

Converting Colors

YUV(127.3640, -39.1265,
-3.8272)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(127.3640, -39.1265,
-3.8272)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B9130
RGB	123, 145, 48
RGB Percent	48%, 57%, 19%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4314, 0.8118
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.67, 0.43
HSL	74°, 50%, 38%
HSV	74°, 67%, 57%
XYZ	18.8273, 24.6752, 6.5668
YIQ	127.3640, 18.0250, -34.8310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

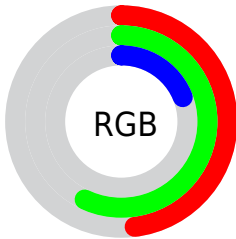
Format	Color
RYB	48, 145, 70
Decimal	8098096
CIELab	56.76, -22.15, 47.01
CIELCh	57, 51.967, 115.223
Yxy	24.6752, 0.3760, 0.4928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286288176 (0xFF7B9130)
YUV	127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272
Hunter-Lab	49.6741, -19.2753, 26.9339

Details

The YUV color $[127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999933 . A complement of this color would be $[65.6360, 39.1265, 3.8272]$, and the grayscale version is $[128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[181.3210, -40.5843, -2.9125]$, and $[76.9940, -37.9580, -5.2567]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[124.7570, -45.2362, -4.1719]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[129.8570, -33.4535, -3.3826]$.

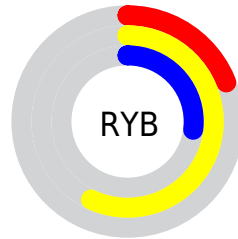
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (57%)

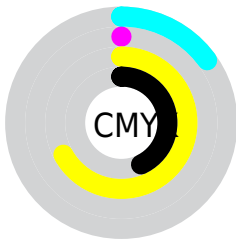
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (27%)

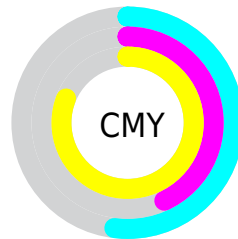


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 127.3640,
-39.1265, -3.8272

■ 127.3640,
-39.1265, -3.8272

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.1360,
-40.0000, -3.6273

■ 181.3210,
-40.5843, -2.9125

■ 76.9940, -37.9580,
-5.2567

■ 209.2070,
-41.0211, -2.8125

■ 55.7300, -27.4749,
-7.6562

■ 237.2780,
-42.0421, -1.9978

■ 34.1560, -16.8389,
-12.4148

■ 246.4500,
-32.7599, 7.4983

■ 17.0230, -8.3923,
-14.9292

■ 249.6420,
-20.5295, 4.6990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 252.9480, -7.8624,

1.7996

■ 127.3640,
-39.1265, -3.8272

■ 127.3640,
-39.1265, -3.8272

■ 124.7570,
-45.2362, -4.1719

■ 129.8570,
-33.4535, -3.3826

■ 121.9650,
-50.7617, -5.2313

■ 132.7630,
-27.4912, -2.4232

■ 119.3580,
-56.8715, -5.5760

■ 135.2560,
-21.8182, -1.9785

■ 118.6030,
-58.4713, -5.7908

■ 137.8630,
-15.7085, -1.6339

■ 140.4700, -9.5987,
-1.2892

■ 143.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 145.7550, 1.5998,
0.2149

■ 148.3620, 7.7095,
0.5595

■ 151.2680, 13.6719,
1.5190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.3900, -45.0553, 31.2300



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



118.8820, -18.1828, -48.1315

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



114.3380, 47.1614, -100.2744



136.8680, 4.0091, 67.6448

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



65.6360, 39.1265, 3.8272

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.8440, 23.7409, 38.7248



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



109.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



112.4680, 29.8423, -98.6344



136.7760, 40.0434, -10.3276



134.6950, -17.1046, 73.0585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



104.9270, 3.4870, -92.0210



136.7760, 40.0434, -10.3276



137.6590, 11.0141, 60.8121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



181.9770, -15.2717, -1.7338



89.3300, -20.3757, 48.8226



89.9970, -8.8725, -0.8744



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272



161.3210, -60.7973, -6.4205



113.0120, -32.0509, -33.3365



69.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851



110.3410, -54.3981, -5.5611



6.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.6360, 39.1265, 3.8272



65.3800, 60.9447, 5.8057



79.9880, 32.0509, 33.3365



65.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297



24.6590, 54.3981, 5.5611



1.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

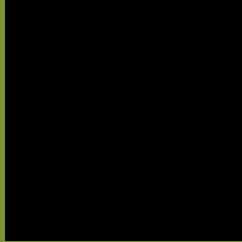
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272.

-3.8272.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272

Protanopia

130.5240, -41.6703, 18.8345

Deuteranopia

132.2960, -39.0929, 32.1894



Tritanopia

136.5420, 4.6628, -2.2293

Trichromacy



Original Color

127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272

Protanomaly

129.1100, -40.4802, 10.4275

Deuteranomaly

130.5070, -39.1970, 18.8494

Tritanomaly

133.0030, -11.3405, -2.6336

Monochromacy



Original Color

127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272

Achromatopsia

127.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

127.5040, -14.5455, -1.3190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 145, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 145, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 145, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 145, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 145, 48) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 145, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 145, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 145, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 145, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 145,  
48) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 127.3640, -39.1265, -3.8272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 145, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
145, 48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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