

# Converting Colors

YUV(120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	537CC7
RGB	83, 124, 199
RGB Percent	33%, 49%, 78%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5137, 0.2196
CMYK	0.58, 0.38, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	219°, 51%, 55%
HSV	219°, 58%, 78%
XYZ	21.0837, 20.3778, 56.8549
YIQ	120.2910, -48.5110, 14.6330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

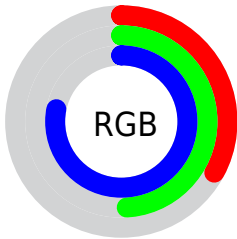
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	83, 113, 199
Decimal	5471431
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.26, 8.44, -43.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 44.173, 281.016
Yxy	20.3778, 0.2144, 0.2073
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283661511 (0xFF537CC7)
YUV	120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042
Hunter-Lab	45.1418, 4.3713, -43.0749

# Details

The YUV color **120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **161.7090, -38.8035, 32.7042**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174.5410, 39.6663, -29.4155**, and **62.6370, 40.6050, -50.5476** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.6800, 45.5138, -38.3074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133.9020, 32.0933, -27.1011**.

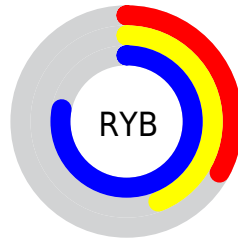
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (49%)

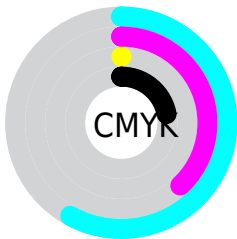
Blue (78%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (78%)

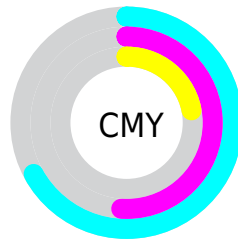


Cyan (58%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042

■ 120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 93.1550, 38.3776,  
-36.0929

■ 174.5410, 39.6663,  
-29.4155

■ 62.6370, 40.6050,  
-50.5476

■ 199.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161

■ 45.2640, 36.3518,  
-39.6965

■ 224.4560, 15.0582,  
-23.2019

■ 29.9730, 31.0723,  
-26.2863

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

■ 13.1490, 27.5345,  
-11.5317

■ 7.5920, 18.9351,  
-6.6582

■ 3.4370, 10.6306,

-3.0142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042

■ 120.2910, 38.8035,  
-32.7042

■ 106.6800, 45.5138,  
-38.3074

■ 133.9020, 32.0933,  
-27.1011

■ 93.0690, 52.2240,  
-43.9105

■ 147.5130, 25.3831,  
-21.4979

■ 79.4580, 58.9342,  
-49.5137

■ 161.1240, 18.6729,  
-15.8947

■ 66.4340, 65.3550,  
-55.6316

■ 174.1480, 12.2520,  
-9.7768

■ 63.7760, 66.6654,  
-55.9316

■ 187.7590, 5.5418,  
-4.1736

■ 201.0710, -1.0210,  
0.8147

■ 214.6820, -7.7312,  
6.4179

■ 228.2930,  
-14.4414, 12.0210

■ 239.8110,  
-20.1198, 13.3208

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101.5890, 46.5446, -89.0936



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



128.0860, 26.5796, 14.8336

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



123.6900, -23.0182, 56.3999



101.5170, -1.2409, -68.8594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



161.7090, -38.8035, 32.7042

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114.7500, -24.5267, -19.9517



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



122.4800, -34.7466, 38.1670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



125.0770, -6.4470, 61.3225



119.5600, -36.2651, 11.7869



100.2600, 18.6058, -87.9280



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



128.0090, 16.7576, 38.5801



119.5600, -36.2651, 11.7869



108.4290, -11.0575, -46.8572

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



225.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210



159.4140, -1.6831, -67.0151



110.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042



134.2730, 59.5184, -50.2284



100.7090, 48.4575, -2.3758



92.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



52.6280, 54.4134, -46.1548



11.7350, 11.9626, -10.2916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.3580, 0.8095, 67.2150



137.4040, 1.2798, 103.1317



181.2910, -48.4575, 2.3758



93.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



55.3490, 1.3069, 94.4099



12.2460, 0.3717, 20.8323



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042.



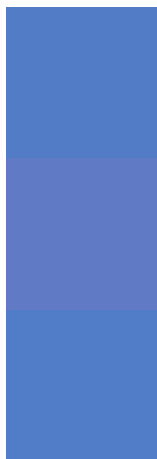
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042

### Protanopia

122.7760, 36.5924, -23.4826

### Deuteranopia

119.6930, 39.0984, -33.9338



## Tritanopia

114.1280, 15.7129, -46.5933

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042

## Protanomaly

121.9820, 37.4769, -27.1712

## Deuteranomaly

119.9920, 38.9509, -33.3190

## Tritanomaly

116.3380, 23.9904, -41.5154

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.0060, 14.2940, -11.4063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 124, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 124, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 124, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 124, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 124, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 124, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 124, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 124, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 124, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 124,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 120.2910, 38.8035, -32.7042 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 124, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 124,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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