

# Converting Colors

YUV(124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(124.5270, 7.6282,  
26.7248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9B6A8C
RGB	155, 106, 140
RGB Percent	61%, 42%, 55%
CMY	0.3922, 0.5843, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.10, 0.39
HSL	318°, 20%, 51%
HSV	318°, 32%, 61%
XYZ	23.4052, 19.1701, 27.2775
YIQ	124.5270, 18.2900, 20.9620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

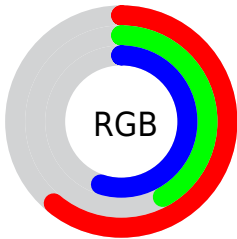
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	155, 106, 140
Decimal	10185356
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.89, 25.10, -10.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 27.306, 336.794
Yxy	19.1701, 0.3351, 0.2744
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288375436 (0xFF9B6A8C)
YUV	124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248
Hunter-Lab	43.7837, 18.7985, -6.2896

# Details

The YUV color  $[124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $[136.4730, -7.6282, -26.7248]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[124.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[177.6520, 8.0596, 28.3692]$ , and  $[75.1030, 7.3442, 24.4657]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[115.1520, 9.7851, 34.9467]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[134.4890, 5.1819, 17.9881]$ .

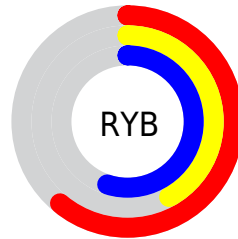
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (42%)

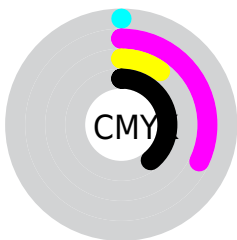
Blue (55%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (55%)

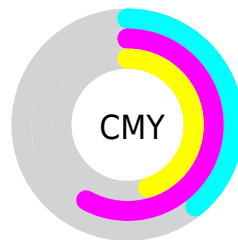


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



124.5270, 7.6282,  
26.7248

124.5270, 7.6282,  
26.7248

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

99.1140, 7.3388,  
26.2100

177.6520, 8.0596,  
28.3692

75.1030, 7.3442,  
24.4657

205.2500, 7.7648,  
29.5987

51.3910, 7.2022,  
23.3361

229.7760, 9.9704,  
22.1214

28.2060, 7.7864,  
22.6213

246.7820, 4.0515,  
7.2072

13.2010, 5.3239,  
19.1177

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

124.5270, 7.6282,  
26.7248

124.5270, 7.6282,  
26.7248

115.1520, 9.7851,  
34.9467

134.4890, 5.1819,  
17.9881

105.3040, 12.6681,  
43.5834

143.7500, 2.5882,  
9.8663

95.9290, 14.8250,  
51.8053

153.7120, 0.1420,  
1.1296

85.9670, 17.2713,  
60.5419

163.0870, -2.0149,  
-7.0923

76.5920, 19.4281,  
68.7638

173.0490, -4.4612,  
-15.8290

66.7440, 22.3112,  
77.4005


182.3100, -7.0548,  
-23.9509

58.6570, 24.3261,  
84.4928

191.6850, -9.2117,  
-32.1727

201.6470,

-11.6580, -40.9094

 211.6090,  
-14.1042, -49.6461

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.5120, 17.0026, 6.5670



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



123.4330, -3.1715, 37.3313

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



119.0450, -21.7142, 11.3615



105.4080, 20.9979, -61.7478

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



136.4730, -7.6282, -26.7248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.6730, 9.0352, -51.4562



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



116.2920, -16.4130, -9.0261

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



120.7850, -20.6000, 27.3756



112.4340, -5.1440, -30.1986



111.9460, 25.1696, -46.4336



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



123.0820, -10.8864, 38.5161



112.4340, -5.1440, -30.1986



104.9090, 17.7929, -60.4332

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



189.8640, 3.0250, 9.7663



116.0710, 19.1920, 4.3227



95.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



153.7660, 11.9474, 41.4242



121.7910, -2.8550, 29.1243



71.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



52.9180, 21.7324, 76.3709



4.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248



153.7660, 11.9474, 41.4242



139.2090, 2.8550, -29.1243



71.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



52.9180, 21.7324, 76.3709



4.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

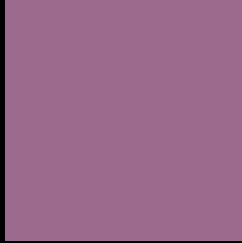
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

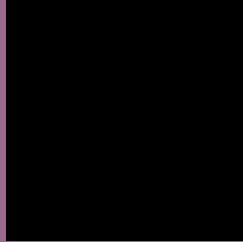
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248

### Protanopia

121.9250, 13.8410, -6.0732

### Deuteranopia

122.6720, 7.5567, 2.9187



## Tritanopia

123.4700, -2.6967, 25.0208

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248

## Protanomaly

123.0190, 11.3296, 6.1223

## Deuteranomaly

123.7270, 7.5296, 11.6404

## Tritanomaly

124.0940, 0.9397, 25.3506

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248

## Achromatopsia

125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

124.7500, 2.5882, 9.8663

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 106, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 106, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 106, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 106, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 106, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 106, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 106, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 106, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 106, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 106,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 124.5270, 7.6282, 26.7248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 106, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
106, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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