

# Converting Colors

YUV(123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8A776E
RGB	138, 119, 110
RGB Percent	54%, 47%, 43%
CMY	0.4588, 0.5333, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.20, 0.46
HSL	19°, 11%, 49%
HSV	19°, 20%, 54%
XYZ	19.8925, 19.7227, 17.5103
YIQ	123.6550, 14.2130, 1.2290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

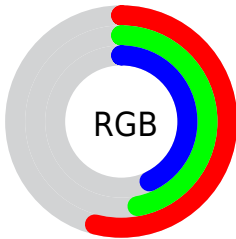
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	138, 123, 110
Decimal	9074542
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.52, 5.82, 7.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 9.616, 52.772
Yxy	19.7227, 0.3482, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287264622 (0xFF8A776E)
YUV	123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806
Hunter-Lab	44.4103, 2.2369, 7.7101

# Details

The YUV color **123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **124.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.2530, -7.0267, 13.8101**, and **75.0570, -6.4371, 11.3510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.7760, -10.2426, 18.6134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477**.

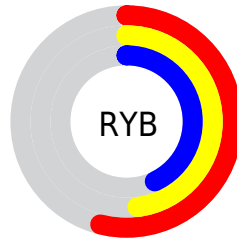
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (47%)

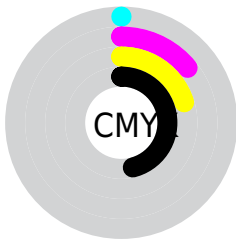
Blue (43%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (43%)

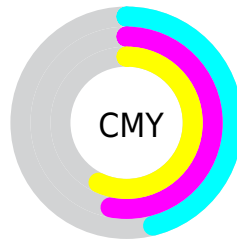


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806

 123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 98.4700, -6.1477,  
11.8658


 176.2530, -7.0267,  
13.8101

 75.0570, -6.4371,  
11.3510


 203.5520, -7.1741,  
14.4249


 51.9860, -5.4161,  
10.5363

 231.4380, -7.6109,  
14.5249

 30.6870, -5.2687,  
9.9215

 253.8600, -4.3680,  
0.9998

 6.5670, -3.2375,  
11.7807

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806

■ 123.6550, -6.7319,  
12.5806

■ 116.7760,  
-10.2426, 18.6134

■ 130.5340, -3.2213,  
6.5477

■ 109.3100,  
-13.4638, 25.1611

■ 138.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 102.5450,  
-16.5377, 31.0940

■ 144.7650, 3.0739,  
-5.9329

■ 95.6660, -20.0483,  
37.1269

■ 151.6440, 6.5845,  
-11.9658

■ 88.2000, -23.2696,  
43.6746

■ 159.1100, 9.8058,  
-18.5135

■ 81.3210, -26.7803,  
49.7075

■ 165.9890, 13.3164,  
-24.5464

■ 73.8550, -30.0015,  
56.2552

■ 173.4550, 16.5377,  
-31.0940

■ 67.0900, -33.0754,

■ 180.2200, 19.6115,

62.1881

-37.0269

■ 187.0990, 23.1222,  
-43.0598

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



123.2800, -8.0260, 7.6474

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



120.5100, -0.2514, -12.7253



123.2370, 7.2782, -1.0848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



124.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.1220, 8.3209, -8.8770



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



120.3400, 4.2694, -16.0842

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



120.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924



120.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249



124.4830, 4.1989, 6.5924

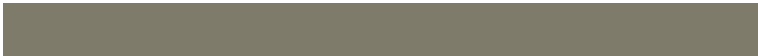


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



122.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440



120.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249



122.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



173.0500, -2.4897, 5.2181



120.5380, 4.1718, 15.3142



85.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806



156.4880, -10.1006, 19.7430



131.8730, -10.7834, 5.3734



65.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738



65.0080, -32.0489, 59.6290



2.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806



157.9250, 10.3900, -19.2282



116.1270, 10.7834, -5.3734



65.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



67.9920, 32.0489, -59.6290



2.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 123.6550, -6.7319,

12.5806.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

### Protanopia

122.6540, -5.2524, 4.6884

### Deuteranopia

123.3670, -6.5899, 13.7101



## Tritanopia

124.9030, 0.5408, 13.2401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

## Protanomaly

123.1490, -5.9895, 7.7623

## Deuteranomaly

123.3670, -6.5899, 13.7101

## Tritanomaly

124.5070, -2.2220, 12.7104

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806

## Achromatopsia

124.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

123.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 119, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 119, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 119, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 119, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 119, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 119, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 119, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 119, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 119, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 119,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 123.6550, -6.7319, 12.5806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 119, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
119, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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