

Converting Colors

YUV(125.3310, -32.2082,
17.2497)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(125.3310, -32.2082,
17.2497)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91803C
RGB	145, 128, 60
RGB Percent	57%, 50%, 24%
CMY	0.4314, 0.4980, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.59, 0.43
HSL	48°, 41%, 40%
HSV	48°, 59%, 57%
XYZ	20.2118, 21.7843, 7.4145
YIQ	125.3310, 31.9600, -17.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

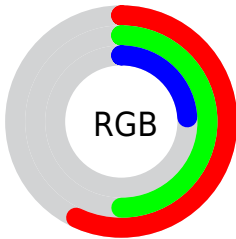
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 145, 60
Decimal	9535548
CIE _{Lab}	53.80, -2.41, 38.67
CIE _{LCh}	54, 38.744, 93.566
Yxy	21.7843, 0.4091, 0.4409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287725628 (0xFF91803C)
YUV	125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497
Hunter-Lab	46.6737, -4.3803, 23.2529

Details

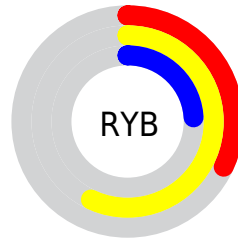
The YUV color $[125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $[79.6690, 32.2082, -17.2497]$, and the grayscale version is $[126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[178.8860, -33.9608, 19.3940]$, and $[75.0210, -32.0554, 14.8906]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[121.8600, -37.8920, 20.2938]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[128.8020, -26.5244, 14.2056]$.

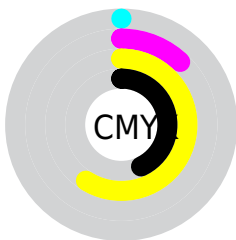
Distribution



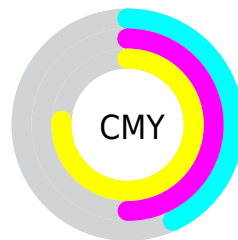
- Red (57%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 125.3310,
-32.2082, 17.2497

■ 125.3310,
-32.2082, 17.2497

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.8470, -31.4766,
15.9202

■ 178.8860,
-33.9608, 19.3940

■ 75.0210, -32.0554,
14.8906

■ 206.3700,
-34.6924, 20.7235

■ 52.9050, -26.0822,
12.3613

■ 233.2450,
-35.1238, 19.0791

■ 33.1030, -16.3198,
7.8027

■ 247.5900,
-28.3919, 6.4986

■ 12.9910, -6.4046,
0.8849

■ 250.7820,
-16.1615, 3.6992

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,

0.7998

■ 125.3310,
-32.2082, 17.2497

■ 125.3310,
-32.2082, 17.2497

■ 121.8600,
-37.8920, 20.2938

■ 128.8020,
-26.5244, 14.2056

■ 118.5030,
-43.1390, 23.2379

■ 132.1590,
-21.2774, 11.2616

■ 115.1460,
-48.3860, 26.1820

■ 135.6300,
-15.5936, 8.2175

■ 111.6750,
-54.0698, 29.2260

■ 138.9870,
-10.3466, 5.2734

■ 111.4470,
-54.9434, 29.4260

■ 142.4580, -4.6628,
2.2293

■ 145.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 148.6990, 6.5574,
-3.2440

■ 152.0560, 11.8044,
-6.1881

■ 155.5270, 17.4882,
-9.2322

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.6850, -28.9317, 39.7413



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



121.4030, -24.8487, -10.0004

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



103.8110, 29.6732, -91.0422



132.0750, 13.2740, 35.8912

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



79.6690, 32.2082, -17.2497

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.2050, 26.0279, 5.0822



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



103.6120, 41.6033, -90.8677

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



100.7500, 15.4062, -88.3577



123.0470, 35.4728, -37.7522



130.7600, -2.3467, 52.8305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



118.2030, -14.8901, -30.8730



123.0470, 35.4728, -37.7522



132.5730, 17.9585, 26.6845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



181.0150, -12.8254, 7.0028



87.3530, -5.1040, 50.5564



89.3720, -7.5784, 4.0588



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497



158.1030, -49.8438, 27.0967



127.5360, -33.2952, -7.4861



69.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



103.7610, -51.1542, 27.3966



5.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.6690, 32.2082, -17.2497



87.3100, 50.1332, -26.5819



77.4640, 33.2952, 7.4861



65.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294



31.2390, 51.1542, -27.3966



2.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497

Protanopia

125.3200, -32.2028, 15.5054

Deuteranopia

126.1090, -32.0987, 28.8454



Tritanopia

130.4090, -0.2016, 18.0583

Trichromacy



Original Color

125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497

Protanomaly

125.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201

Deuteranomaly

125.7880, -31.9405, 24.7419

Tritanomaly

128.7220, -11.6949, 17.7838

Monochromacy



Original Color

125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497

Achromatopsia

125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

124.9440, -11.8044, 6.1881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 128, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 128, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 128, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 128, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 128, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 128, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 128, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 128, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 128, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 128,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 125.3310, -32.2082, 17.2497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 128, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
128, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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