

# Converting Colors

YUV(120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	986C67
RGB	152, 108, 103
RGB Percent	60%, 42%, 40%
CMY	0.4039, 0.5765, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.32, 0.40
HSL	6°, 19%, 50%
HSV	6°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	20.7596, 18.3798, 15.2855
YIQ	120.5860, 27.8290, 7.7730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

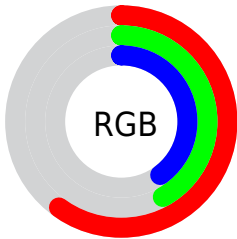
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	152, 109, 103
Decimal	9989223
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.95, 16.83, 9.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 19.460, 30.129
Yxy	18.3798, 0.3814, 0.3377
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288179303 (0xFF986C67)
YUV	120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501
Hunter-Lab	42.8717, 11.4092, 8.8709

# Details

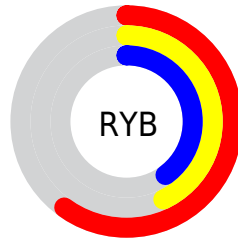
The YUV color **120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **134.4140, 8.6699, -27.5501**, and the grayscale version is **121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173.3690, -9.5489, 29.4944**, and **71.5040, -7.6435, 24.9910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110.6580, -11.1704, 36.2569**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130.5140, -6.1694, 18.8432**.

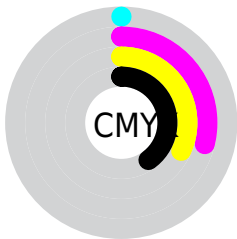
# Distribution



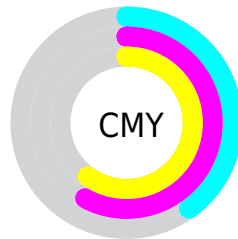
- Red (60%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501

 120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 95.6890, -8.2277,  
25.7057


 173.3690, -9.5489,  
29.4944

 71.5040, -7.6435,  
24.9910


 200.9670, -9.8437,  
30.7239


 48.7210, -6.7645,  
23.0467

 226.1620, -8.9539,  
25.2909

 26.7100, -6.7590,  
21.3023

 245.9040, -4.3897,  
7.9772

 9.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501

120.5860, -8.6699,  
27.5501

110.6580,  
-11.1704, 36.2569

130.5140, -6.1694,  
18.8432

101.3170,  
-13.9603, 44.4490

139.8550, -3.3795,  
10.6512

91.2750, -16.8976,  
53.2558

149.8970, -0.4422,  
1.8443

81.3470, -19.3981,  
61.9627

159.8250, 2.0583,  
-6.8625

72.0060, -22.1880,  
70.1547

169.1660, 4.8482,  
-15.0546

62.0780, -24.6885,  
78.8616

179.0940, 7.3487,  
-23.7614

54.8400, -27.0361,  
85.2093

189.0220, 9.8492,  
-32.4683

198.4770, 13.0758,

-40.7603

■ 208.4050, 15.5763,  
-49.4672

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.5240, -1.2443, 25.8505



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



119.4730, -14.0372, 22.3872

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



113.6960, -5.7661, -17.2734



117.3690, 17.0731, -16.1096

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



134.4140, 8.6699, -27.5501

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.4550, 16.5377, -31.0940



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



111.9100, 3.0024, -29.7391

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



116.2480, -12.9403, -2.8485



111.4560, 11.6072, -36.3569



120.7410, 12.9457, 1.1041



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



118.5600, -16.0521, 15.2949



111.4560, 11.6072, -36.3569



116.0370, 17.2368, -21.9574

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



183.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512



122.6670, 11.9962, 25.7250



91.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501



147.4200, -13.5181, 42.6047



134.6740, -15.6153, 15.1949



71.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034



50.0780, -24.6885, 78.8616



4.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.4140, 8.6699, -27.5501



169.1670, 13.2287, -43.1195



120.3260, 15.6153, -15.1949



74.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



89.9220, 24.6885, -78.8616



7.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

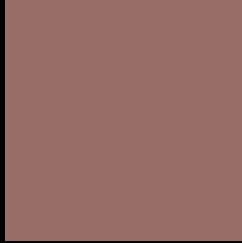
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

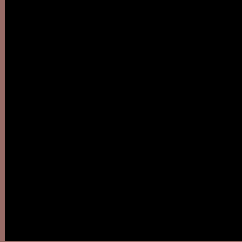
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501.



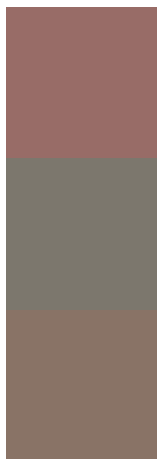
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 120.5860, -8.6699,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501

### Protanopia

119.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737

### Deuteranopia

120.0960, -8.9213, 14.8248



## Tritanopia

120.9650, -3.4337, 28.0947

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501

## Protanomaly

119.7690, -6.2951, 12.4806

## Deuteranomaly

119.8300, -8.7902, 19.4431

## Tritanomaly

121.0960, -5.4703, 27.9798

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501

## Achromatopsia

121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 108, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 108, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 108, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 108, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 108, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 108, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 108, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 108, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 108, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 108,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 120.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 108, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
108, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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