

# Converting Colors

YUV(123.2800, -28.2390,  
4.1394)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(123.2800, -28.2390,  
4.1394)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808442
RGB	128, 132, 66
RGB Percent	50%, 52%, 26%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4824, 0.7412
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.50, 0.48
HSL	64°, 33%, 39%
HSV	64°, 50%, 52%
XYZ	18.1367, 21.4851, 8.3454
YIQ	123.2800, 18.8020, -21.3740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

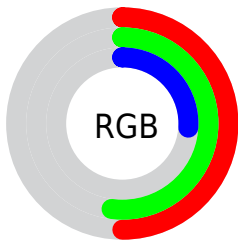
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	66, 132, 70
Decimal	8422466
CIELab	53.48, -11.61, 34.83
CIELCh	53, 36.715, 108.434
Yxy	21.4851, 0.3781, 0.4479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286612546 (0xFF808442)
YUV	123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394
Hunter-Lab	46.3520, -11.2721, 21.7716

# Details

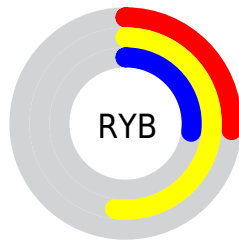
The YUV color **123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **74.7200, 28.2390, -4.1394**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.2370, -29.6968, 5.0542**, and **73.7960, -27.5074, 2.8099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121.4990, -33.7700, 4.8244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125.0610, -22.7081, 3.4545**.

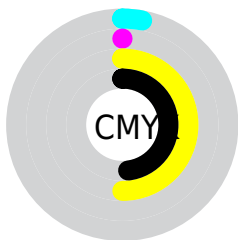
# Distribution



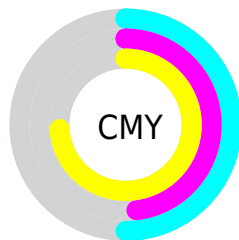
- Red (50%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 123.2800,  
-28.2390, 4.1394

■ 123.2800,  
-28.2390, 4.1394

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 98.0950, -27.6548,  
3.4247

■ 176.2370,  
-29.6968, 5.0542

■ 73.7960, -27.5074,  
2.8099

■ 204.0090,  
-30.5704, 5.2541

■ 51.0670, -25.1760,  
1.6952

■ 232.1940,  
-31.1546, 5.9689

■ 31.2760, -15.4191,  
-1.1191

■ 248.2740,  
-25.7711, 5.8987

■ 11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 251.4660,  
-13.5407, 3.0993

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

254.7720, -0.8736,

0.2000

■ 123.2800,  
-28.2390, 4.1394

■ 123.2800,  
-28.2390, 4.1394

■ 121.4990,  
-33.7700, 4.8244

■ 125.0610,  
-22.7081, 3.4545

■ 119.7180,  
-39.3010, 5.5093

■ 126.8420,  
-17.1771, 2.7696

■ 118.1220,  
-45.4161, 6.9090

■ 128.4380,  
-11.0619, 1.3699

■ 116.3410,  
-50.9471, 7.5939

■ 130.2190, -5.5310,  
0.6849

■ 114.5600,  
-56.4781, 8.2789

■ 132.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 133.7810, 5.5310,  
-0.6849

■ 135.5620, 11.0619,  
-1.3699

■ 137.1580, 17.1771,  
-2.7696

■ 138.9390, 22.7081,  
-3.4545

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.2660, -30.2041, 27.8307



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



118.6770, -17.0958, -23.3957

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



102.6030, 35.1987, -89.9828



130.6540, 5.1006, 44.1534

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



74.7200, 28.2390, -4.1394

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.4690, 18.9958, 20.6367



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



114.5450, 36.7063, -60.1140

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



101.2860, 22.5370, -88.8278



127.7080, 29.7240, -13.7759



129.0990, -9.9088, 51.6562



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



113.6340, -5.2426, -45.2830



127.7080, 29.7240, -13.7759



131.5760, 10.0690, 37.2058

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



167.4380, -11.0619, 1.3699



87.4950, -10.5970, 39.0309



84.8770, -6.8414, 0.9849



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394



157.4640, -44.1058, 6.6091



113.7120, -23.5220, -15.5334



65.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999



112.7880, -55.6045, 8.0789



2.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.7200, 28.2390, -4.1394



81.8350, 43.9583, -5.9943



84.2880, 23.5220, 15.5334



60.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



17.2120, 55.6045, -8.0789



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

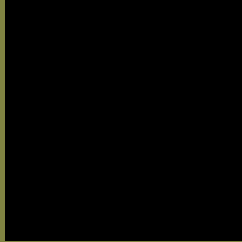
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.2800, -28.2390,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394

### Protanopia

124.7050, -29.4346, 14.2907

### Deuteranopia

126.1240, -28.1621, 26.2013



## Tritanopia

128.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394

## Protanomaly

123.7970, -28.9869, 10.7020

## Deuteranomaly

125.3680, -28.2824, 18.0943

## Tritanomaly

126.4430, -8.5994, 4.8735

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394

## Achromatopsia

123.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

122.9650, -10.3357, 1.7847

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 132, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 132, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 132, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 132, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 132, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 132, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 132, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 132, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 132, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 132,  
66) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 123.2800, -28.2390, 4.1394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 132, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
132, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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