

Converting Colors

YUV(126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(126.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7F7C
RGB	125, 127, 124
RGB Percent	49%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5020, 0.5137
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	100°, 1%, 49%
HSV	100°, 2%, 50%
XYZ	19.6849, 20.9940, 22.0835
YIQ	126.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	124, 127, 126
Decimal	8224636
CIELab	52.94, -1.34, 1.36
CIElCh	53, 1.911, 134.641
Yxy	20.9940, 0.3136, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286414716 (0xFF7D7F7C)
YUV	126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296
Hunter-Lab	45.8192, -3.4960, 3.4973

Details

The YUV color `126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `124.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296`, and the grayscale version is `126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `178.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296`, and `77.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `122.1860, -5.5147, -4.5481`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `129.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889`.

Distribution



- Red (49%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 126.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 126.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 178.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 77.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 206.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 54.4730, -0.7262,
-0.4148

■ 234.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 33.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 10.5330, -1.7418,
-1.3444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 126.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 122.1860, -5.5147,
-4.5481

■ 129.9340, 3.4835,
2.6889

■ 118.1270, -9.4296,
-8.8814

■ 133.9930, 7.3985,
7.0221

■ 114.2530,
-13.9287, -12.4999

■ 137.8670, 11.8976,
10.6406

■ 110.0800,
-18.2804, -16.7332

■ 142.0400, 16.2493,
14.8739

■ 106.2060,
-22.7796, -20.3517

■ 145.9140, 20.7484,
18.4924

■ 102.1470,
-26.6945, -24.6849

■ 149.9730, 24.6633,
22.8257

■ 98.2730, -31.1936,
-28.3034


■ 153.8470, 29.1624,
26.4442

■ 94.1000, -35.5453,

■ 158.0200, 33.5141,

-32.5367

30.6775

 90.3400, -39.6076,
-36.2552

 161.7800, 37.5765,
34.3959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



125.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



126.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



126.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



124.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



126.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



126.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



126.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



126.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



125.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



126.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



126.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



165.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



126.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



83.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



164.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



125.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



63.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



87.6940, -43.2331, -40.0736



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



162.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



125.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



61.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



40.0070, 43.3805, 39.4589



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

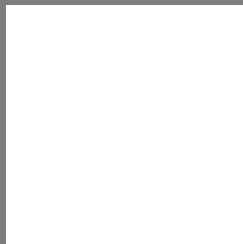
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296.

-0.9296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296

Protanopia

126.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443

Deuteranopia

127.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



Tritanopia

126.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298

Trichromacy



Original Color

126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296

Protanomaly

126.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

Deuteranomaly

127.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478

Tritanomaly

126.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

Monochromacy



Original Color

126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296

Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

125.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 127, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 127, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 127, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 127, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 127, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 127, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 127, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 127, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 127, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 127,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 127, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
127, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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