

# Converting Colors

YUV(122.3720, -27.7914,  
0.5508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508)  
contains.

<b>YUV(122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(122.3720, -27.7914,  
0.5508)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7B8542
RGB	123, 133, 66
RGB Percent	48%, 52%, 26%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4784, 0.7412
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.50, 0.48
HSL	69°, 34%, 39%
HSV	69°, 50%, 52%
XYZ	17.5393, 21.3794, 8.3565
YIQ	122.3720, 15.5470, -22.9570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

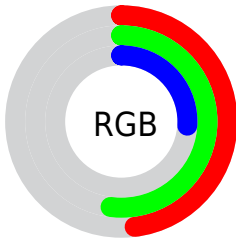
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">66, 133, 76</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8095042</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.36, -14.31, 34.60</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">53, 37.441, 112.477</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.3794, 0.3710, 0.4522</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286285122 (0xFF7B8542)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">46.2378, -13.2062, 21.6511</a>

# Details

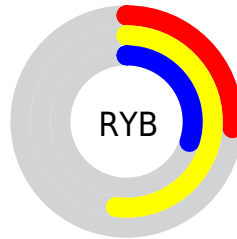
The YUV color **122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **76.6280, 27.7914, -0.5508**, and the grayscale version is **123.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.3290, -29.2492, 1.4655**, and **72.8880, -27.0598, -0.7788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.2920, -33.1750, 0.6209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.4520, -22.4078, 0.4806**.

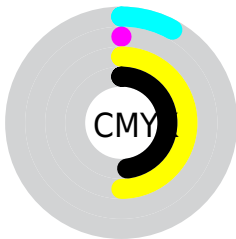
# Distribution



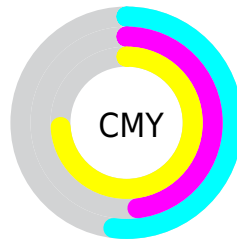
- Red (48%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 122.3720,  
-27.7914, 0.5508

■ 122.3720,  
-27.7914, 0.5508

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 97.1870, -27.2072,  
-0.1640

■ 175.3290,  
-29.2492, 1.4655

■ 72.8880, -27.0598,  
-0.7788

■ 203.1010,  
-30.1228, 1.6654

■ 49.8710, -24.5864,  
-0.7639

■ 230.9870,  
-30.5596, 1.7654

■ 30.3680, -14.9714,  
-4.7077

■ 248.2740,  
-25.7711, 5.8987

■ 11.7400, -5.7878,  
-10.2960

■ 251.4660,  
-13.5407, 3.0993

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

254.7720, -0.8736,

0.2000

■ 122.3720,  
-27.7914, 0.5508

■ 122.3720,  
-27.7914, 0.5508

■ 120.2920,  
-33.1750, 0.6209

■ 124.4520,  
-22.4078, 0.4806

■ 118.0980,  
-38.9953, 0.7911

■ 126.6460,  
-16.5875, 0.3105

■ 116.0180,  
-44.3789, 0.8612

■ 128.7260,  
-11.2039, 0.2403

■ 113.9380,  
-49.7624, 0.9314

■ 130.8060, -5.8204,  
0.1701

■ 111.8580,  
-55.1460, 1.0015

■ 133.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.0800, 5.3836,  
-0.0702

■ 137.1600, 10.7671,  
-0.1403

■ 139.2400, 16.1507,  
-0.2105

■ 141.4340, 21.9710,  
-0.3806

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.4290, -30.7775, 25.0568



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



117.5130, -15.0429, -28.5139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



103.0590, 36.9459, -90.3827



130.2090, 3.3480, 46.2977

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



76.6280, 27.7914, -0.5508

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.4480, 17.5271, 25.0401



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



115.9910, 36.9794, -54.3661

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



101.7420, 24.2842, -89.2277



128.2140, 28.9815, -8.9577



128.3550, -11.5140, 53.1857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



111.6870, -2.3107, -52.3455



128.2140, 28.9815, -8.9577



131.1420, 8.3110, 41.0945

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



169.1390, -10.9145, 0.7551



91.3160, -12.4808, 36.5569



84.2790, -6.5465, -0.2447



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508



156.6590, -43.2159, 1.1761



112.8040, -23.0744, -19.1221



65.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



109.4990, -53.9830, 1.3164



2.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.6280, 27.7914, -0.5508



85.6400, 43.0685, -0.5613



86.1960, 23.0744, 19.1221



60.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



20.5010, 53.9830, -1.3164



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

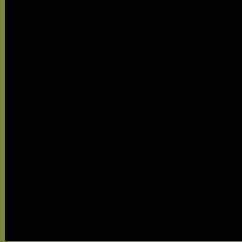
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 122.3720, -27.7914,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508

### Protanopia

124.0040, -29.5820, 14.9055

### Deuteranopia

125.5370, -27.8727, 26.7161



## Tritanopia

127.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508

## Protanomaly

123.1990, -28.6921, 9.4725

## Deuteranomaly

124.1830, -27.6982, 17.3795

## Tritanomaly

125.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508

## Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

122.0680, -9.8935, -0.0596

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 133, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 133, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 133, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 133, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 133, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 133, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 133, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 133, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 133, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 133,  
66) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 122.3720, -27.7914, 0.5508 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 133, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
133, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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