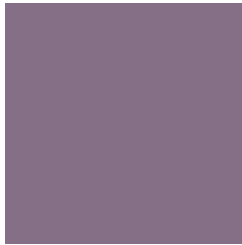


0.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

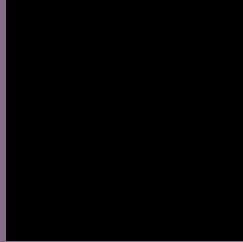
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.0150, 7.3876,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108

### Protanopia

118.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438

### Deuteranopia

119.2590, 7.2673, 2.4039



## Tritanopia

119.1090, 1.4253, 9.5514

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108

## Protanomaly

119.4160, 9.1619, 1.3892

## Deuteranomaly

119.8680, 6.9671, 5.3778

## Tritanomaly

119.3910, 3.7512, 10.1811

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 111, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 111, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 111, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 111, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 111, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 111, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 111, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 111, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 111, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 111,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 120.0150, 7.3876, 10.5108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 111, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
111, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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