

# Converting Colors

YUV(125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(125.9350, 8.9060,  
36.8910)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A86590
RGB	168, 101, 144
RGB Percent	66%, 40%, 56%
CMY	0.3412, 0.6039, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.14, 0.34
HSL	321°, 28%, 53%
HSV	321°, 40%, 66%
XYZ	25.8362, 19.6458, 28.8159
YIQ	125.9350, 26.1290, 27.5770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

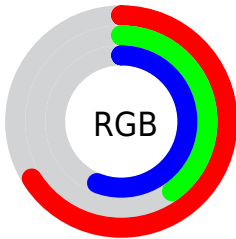
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 101, 144
Decimal	11036048
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.43, 33.23, -12.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 35.375, 339.928
Yxy	19.6458, 0.3477, 0.2644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289226128 (0xFFA86590)
YUV	125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910
Hunter-Lab	44.3236, 26.4812, -7.5194

# Details

The YUV color **125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **143.0650, -8.9060, -36.8910**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.3590, 9.1900, 39.1502**, and **75.3260, 9.2063, 33.9171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.2720, 11.2049, 46.2425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136.5980, 6.6072, 27.5396**.

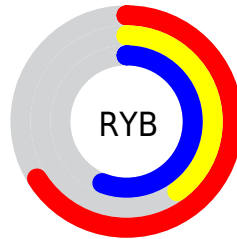
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (40%)

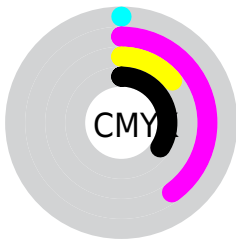
Blue (56%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (56%)

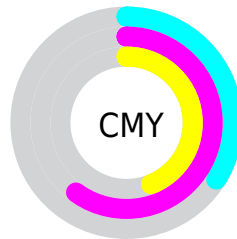


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 125.9350, 8.9060,  
36.8910

■ 125.9350, 8.9060,  
36.8910

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 100.2230, 8.7641,  
35.7614

■ 179.3590, 9.1900,  
39.1502

■ 75.3260, 9.2063,  
33.9171

■ 207.0710, 9.3320,  
40.2797

■ 51.0270, 9.3537,  
33.3023

■ 227.4110, 13.6014,  
24.1956

■ 25.0810, 10.8061,  
34.1320

■ 244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

■ 15.9350, 5.4550,  
23.7360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

125.9350, 8.9060,  
36.8910

125.9350, 8.9060,  
36.8910

115.2720, 11.2049,  
46.2425

136.5980, 6.6072,  
27.5396

104.6090, 13.5038,  
55.5939

147.2610, 4.3083,  
18.1881

94.5330, 15.5132,  
64.4306

157.3370, 2.2989,  
9.3515

83.8700, 17.8121,  
73.7820

168.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

73.2070, 20.1109,  
83.1335

178.6630, -2.2989,  
-9.3515


62.5440, 22.4098,  
92.4849

189.3260, -4.5977,  
-18.7029

199.9890, -6.8966,  
-28.0544

210.0650, -8.9060,

-36.8910

 220.7280,  
-11.2049, -46.2425

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.9840, 21.2069, 11.4150



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



124.3420, -5.0986, 48.8121

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



119.2100, -28.6975, 11.2168



98.6590, 30.2411, -86.5239

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



143.0650, -8.9060, -36.8910

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.0540, 17.7214, -84.2394



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



115.6350, -20.0331, -14.5889

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



121.6840, -27.4522, 31.8491



109.2750, -4.0796, -44.9682



100.8910, 38.5077, -77.9574



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



123.5240, -14.5553, 48.6525



109.2750, -4.0796, -44.9682



98.3340, 26.4573, -86.2389

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



202.7120, 3.5930, 14.2846



115.5150, 25.8751, 7.4413



99.9240, 2.0095, 8.8367



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



153.1470, 14.2245, 57.7531



122.1730, -5.5083, 40.1903



78.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



55.0820, 19.6796, 81.4891



7.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



153.1470, 14.2245, 57.7531



146.8270, 5.5083, -40.1903



78.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



55.0820, 19.6796, 81.4891

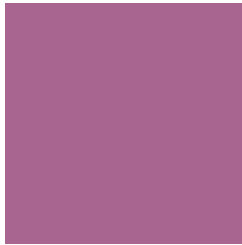


7.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

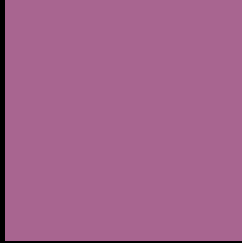
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

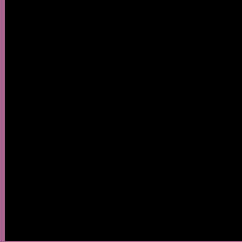
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 125.9350, 8.9060,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910

### Protanopia

123.7120, 16.9040, -8.5174

### Deuteranopia

124.4870, 8.1409, 2.2039



## Tritanopia

125.2540, -5.0552, 34.8572

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910

## Protanomaly

124.4260, 14.0870, 8.3964

## Deuteranomaly

124.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292

## Tritanomaly

125.6330, 0.1809, 35.4019

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910

## Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

126.0000, 3.4510, 13.1550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 101, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 101, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 101, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 101, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 101, 144) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 101, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 101, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 101, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 101, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 101,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 125.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 101, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
101, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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