

# Converting Colors

YUV(126.1700, 62.0342,  
-110.6511)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511)  
contains.

<b>YUV(126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**YUV(126.1700, 62.0342,  
-110.6511)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A6FC
RGB	0, 166, 252
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 99%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3490, 0.0118
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	200°, 100%, 49%
HSV	200°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	31.2069, 34.3007, 97.0714
YIQ	126.1700, -126.5420, -8.4460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

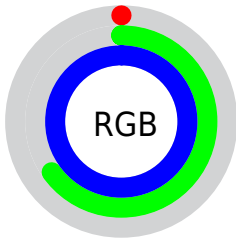
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 100, 252
Decimal	42748
CIELab	65.20, -5.06, -52.49
CIELCh	65, 52.732, 264.489
Yxy	34.3007, 0.1919, 0.2110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232828 (0xFF00A6FC)
YUV	126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511
Hunter-Lab	58.5668, -7.3795, -57.2733

# Details

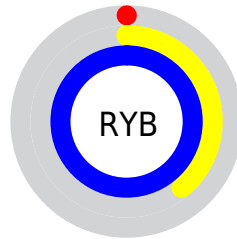
The YUV color **126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **125.8300, -62.0342, 110.6511**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.2850, 30.9185, -70.4099**, and **89.7350, 51.8956, -78.6976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138.9280, 55.7445, -99.9149**.

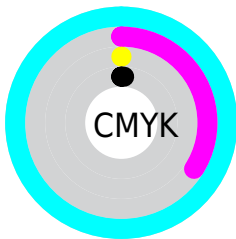
# Distribution



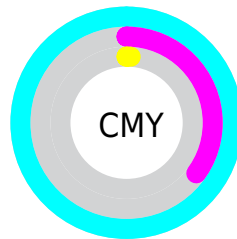
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.1700, 62.0342,  
-110.6511

■ 126.1700, 62.0342,  
-110.6511

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 107.6020, 56.8912,  
-94.3670

■ 192.2850, 30.9185,  
-70.4099

■ 89.7350, 51.8956,  
-78.6976

■ 218.8870, 17.8037,  
-63.9219

■ 71.8680, 46.9001,  
-63.0282

■ 231.9770, 11.3503,  
-47.3378

■ 55.2890, 41.7625,  
-48.4885

■ 241.5450, 6.6333,  
-27.6650

■ 39.9980, 36.4830,  
-35.0782

■ 251.1130, 1.9163,  
-7.9921

■ 25.9950, 31.0615,  
-22.7976

■ 11.5190, 26.3661,

-10.1022

■ 6.5490, 17.4773,  
-5.7435

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,  
-2.5144

■ 126.1700, 62.0342,  
-110.6511

■ 138.9280, 55.7445,  
-99.9149

■ 151.0990, 49.7442,  
-88.6638

■ 164.1560, 43.3071,  
-77.3128

■ 176.3270, 37.3068,  
-66.0618

■ 189.0850, 31.0171,  
-55.3255

■ 201.8430, 24.7274,  
-44.5893

■ 214.0140, 18.7271,  
-33.3383

■ 227.0710, 12.2900,  
-21.9873

■ 239.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.5750, 50.9885, -114.5143



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



158.9330, 41.9380, -11.3422

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



157.6030, -17.5523, 76.6472



141.7250, -20.0774, -47.1168

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



125.8300, -62.0342, 110.6511

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149.7340, -40.2949, -2.3977



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



156.4660, -36.7117, 61.8583

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



160.2920, 4.2930, 69.9039



154.3580, -46.5185, 33.8890



123.1190, 12.2663, -107.9754



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



163.2920, 30.9150, 24.2999



154.3580, -46.5185, 33.8890



145.0600, -28.1306, -30.7476

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



217.0140, 18.7271, -33.3383



157.5000, -36.2355, -138.1275



104.8540, 11.4110, -20.0430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

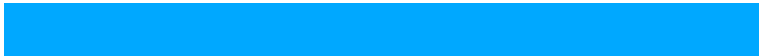


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511



127.6860, 62.7658, -111.9806



53.3820, 97.9187, -46.8160



118.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329



94.3340, 46.6703, -82.7309



30.4340, 15.0690, -26.6906



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.2720, 35.3619, 138.3275



95.3970, 35.7933, 139.9718



198.6180, -97.9187, 46.8160



116.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



70.6470, 26.3030, 103.7956



22.7990, 8.4801, 33.5023



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

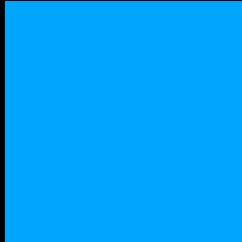
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

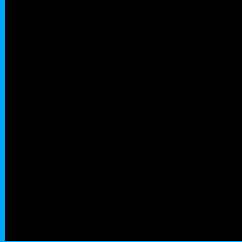
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

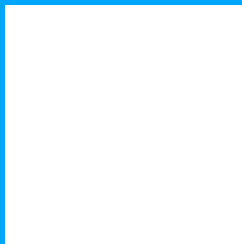
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511.



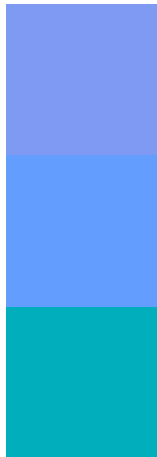
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

155.6600, 42.5656, -26.0118

### Deuteranopia

151.3030, 50.6296, -45.8697

### Tritanopia

124.0430, 31.0378, -108.7857

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

144.7100, 49.9360, -56.7507

## Deuteranomaly

142.1860, 54.6313, -69.4461

## Tritanomaly

125.0180, 42.3891, -109.6408

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

126.2950, 22.5326, -40.6007

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 166, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 166, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 166, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 166, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 166, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 166, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166,  
252) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.1700, 62.0342, -110.6511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 166, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 166,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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