

# Converting Colors

YUV(126.1160, -15.8332,  
38.4863)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(126.1160, -15.8332,  
38.4863)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AA6E5E
RGB	170, 110, 94
RGB Percent	67%, 43%, 37%
CMY	0.3333, 0.5686, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.45, 0.33
HSL	13°, 31%, 52%
HSV	13°, 45%, 67%
XYZ	24.1739, 20.5061, 13.2736
YIQ	126.1160, 40.8960, 7.7440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

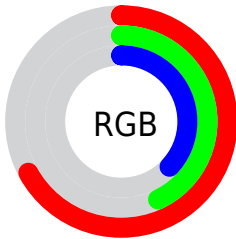
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	170, 114, 94
Decimal	11169374
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.40, 21.94, 18.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 28.876, 40.544
Yxy	20.5061, 0.4171, 0.3538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289359454 (0xFFAA6E5E)
YUV	126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863
Hunter-Lab	45.2836, 16.0428, 14.3193

# Details

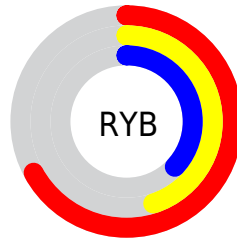
The YUV color **126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **137.8840, 15.8332, -38.4863**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.3830, -17.4438, 41.7601**, and **76.2510, -13.9277, 33.9829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.5470, -19.4967, 46.8783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135.6850, -12.1697, 30.0943**.

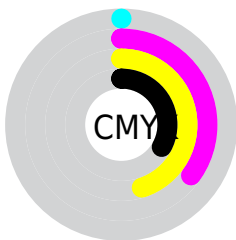
# Distribution



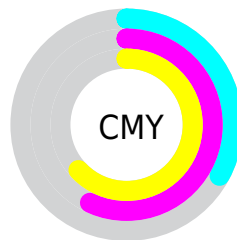
- Red (67%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.1160,  
-15.8332, 38.4863

■ 126.1160,  
-15.8332, 38.4863

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 100.3330,  
-14.9542, 36.5420

■ 179.3830,  
-17.4438, 41.7601

■ 76.2510, -13.9277,  
33.9829

■ 206.6820,  
-17.5912, 42.3749

■ 52.5820, -12.6119,  
31.9386

■ 226.1960,  
-13.9006, 25.2611

■ 29.2290, -13.9169,  
30.4942

■ 246.4110,  
-10.0626, 7.5326

■ 11.9600, -5.8963,  
24.5911

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

126.1160,  
-15.8332, 38.4863

126.1160,  
-15.8332, 38.4863

116.5470,  
-19.4967, 46.8783

135.6850,  
-12.1697, 30.0943

106.3910,  
-22.8708, 55.7851

145.8410, -8.7956,  
21.1874

96.8220, -26.5342,  
64.1771

155.4100, -5.1321,  
12.7954

86.6660, -29.9083,  
73.0839

165.5660, -1.7580,  
3.8886

77.0970, -33.5718,  
81.4759

175.1350, 1.9054,  
-4.5034

71.9620, -35.4773,  
85.9793

185.2910, 5.2795,  
-13.4102

194.8600, 8.9430,  
-21.8022

204.4290, 12.6065,

-30.1942

■ 214.5850, 15.9806,  
-39.1010

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.2870, -5.0715, 40.0903



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



124.6170, -22.4892, 26.6459

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



115.1560, -3.5279, -35.2168



123.6060, 24.3512, -17.1945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



137.8840, 15.8332, -38.4863

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.8150, 27.2062, -46.3188



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



109.0250, 11.8197, -57.9039

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



119.6830, -16.1127, -12.0000



106.8740, 24.2191, -68.2955



127.6480, 17.4285, 9.9557



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



123.4970, -23.9090, 15.3501



106.8740, 24.2191, -68.2955



121.2950, 25.9836, -27.4457

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



205.1930, -6.0111, 14.7397



123.6780, 15.4417, 40.6244



101.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863



152.5550, -24.9236, 60.9033



147.8350, -26.5407, 19.4387



79.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886



62.4490, -30.7874, 75.0282



8.3280, -4.1057, 10.2363



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.8840, 15.8332, -38.4863



171.4450, 24.9236, -60.9033



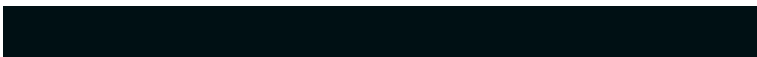
116.1650, 26.5407, -19.4387



80.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886



85.5510, 30.7874, -75.0282



11.6720, 4.1057, -10.2363



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863

### Protanopia

124.6560, -11.6624, 7.3177

### Deuteranopia

125.1800, -16.3577, 20.0131



## Tritanopia

127.3470, -6.0871, 39.1607

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863

## Protanomaly

125.2660, -13.4421, 18.1837

## Deuteranomaly

125.3380, -15.9426, 26.8906

## Tritanomaly

126.7230, -9.7234, 38.8309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863

## Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

125.8940, -5.8637, 14.1250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 110, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 110, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 110, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 110, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 110, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 110, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 110, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 110, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 110, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 110,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.1160, -15.8332, 38.4863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 110, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
110, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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