

Converting Colors

YUV(125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(125.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B7F7D
RGB	123, 127, 125
RGB Percent	48%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5020, 0.5098
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	150°, 2%, 49%
HSV	150°, 3%, 50%
XYZ	19.4594, 20.8704, 22.4048
YIQ	125.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

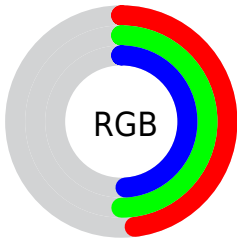
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 126, 127
Decimal	8093565
CIE Lab	52.81, -1.89, 0.56
CIE LCh	53, 1.973, 163.552
Yxy	20.8704, 0.3102, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286283645 (0xFF7B7F7D)
YUV	125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592
Hunter-Lab	45.6841, -3.9140, 2.9013

Details

The YUV color $[125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[124.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592]$, and the grayscale version is $[126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[178.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739]$, and $[76.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[121.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[130.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331]$.

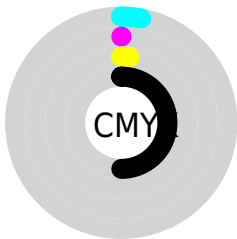
Distribution



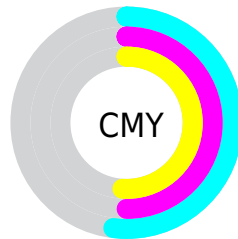
- Red (48%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 125.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 125.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 100.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 178.2770, -0.1366,
-2.8739

■ 76.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 205.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 53.9890, 0.0054,
-1.7444

■ 233.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 32.8750, -0.4314,
-1.6444

■ 9.8640, -0.4260,
-3.3887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 125.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 121.0050, -0.9885,
-9.6514

■ 130.1470, 0.4205,
5.1331

■ 116.6190, -2.2772,
-16.3289

■ 134.5330, 1.7092,
11.8106

■ 112.0480, -2.9817,
-23.7211

■ 139.1040, 2.4137,
19.2028

■ 107.4770, -3.6862,
-31.1133

■ 143.6750, 3.1182,
26.5950

■ 102.7920, -4.8275,
-38.4056

■ 148.3600, 4.2595,
33.8873

■ 98.5200, -5.6794,
-45.1830

■ 152.6320, 5.1114,
40.6647

■ 93.9490, -6.3839,
-52.5753

■ 157.2030, 5.8159,
48.0570

■ 89.2640, -7.5252,

■ 161.8880, 6.9572,

-59.8675

55.3492

■ 84.9920, -8.3771,
-66.6450

■ 166.1600, 7.8091,
62.1267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



125.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



126.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



126.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



124.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



125.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



125.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



126.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



126.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



125.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



126.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



126.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



165.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



125.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



83.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



163.4510, -0.7153, -3.9035



125.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



62.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



82.4320, -9.0870, -72.2929



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



161.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



124.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



62.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



45.5680, 9.0870, 72.2929



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

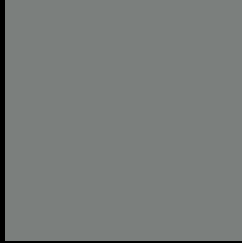
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

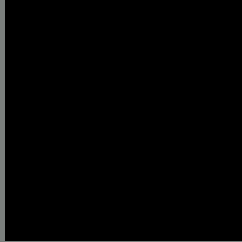
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

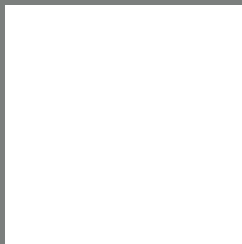
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.5760, -0.2840,

-2.2592.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Protanopia

126.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591

Deuteranopia

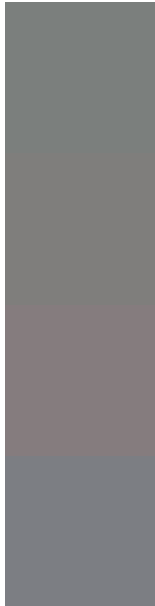
127.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365



Tritanopia

126.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998

Trichromacy



Original Color

125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Protanomaly

126.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

Deuteranomaly

126.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330

Tritanomaly

125.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294

Monochromacy



Original Color

125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

125.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 127, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 127, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 127, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 127, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 127, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 127, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 127, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 127, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 127, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 127,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 127, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
127, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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