

# Converting Colors

YUV(125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493)  
contains.

<b>YUV(125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE676E
RGB	174, 103, 110
RGB Percent	68%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.3176, 0.5961, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.37, 0.32
HSL	354°, 30%, 54%
HSV	354°, 41%, 68%
XYZ	25.1203, 19.8250, 17.2545
YIQ	125.0270, 40.0690, 17.2290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

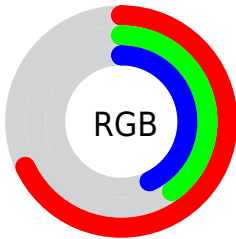
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	174, 103, 110
Decimal	11429742
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.64, 29.33, 8.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 30.502, 15.965
Yxy	19.8250, 0.4039, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289619822 (0xFFAE676E)
YUV	125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493
Hunter-Lab	44.5252, 22.7871, 8.1915

# Details

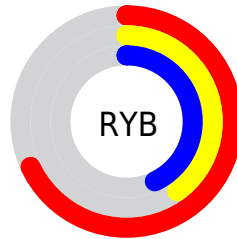
The YUV color **125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **151.9730, 7.4083, -42.9493**, and the grayscale version is **125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178.4080, -8.5821, 46.1232**, and **74.4610, -5.6503, 39.0607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113.2240, -9.4774, 53.3006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136.8300, -5.3392, 32.5981**.

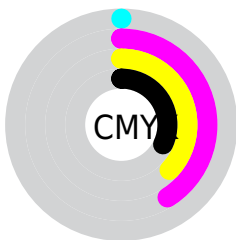
# Distribution



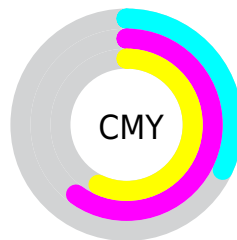
- Red (68%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493


 125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 99.2440, -6.5293,  
41.0050


 178.4080, -8.5821,  
46.1232


 74.4610, -5.6503,  
39.0607


 204.5110, -8.1399,  
44.2789

 50.0910, -4.4819,  
37.6312

 224.1390, -4.0125,  
27.0651

 25.3620, -2.1505,  
36.5165

 244.4680, 0.2623,  
9.2366

 13.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493

125.0270, -7.4083,  
42.9493

113.2240, -9.4774,  
53.3006

136.8300, -5.3392,  
32.5981

100.9480,  
-10.8204, 64.0666

149.1060, -3.9963,  
21.8320

89.1450, -12.8895,  
74.4178

160.9090, -1.9271,  
11.4808

76.7550, -14.6692,  
85.2839

173.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

65.0660, -16.3015,  
95.5351

184.9880, 1.4849,  
-9.6365


53.9640, -18.2233,  
105.2716

196.7910, 3.5540,  
-19.9877

209.1810, 5.3338,  
-30.8537

220.8700, 6.9661,

-41.1050

 230.3250, 10.1928,  
-49.3970

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.1860, 4.8383, 34.9169



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



123.5460, -18.0172, 38.9862

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



116.2910, -14.9335, -16.9182



113.9830, 29.0954, -45.5891

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



151.9730, 7.4083, -42.9493

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.9800, 30.0829, -82.4205



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



111.2090, -0.5960, -42.2793

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



119.8440, -23.5871, 5.3988



102.0170, 17.2466, -71.9289



123.0410, 24.6298, -13.1910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



122.8240, -23.0842, 30.8494



102.0170, 17.2466, -71.9289



109.7320, 29.7121, -56.7700

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



208.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



130.2300, 21.5786, 32.2473



103.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



150.4430, -11.5574, 67.1405



140.6650, -18.5688, 29.2348



80.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



46.5600, -15.5591, 90.7169



7.1050, -2.5168, 13.9399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493



150.4430, -11.5574, 67.1405



136.3350, 18.5688, -29.2348



80.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



46.5600, -15.5591, 90.7169



7.1050, -2.5168, 13.9399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

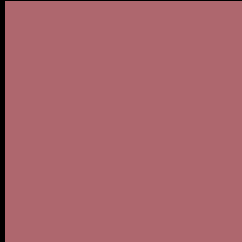
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.0270, -7.4083,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493

### Protanopia

123.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443

### Deuteranopia

124.2100, -8.4845, 14.7248



## Tritanopia

125.1410, -6.9715, 42.8493

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493

## Protanomaly

124.1870, -3.5432, 16.4990

## Deuteranomaly

124.3900, -8.0803, 25.0910

## Tritanomaly

125.1410, -6.9715, 42.8493

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493

## Achromatopsia

125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

125.1160, -2.5222, 15.6843

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 103, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 103, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 103, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 103, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 103, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 103, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 103, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 103, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 103, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 103,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 125.0270, -7.4083, 42.9493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 103, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
103, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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