

# Converting Colors

YUV(121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	687D92
RGB	104, 125, 146
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 57%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5098, 0.4275
CMYK	0.29, 0.14, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	210°, 17%, 49%
HSV	210°, 29%, 57%
XYZ	18.2308, 19.6856, 30.0330
YIQ	121.1150, -19.2570, 2.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

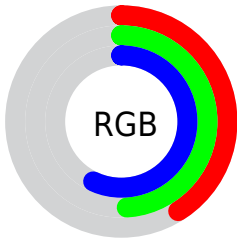
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	104, 118, 146
Decimal	6847890
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.48, -2.51, -13.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 14.070, 259.734
Yxy	19.6856, 0.2683, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285037970 (0xFF687D92)
YUV	121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099
Hunter-Lab	44.3685, -4.2998, -9.0754

# Details

The YUV color **121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **128.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099**, and the grayscale version is **121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173.9300, 12.8525, -15.7246**, and **71.8870, 11.3947, -14.8099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.5210, 16.5051, -20.6279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129.7090, 8.0315, -9.3918**.

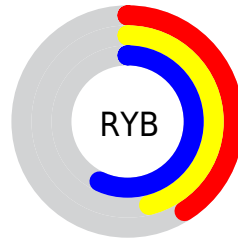
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (49%)

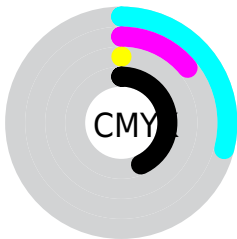
Blue (57%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (57%)

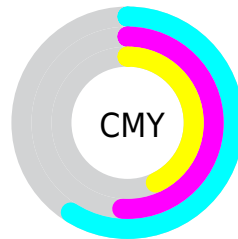


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099

■ 121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 96.0010, 11.8315,  
-14.9099

■ 173.9300, 12.8525,  
-15.7246

■ 71.8870, 11.3947,  
-14.8099

■ 201.0440, 13.2893,  
-15.8246

■ 49.4740, 11.1053,  
-15.3247

■ 228.9300, 12.8525,  
-15.7246

■ 26.7620, 10.9633,  
-16.4543

■ 250.5150, 2.2111,  
-9.2217

■ 8.5890, 10.0626,  
-7.5326

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099

■ 121.1150, 12.2683,  
-15.0099

■ 112.5210, 16.5051,  
-20.6279

■ 129.7090, 8.0315,  
-9.3918

■ 103.6390, 20.8840,  
-25.1164

■ 138.5910, 3.6526,  
-4.9033

■ 95.0450, 25.1208,  
-30.7345

■ 147.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 86.7500, 29.2102,  
-35.7377

■ 155.4800, -4.6736,  
5.7180

■ 78.1560, 33.4471,  
-41.3558

■ 164.6610, -9.1999,  
10.8213

■ 68.9750, 37.9733,  
-46.4591

■ 173.2550,  
-13.4367, 16.4394

■ 60.6800, 42.0628,  
-51.4624

■ 181.5500,  
-17.5262, 21.4426

■ 59.4950, 42.6470,

■ 190.1440,

-52.1771

-21.7630, 27.0607

 199.0260,  
-26.1418, 31.5492

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.0170, 10.8376, -22.8169



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



123.4370, 10.6306, -3.0142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



124.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876



120.2240, -6.5194, -8.9664

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



128.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.2640, -10.4832, 2.3995



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



124.0040, -9.3690, 18.4135

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



125.0390, 0.9668, 16.6288



122.3900, -11.5313, 11.9360



118.4770, -0.2352, -17.9583



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



124.2100, 8.2775, 5.0778



122.3900, -11.5313, 11.9360



120.4910, -8.1301, -5.6926

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



178.6340, 5.1104, -5.8180



131.0480, -2.9817, -23.7211



88.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099



149.8950, 19.2788, -23.5869



108.7880, 18.3455, -4.1991



69.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442



56.2350, 40.3101, -49.3181



4.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.9520, 2.9817, 23.7211



146.4960, 4.6855, 37.2760



141.2120, -18.3455, 4.1991



69.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



49.1280, 9.7969, 77.9407



3.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

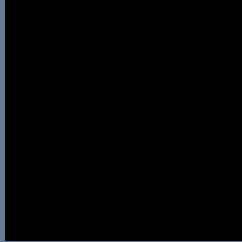
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

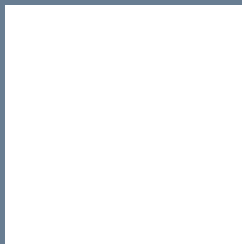
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099.



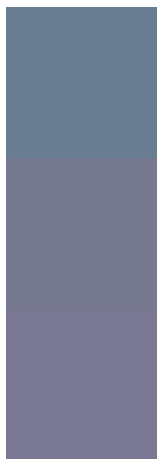
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099.

-15.0099.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099

### Protanopia

122.7250, 10.4886, -4.1438

### Deuteranopia

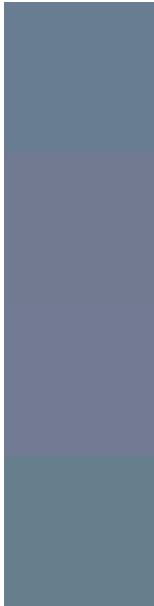
123.6760, 11.4987, -1.4699



## Tritanopia

120.6650, 8.0532, -16.3692

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099

## Protanomaly

121.9310, 11.3730, -7.8325

## Deuteranomaly

122.7570, 11.9518, -6.8029

## Tritanomaly

120.7190, 9.5055, -15.5396

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099

## Achromatopsia

121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.8190, 4.5262, -5.1033

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 125, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 125, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 125, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 125, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 125, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 125, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 125, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 125, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 125, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 125,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 121.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 125, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
125, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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