

# Converting Colors

YUV(126.8340, -55.1342,  
43.9956)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(126.8340, -55.1342,  
43.9956)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B17B0F
RGB	177, 123, 15
RGB Percent	69%, 48%, 6%
CMY	0.3059, 0.5176, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.92, 0.31
HSL	40°, 84%, 38%
HSV	40°, 92%, 69%
XYZ	25.3006, 23.5475, 3.6636
YIQ	126.8340, 66.8520, -22.1400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

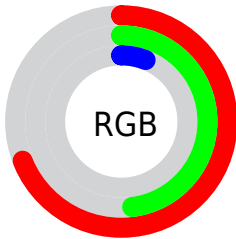
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	96, 177, 15
Decimal	11631375
CIELab	55.63, 12.88, 58.94
CIELCh	56, 60.327, 77.672
Yxy	23.5475, 0.4818, 0.4484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289821455 (0xFFB17B0F)
YUV	126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956
Hunter-Lab	48.5258, 8.1472, 29.4918

# Details

The YUV color **126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **65.1660, 55.1342, -43.9956**, and the grayscale version is **127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182.0240, -53.2558, 48.2140**, and **79.0190, -38.9564, 35.0633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.1890, -60.2392, 48.0692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.4080, -49.0081, 39.1072**.

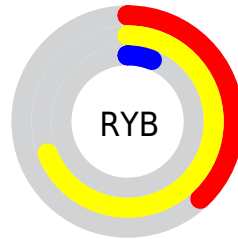
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (48%)

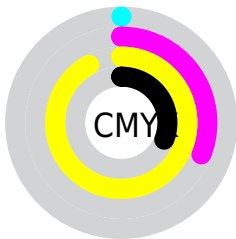
Blue (6%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (6%)

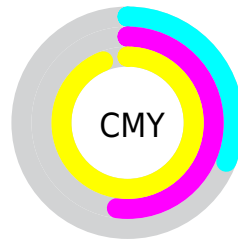


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.8340,  
-55.1342, 43.9956

■ 126.8340,  
-55.1342, 43.9956

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 101.7780,  
-50.1766, 40.5367

■ 182.0240,  
-53.2558, 48.2140

■ 79.0190, -38.9564,  
35.0633

■ 206.8060,  
-52.6554, 42.2661

■ 57.7330, -28.4624,  
29.1752

■ 226.3200,  
-48.9648, 25.1524

■ 37.3330, -18.4052,  
23.3870

■ 243.4860,  
-44.1166, 10.0978

■ 17.5310, -8.6428,  
18.8283

■ 246.6780,  
-31.8863, 7.2984

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 249.8700,

-19.6559, 4.4990

253.1760, -6.9888,  
1.5996

126.8340,  
-55.1342, 43.9956

126.8340,  
-55.1342, 43.9956

122.1890,  
-60.2392, 48.0692

132.4080,  
-49.0081, 39.1072

137.8680,  
-43.3189, 34.3188

143.4420,  
-37.1929, 29.4304

149.0160,  
-31.0669, 24.5420

154.5900,  
-24.9409, 19.6536

■ 159.4630,  
-18.9623, 15.3799

■ 165.0370,  
-12.8362, 10.4916

■ 170.6110, -6.7102,  
5.6032

■ 176.0710, -1.0210,  
0.8147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129.1730, -35.5813, 72.6393



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



122.4180, -54.4361, 6.6494

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



111.4420, 25.9111, -97.7346



136.9170, 33.0719, 32.5218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



65.1660, 55.1342, -43.9956

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.1240, 52.1969, -35.1887



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



114.9250, 46.8720, -100.7892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



103.9980, 2.4660, -91.2062



112.0190, 61.1226, -98.2407



132.6760, 11.9917, 73.9521



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



118.8730, -37.8984, -24.4446



112.0190, 61.1226, -98.2407



136.5170, 39.6781, 13.5786

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



210.6050, -21.0043, 17.0094



69.5940, -0.2928, 94.1951



103.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956



158.5810, -78.1804, 62.6345



150.4590, -66.7813, -0.4025



86.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442



105.6210, -52.0712, 41.5514



17.7530, -8.7522, 7.2326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1660, 55.1342, -43.9956



70.8320, 78.4698, -62.1197



41.5410, 66.7813, 0.4025



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



47.3790, 52.0712, -41.5514

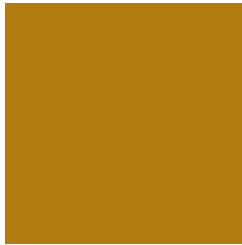


7.6600, 9.0416, -6.7178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956

### Protanopia

125.9730, -52.7377, 21.9487

### Deuteranopia

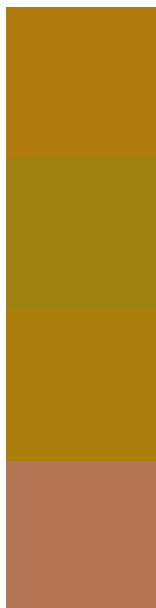
126.2200, -57.2965, 37.5181



## Tritanopia

135.3580, -6.0925, 40.9050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956

## Protanomaly

126.2020, -53.3436, 29.6408

## Deuteranomaly

126.7580, -56.5757, 39.6772

## Tritanomaly

132.0750, -23.7010, 42.0302

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956

## Achromatopsia

127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

127.1210, -20.2727, 15.6799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 123, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 123, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 123, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 123, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 123, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 123, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 123, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 123, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 123, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 123,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.8340, -55.1342, 43.9956 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 123, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
123, 15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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