

# Converting Colors

YUV(123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF5A75
RGB	191, 90, 117
RGB Percent	75%, 35%, 46%
CMY	0.2510, 0.6471, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.39, 0.25
HSL	344°, 44%, 55%
HSV	344°, 53%, 75%
XYZ	28.3529, 19.6730, 19.1325
YIQ	123.2770, 51.5290, 29.8090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

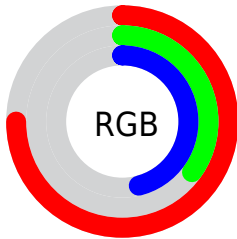
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 90, 117
Decimal	12540533
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.47, 43.28, 4.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 43.498, 5.671
Yxy	19.6730, 0.4222, 0.2929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290730613 (0xFFBF5A75)
YUV	123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931
Hunter-Lab	44.3543, 36.4837, 5.4729

# Details

The YUV color **123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **157.7230, 3.0946, -59.3931**, and the grayscale version is **123.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177.9570, -4.4158, 63.1817**, and **70.2380, -0.6103, 55.9193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110.5280, -3.7113, 70.5739**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136.0260, -2.4778, 48.2122**.

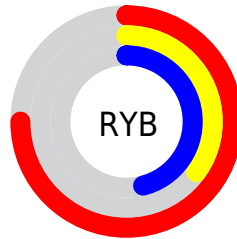
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (35%)

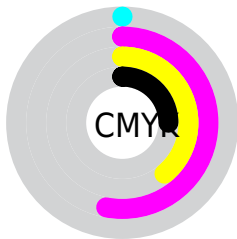
Blue (46%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (46%)

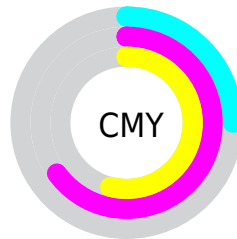


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (65%)


Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931

 123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 96.4940, -2.2155,  
57.4488


 177.9570, -4.4158,  
63.1817

 70.2380, -0.6103,  
55.9193


 198.3790, -1.1728,  
49.6566


 39.4000, 3.7468,  
58.4082

 218.0070, 2.9545,  
32.4429

 26.5850, -0.2884,  
45.9680

 238.3360, 7.2294,  
14.6143

 16.5590, -7.6706,  
33.7128

 4.7840, -2.3585,  
9.8364

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931

■ 123.2770, -3.0946,  
59.3931

■ 110.5280, -3.7113,  
70.5739

■ 136.0260, -2.4778,  
48.2122

■ 97.7790, -4.3280,  
81.7548

■ 148.7750, -1.8611,  
37.0313

■ 85.0300, -4.9448,  
92.9357

■ 161.5240, -1.2443,  
25.8505

■ 72.2810, -5.5615,  
104.1166

■ 174.2730, -0.6276,  
14.6696

■ 62.9230, -5.8780,  
112.3235

■ 187.6090, -0.3002,  
2.9739

■ 200.3580, 0.3165,  
-8.2070

■ 213.1070, 0.9332,  
-19.3878

■ 225.8560, 1.5500,  
-30.5687

■ 234.4960, 4.1925,  
-38.1460

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.9340, 13.8365, 42.1539



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



121.7980, -20.1134, 58.0592

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



114.0990, -27.1638, -14.1188



100.9050, 43.9238, -88.4937

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



157.7230, 3.0946, -59.3931

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.9900, 31.5569, -88.5682



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



104.5250, -6.6678, -54.8344

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



118.2940, -36.1339, 16.4052



97.4730, 15.5428, -85.4838



114.9800, 40.4359, -42.9555



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



121.3270, -29.2482, 47.9482



97.4730, 15.5428, -85.4838



101.2810, 40.2875, -88.8234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



220.8010, -1.3809, 22.9765



123.0420, 33.5033, 34.1662



108.9740, -0.4802, 14.0548



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



143.0190, -4.9394, 91.1913



133.1130, -21.2547, 50.7669



87.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



52.0300, -4.9448, 92.9357



10.1810, -1.0752, 18.2583



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931



143.0190, -4.9394, 91.1913



147.8870, 21.2547, -50.7669



87.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



52.0300, -4.9448, 92.9357

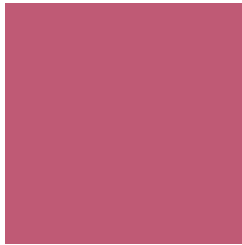


10.1810, -1.0752, 18.2583



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

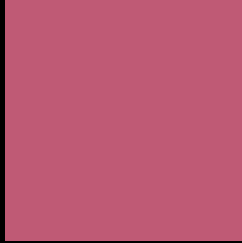
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

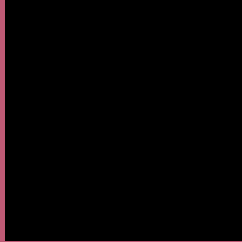
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.2770, -3.0946,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931

### Protanopia

123.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

### Deuteranopia

124.1820, -6.0057, 12.9954



## Tritanopia

122.8010, -11.2409, 58.9335

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931

## Protanomaly

123.2290, 2.8451, 20.8472

## Deuteranomaly

123.6340, -4.7496, 30.1390

## Tritanomaly

122.8980, -8.3307, 58.8485

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931

## Achromatopsia

123.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

123.2030, -1.0861, 21.7470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 90, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 90, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 90, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 90, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 90, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 90, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 90, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 90, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 90, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 90,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 123.2770, -3.0946, 59.3931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 90, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 90,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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