

# Converting Colors

YUV(126.5200, -15.5394,  
-9.2260)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260)  
contains.

<b>YUV(126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(126.5200, -15.5394,  
-9.2260)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	748A5F
RGB	116, 138, 95
RGB Percent	45%, 54%, 37%
CMY	0.5451, 0.4588, 0.6275
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.31, 0.46
HSL	91°, 18%, 46%
HSV	91°, 31%, 54%
XYZ	18.3565, 22.7162, 14.2436
YIQ	126.5200, 0.6910, -18.0370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

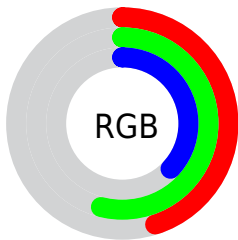
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	95, 138, 117
Decimal	7637599
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.78, -16.07, 20.50
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 26.049, 128.079
Yxy	22.7162, 0.3318, 0.4107
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285827679 (0xFF748A5F)
YUV	126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260
Hunter-Lab	47.6615, -14.6596, 15.6442

# Details

The YUV color  $126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $106.4800, 15.5394, 9.2260$ , and the grayscale version is  $127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $179.2920, -16.4130, -9.0261$ , and  $77.1610, -14.3764, -8.9112$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $122.8310, -20.6227, -12.1298$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $130.2090, -10.4560, -6.3223$ .

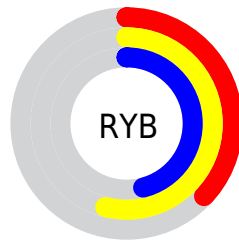
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (54%)

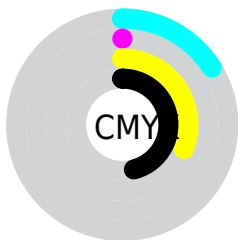
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (46%)

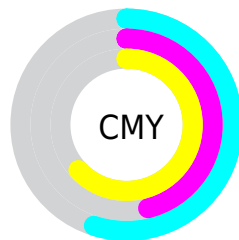


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.5200,  
-15.5394, -9.2260

■ 126.5200,  
-15.5394, -9.2260

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 101.6340,  
-15.1026, -9.3260

■ 179.2920,  
-16.4130, -9.0261

■ 77.1610, -14.3764,  
-8.9112

■ 206.7650,  
-17.1391, -9.4409

■ 54.2750, -13.9396,  
-9.0112

■ 235.3520,  
-17.4285, -9.9557

■ 31.7590, -14.6712,  
-7.6816

■ 251.3240,  
-11.4987, 1.4699

■ 14.0880, -6.9454,  
-12.3552

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 126.5200,  
-15.5394, -9.2260

■ 126.5200,  
-15.5394, -9.2260

■ 122.8310,  
-20.6227, -12.1298

■ 130.2090,  
-10.4560, -6.3223

■ 119.1420,  
-25.7060, -15.0335

■ 133.8980, -5.3727,  
-3.4185

■ 115.5670,  
-30.3525, -18.0373

■ 137.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 111.8780,  
-35.4359, -20.9410

■ 141.1620, 4.3571,  
2.4889

■ 108.1890,  
-40.5192, -23.8448

■ 144.8510, 9.4405,  
5.3927

■ 104.5000,  
-45.6025, -26.7485

■ 148.5400, 14.5238,  
8.2964

■ 101.0390,  
-49.8122, -29.8522

■ 152.2290, 19.6071,  
11.2002

■ 155.8040, 24.2536,

14.2039

■ 159.7920, 29.1895,  
17.7224

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129.4470, -21.4194, 10.1320



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



122.9610, -4.4178, -29.7838

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



123.6370, 23.8430, -40.9006



133.6070, -3.7503, 36.3017

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



106.4800, 15.5394, 9.2260

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.2990, 6.7546, 26.9248



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



129.7370, 22.3147, -17.3093

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



118.1100, 19.6658, -54.4705



133.6970, 16.4184, 7.2817



132.2620, -13.9332, 35.7272



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



120.1750, 4.3507, -42.2495



133.6970, 16.4184, 7.2817



133.8070, -0.3979, 34.3723

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



174.3710, -6.0989, -3.8334



120.1840, -12.4157, 15.6246



86.3650, -3.6309, -2.0741



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260



161.1960, -24.2536, -14.2039



120.2410, -12.4438, -22.1364



67.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593



97.5060, -48.0705, -28.5078



3.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106.4800, 15.5394, 9.2260



129.8040, 24.2536, 14.2039



112.7590, 12.4438, 22.1364



63.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445



35.4940, 48.0705, 28.5078



1.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260.

-9.2260.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260

### Protanopia

129.5440, -18.5092, 10.0469

### Deuteranopia

130.5930, -16.0683, 20.5279



## Tritanopia

130.4490, 5.6946, -6.5328

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260

## Protanomaly

128.7280, -17.6139, 2.8695

## Deuteranomaly

129.2280, -15.8884, 9.4470

## Tritanomaly

128.7880, -1.8675, -7.7071

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260

## Achromatopsia

127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

126.7840, -5.8095, -3.3186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 138, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 138, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 138, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 138, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 138, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 138, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 138, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 138, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 138, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 138,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.5200, -15.5394, -9.2260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 138, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
138, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor