

# Converting Colors

YUV(126.9500, -14.2723,  
4.4289)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(126.9500, -14.2723,  
4.4289)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	848262
RGB	132, 130, 98
RGB Percent	52%, 51%, 38%
CMY	0.4824, 0.4902, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.26, 0.48
HSL	56°, 15%, 45%
HSV	56°, 26%, 52%
XYZ	19.7030, 21.7526, 14.7155
YIQ	126.9500, 11.4640, -9.5280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

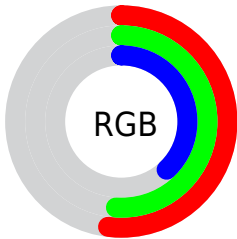
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	100, 132, 98
Decimal	8684130
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.76, -4.79, 17.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 18.284, 105.186
Yxy	21.7526, 0.3508, 0.3873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286874210 (0xFF848262)
YUV	126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289
Hunter-Lab	46.6397, -6.2122, 13.9410

# Details

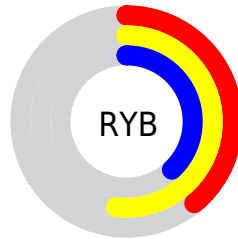
The YUV color  $[126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999966$ . A complement of this color would be  $[103.0500, 14.2724, -4.4288]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[179.7220, -15.1459, 4.6288]$ , and  $[77.8790, -13.2513, 3.6141]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[124.8810, -19.6613, 6.2434]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[129.0190, -8.8834, 2.6143]$ .

# Distribution



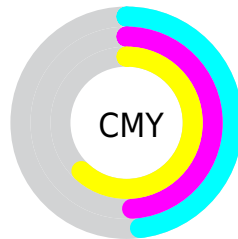
- Red (52%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.9500,  
-14.2723, 4.4289

■ 126.9500,  
-14.2723, 4.4289

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 102.0640,  
-13.8356, 4.3289

■ 179.7220,  
-15.1459, 4.6288

■ 77.8790, -13.2513,  
3.6141

■ 207.0210,  
-15.2934, 5.2436

■ 55.1070, -12.3778,  
3.4142

■ 235.7930,  
-16.1669, 5.4435

■ 32.8790, -13.2513,  
3.6141

■ 252.2640,  
-10.4832, 2.3995

■ 12.0830, -5.9569,  
-2.7038

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 126.9500,  
-14.2723, 4.4289

■ 126.9500,  
-14.2723, 4.4289

■ 124.8810,  
-19.6613, 6.2434

■ 129.0190, -8.8834,  
2.6143

■ 122.8120,  
-25.0503, 8.0579

■ 131.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 121.2160,  
-31.1655, 9.4576

■ 132.6840, 2.6208,  
-0.5999

■ 119.1470,  
-36.5545, 11.2721

■ 134.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 117.0780,  
-41.9435, 13.0866

■ 136.8220, 13.3988,  
-4.2289

■ 115.0090,  
-47.3324, 14.9011

■ 138.8910, 18.7877,  
-6.0434

■ 113.5270,  
-53.0108, 16.2008

■ 140.3730, 24.4661,  
-7.3431

■ 112.2560,

■ 142.5560, 30.2919,

-55.3422, 17.3155

-9.2576

■ 144.6250, 35.6809,  
-11.0721

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.7990, -15.1839, 16.8393



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



124.8280, -9.2822, -9.4962

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



122.6460, 13.4855, -32.1385



131.2290, 2.8451, 20.8472

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



103.0500, 14.2724, -4.4288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.9870, 9.8664, 8.7814



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



125.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



121.3380, 7.2284, -31.8684



128.8540, 14.8620, -6.8880



130.6120, -4.7387, 26.6503



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



123.4400, -4.1609, -18.8029



128.8540, 14.8620, -6.8880



131.1900, 5.3293, 17.3734

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



168.8170, -5.8258, 1.9145



108.3940, -4.1382, 20.7025



85.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289



163.1970, -22.2821, 6.8432



123.6390, -12.6400, -5.8224



65.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999



110.4840, -54.4686, 17.1155



2.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.0500, 14.2724, -4.4288



125.8030, 22.2821, -6.8432



106.3610, 12.6400, 5.8224



60.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



19.5160, 54.4686, -17.1155



0.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

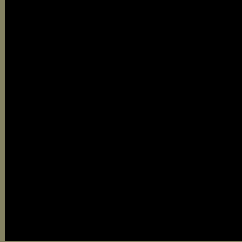
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289

### Protanopia

127.1570, -14.8674, 8.6323

### Deuteranopia

128.6360, -14.6105, 19.6132



## Tritanopia

129.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289

## Protanomaly

127.1460, -14.8620, 6.8880

## Deuteranomaly

128.3040, -14.4469, 13.7654

## Tritanomaly

128.8220, -3.3632, 5.4181

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289

## Achromatopsia

127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

126.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 130, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 130, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 130, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 130, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 130, 98) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 130, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 130, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 130, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 130, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 130,  
98) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 126.9500, -14.2723, 4.4289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 130, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
130, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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