

Converting Colors

YUV(121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(121.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787A79
RGB	120, 122, 121
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5216, 0.5255
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.52
HSL	150°, 1%, 47%
HSV	150°, 2%, 48%
XYZ	18.1565, 19.2926, 20.8561
YIQ	121.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 121, 122
Decimal	7895673
CIE Lab	51.03, -0.95, 0.28
CIE LCh	51, 0.991, 163.809
Yxy	19.2926, 0.3114, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085753 (0xFF787A79)
YUV	121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	43.9234, -3.0799, 2.5938

Details

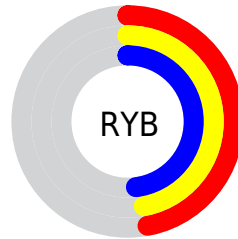
The YUV color $121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $120.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296$, and the grayscale version is $121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $173.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296$, and $72.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $117.0160, -0.9939, -7.9070$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $125.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479$.

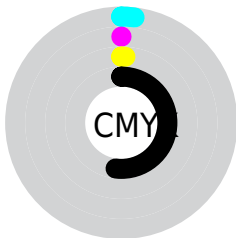
Distribution



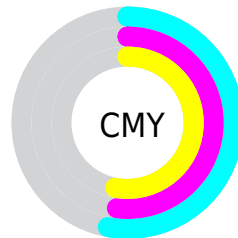
- Red (47%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 121.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 96.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 173.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 72.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 201.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 50.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 229.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 29.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 3.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 121.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 117.0160, -0.9939,
-7.9070

■ 125.5600, 0.7099,
5.6479

■ 112.7440, -1.8458,
-14.6845

■ 129.8320, 1.5618,
12.4253

■ 108.1730, -2.5503,
-22.0767

■ 134.4030, 2.2663,
19.8176

■ 103.9010, -3.4022,
-28.8542

■ 138.6750, 3.1182,
26.5950

■ 99.5150, -4.6909,
-35.5317

■ 143.0610, 4.4069,
33.2725

■ 95.2430, -5.5428,
-42.3091

■ 147.3330, 5.2588,
40.0500

■ 90.9710, -6.3947,
-49.0866

■ 151.6050, 6.1107,
46.8274

■ 86.4000, -7.0992,

■ 156.1760, 6.8152,

-56.4788

54.2196

■ 82.1280, -7.9511,
-63.2563

■ 160.4480, 7.6671,
60.9971

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



121.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



121.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000



121.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



120.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



121.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



121.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



121.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



121.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



121.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



121.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



121.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



121.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



156.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



121.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



60.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



80.4430, -9.0924, -70.5485



162.2880, -17.8900, -142.3266

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



156.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



120.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



60.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



44.4430, 8.6556, 70.6485



89.7120, 17.8900, 142.3266

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

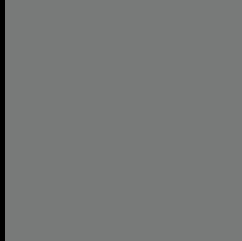
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

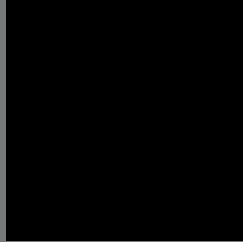
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

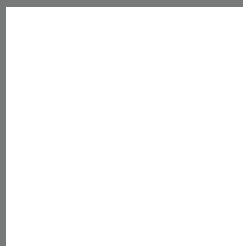
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296.



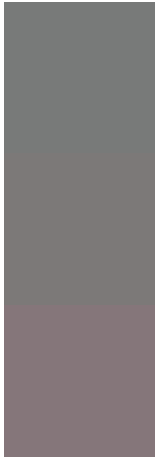
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296.

-1.1296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Protanopia

121.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443

Deuteranopia

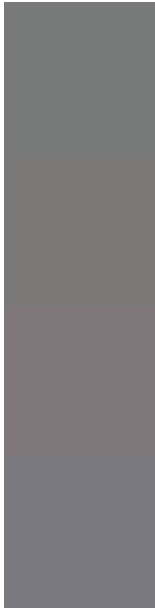
122.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217



Tritanopia

122.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

Trichromacy



Original Color

121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Protanomaly

121.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

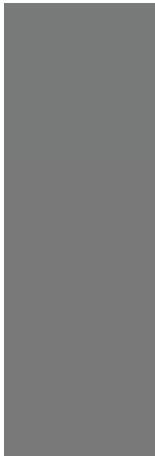
Deuteranomaly

122.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331

Tritanomaly

121.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999

Monochromacy



Original Color

121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Achromatopsia

121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

121.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 122, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 122, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 122, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 122, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 122, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 122, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 122, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 122, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122,  
121) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 121.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 122, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
122, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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