

# Converting Colors

YUV(121.8210, -35.4078,  
16.8200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(121.8210, -35.4078,  
16.8200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7E32
RGB	141, 126, 50
RGB Percent	55%, 49%, 20%
CMY	0.4471, 0.5059, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.65, 0.45
HSL	50°, 48%, 37%
HSV	50°, 65%, 55%
XYZ	19.0211, 20.8147, 6.0327
YIQ	121.8210, 33.3360, -20.4560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

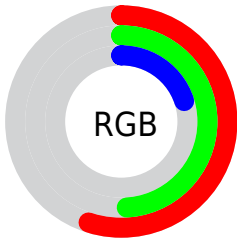
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	68, 141, 50
Decimal	9272882
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.75, -3.86, 42.28
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 42.458, 95.213
Yxy	20.8147, 0.4147, 0.4538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287462962 (0xFF8D7E32)
YUV	121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200
Hunter-Lab	45.6232, -5.4208, 24.0963

# Details

The YUV color **121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **69.1790, 35.4078, -16.8200**, and the grayscale version is **122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174.7890, -36.8710, 19.4790**, and **71.5110, -35.2549, 14.4609** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.0510, -40.9441, 19.2493**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.5910, -29.8714, 14.3907**.

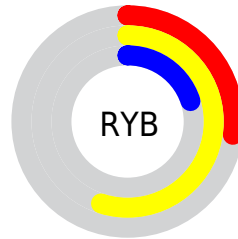
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (49%)

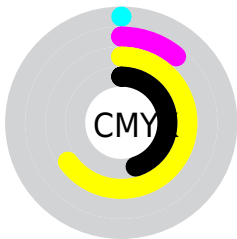
Blue (20%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (20%)

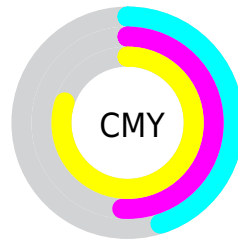


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 121.8210,  
-35.4078, 16.8200

■ 121.8210,  
-35.4078, 16.8200

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 96.2230, -35.1129,  
15.5904

■ 174.7890,  
-36.8710, 19.4790

■ 71.5110, -35.2549,  
14.4609

■ 202.8600,  
-37.8920, 20.2938

■ 51.1220, -25.2031,  
10.4170

■ 230.9310,  
-38.9130, 21.1085

■ 31.3200, -15.4408,  
5.8584

■ 246.3360,  
-33.1966, 7.5983

■ 8.5390, -4.2097,  
-3.1037

■ 249.5280,  
-20.9663, 4.7989

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.8340, -8.2992,

1.8996

■ 121.8210,  
-35.4078, 16.8200

■ 121.8210,  
-35.4078, 16.8200

■ 119.0510,  
-40.9441, 19.2493

■ 124.5910,  
-29.8714, 14.3907

■ 115.6940,  
-46.1911, 22.1934

■ 127.9480,  
-24.6244, 11.4466

■ 112.9240,  
-51.7275, 24.6227

■ 130.7180,  
-19.0880, 9.0173

■ 111.4250,  
-54.9325, 25.9373

■ 133.4880,  
-13.5516, 6.5880

■ 136.9590, -7.8678,  
3.5440

■ 139.7290, -2.3314,  
1.1147

■ 142.4990, 3.2050,  
-1.3146

■ 145.8560, 8.4520,  
-4.2587

■ 148.6260, 13.9884,  
-6.6880

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.1860, -32.1367, 41.0559



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



117.9250, -26.5850, -13.0892

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



102.9790, 31.5624, -90.3126



129.2220, 13.6946, 41.0243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



69.1790, 35.4078, -16.8200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.0850, 28.0591, 6.9415



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



102.8940, 43.9293, -90.2380

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



99.4620, 15.5482, -87.2282



119.2360, 38.8307, -41.4260



126.6790, -2.7997, 58.1635



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



112.8710, -14.7264, -36.7209



119.2360, 38.8307, -41.4260



129.5350, 18.9632, 31.1028

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



176.4880, -13.5516, 6.5880



78.9190, -6.8621, 54.4450



87.2580, -8.0152, 4.1587



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200



153.7240, -55.0799, 26.5521



121.6560, -35.3264, -9.3453



69.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



106.6960, -52.6011, 24.8226



5.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1790, 35.4078, -16.8200



72.2760, 55.0799, -26.5521



69.3440, 35.3264, 9.3453



65.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



28.3040, 52.6011, -24.8226



1.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

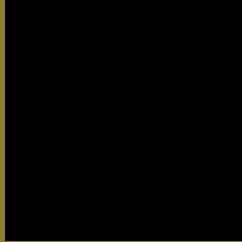
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 121.8210, -35.4078,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200

### Protanopia

121.5220, -35.2603, 16.2052

### Deuteranopia

123.3110, -35.1563, 29.5453



## Tritanopia

127.9960, -0.4910, 17.5435

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200

## Protanomaly

121.5220, -35.2603, 16.2052

## Deuteranomaly

122.5770, -35.2875, 24.9270

## Tritanomaly

125.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200

## Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

121.7160, -12.6780, 6.3881

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 126, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 126, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 126, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 126, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 126, 50) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 126, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 126, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 126, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 126, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 126,  
50) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 121.8210, -35.4078, 16.8200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 126, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
126, 50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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