

Converting Colors

YUV(125.8850, -32.9743,
-63.9201)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(125.8850, -32.9743,
-63.9201)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 35B03B |
| RGB | 53, 176, 59 |
| RGB Percent | 21%, 69%, 23% |
| CMY | 0.7922, 0.3098, 0.7686 |
| CMYK | 0.70, 0.00, 0.66, 0.31 |
| HSL | 123°, 54%, 45% |
| HSV | 123°, 70%, 69% |
| XYZ | 17.7829, 32.1233, 9.4008 |
| YIQ | 125.8850, -35.7510, -62.4630 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

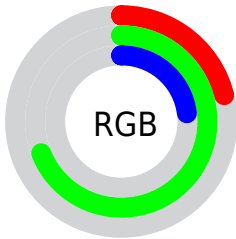
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 53, 170, 176 |
| Decimal | 3518523 |
| CIELab | 63.44, -56.46, 48.58 |
| CIELCh | 63, 74.482, 139.292 |
| Yxy | 32.1233, 0.2998, 0.5416 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281708603 (0xFF35B03B) |
| YUV | 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.6774, -43.1799, 29.8400 |

Details

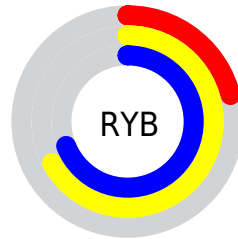
The YUV color **125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **103.1150, 32.9743, 63.9201**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184.1090, -36.0427, -59.7316**, and **71.6140, -35.3057, -62.8055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118.5650, -37.7465, -73.2865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133.2050, -28.2021, -54.5538**.

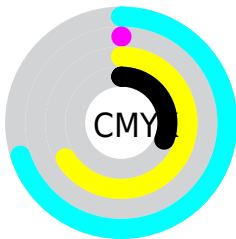
Distribution



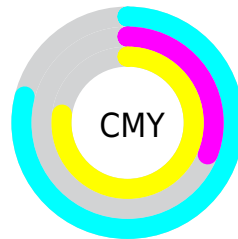
- Red (21%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 125.8850,
-32.9743, -63.9201

■ 125.8850,
-32.9743, -63.9201

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.1110, -29.1417,
-79.9043

■ 184.1090,
-36.0427, -59.7316

■ 71.6140, -35.3057,
-62.8055

■ 209.0710,
-35.0380, -55.3133

■ 56.3520, -27.7815,
-49.4207

■ 220.8200,
-27.5193, -40.1841

■ 41.6770, -20.5468,
-36.5507

■ 232.9820,
-19.7111, -24.5402

■ 28.7630, -14.1802,
-25.2252

■ 245.2580,
-11.4662, -8.9963

■ 11.7400, -5.7878,
-10.2960

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3999

0.0000

■ 125.8850,
-32.9743, -63.9201

■ 125.8850,
-32.9743, -63.9201

■ 118.5650,
-37.7465, -73.2865

■ 133.2050,
-28.2021, -54.5538

■ 111.6580,
-42.2294, -82.1381

■ 140.1120,
-23.7192, -45.7022

■ 104.3380,
-47.0016, -91.5044

■ 147.4320,
-18.9470, -36.3359

■ 154.4530,
-14.0273, -27.5843

■ 161.7730, -9.2551,
-18.2179

■ 168.9790, -4.9196,
-8.7516

■ 176.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 183.3200, 4.7722,
9.3664

■ 190.3410, 9.6919,
18.1179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138.7370, -68.3973, 4.6157



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



121.3120, 2.8042, -106.3906

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



127.6860, 62.7658, -111.9806



139.7230, -12.6814, 101.0979

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



103.1150, 32.9743, 63.9201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.2470, 16.1472, 94.4994



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



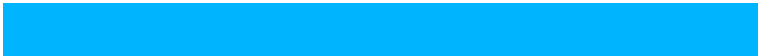
143.7750, 54.8339, -41.0217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



134.5020, 58.4195, -117.9583



157.4700, 41.1803, 45.1918



146.7100, -46.6920, 89.7083

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



127.7300, 22.3181, -112.0192



157.4700, 41.1803, 45.1918



139.8830, -1.9143, 100.9576

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



210.1050, -12.8698, -25.5251



160.7820, -53.1365, 9.8382



103.1370, -7.9555, -15.0291



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201



151.3170, -51.9213, -100.2560



132.7250, -6.7664, -69.9188



85.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



90.6090, -41.2192, -79.4641



15.3760, -7.0874, -13.4848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.1150, 32.9743, 63.9201



115.5690, 51.4845, 100.3560



96.2750, 6.7664, 69.9188



83.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



62.3910, 41.2192, 79.4641



10.5100, 6.6506, 13.5847

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201.

-63.9201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201

Protanopia

146.6830, -46.1857, 20.4490

Deuteranopia

149.4920, -39.6826, 34.6485



Tritanopia

142.8610, 17.3235, -49.8671

Trichromacy



Original Color

125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201

Protanomaly

138.7500, -41.2888, -10.3048

Deuteranomaly

140.8420, -37.3901, -0.7384

Tritanomaly

136.7190, -0.8475, -55.0046

Monochromacy



Original Color

125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201

Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

125.7570, -11.7122, -23.4659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 176, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 176, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 176, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 176, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 176, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 176, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 176, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 176, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 176, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 176,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 125.8850, -32.9743, -63.9201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 176, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 176,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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