

# Converting Colors

YUV(127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(127.6530, -0.3219,  
9.9513)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8B7A7F
RGB	139, 122, 127
RGB Percent	55%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.4549, 0.5216, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.09, 0.45
HSL	342°, 7%, 51%
HSV	342°, 12%, 55%
XYZ	21.4378, 20.9403, 22.9907
YIQ	127.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

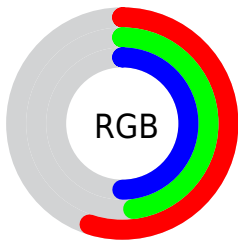
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	139, 122, 127
Decimal	9140863
CIE Lab	52.88, 7.44, -0.33
CIE LCh	53, 7.450, 357.466
Yxy	20.9403, 0.3280, 0.3203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287330943 (0xFF8B7A7F)
YUV	127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513
Hunter-Lab	45.7606, 3.5419, 2.2444

# Details

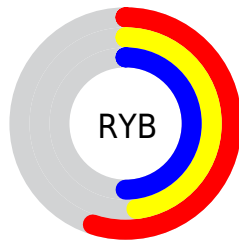
The YUV color **127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **133.3470, 0.3219, -9.9513**, and the grayscale version is **128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180.3650, -0.1799, 11.0809**, and **78.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118.2950, -0.6384, 18.1583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444**.

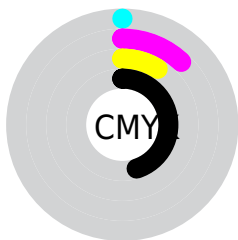
# Distribution



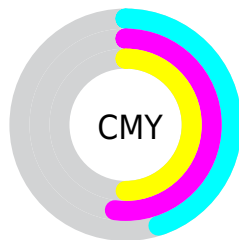
- Red (55%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 127.6530, -0.3219,  
9.9513

■ 127.6530, -0.3219,  
9.9513

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 102.3540, -0.1745,  
9.3365

■ 180.3650, -0.1799,  
11.0809

■ 78.3540, -0.1745,  
9.3365

■ 207.9520, -0.4693,  
10.5661

■ 55.6420, -0.3165,  
8.2070

■ 236.2510, -0.6167,  
11.1809

■ 34.3430, -0.1691,  
7.5922

■ 11.4790, 0.2569,  
10.9809

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

127.6530, -0.3219,  
9.9513

127.6530, -0.3219,  
9.9513

118.2950, -0.6384,  
18.1583

137.0110, -0.0054,  
1.7444

108.9370, -0.9549,  
26.3653

146.3690, 0.3111,  
-6.4626

99.6930, -0.8346,  
34.4722

155.6130, 0.1908,  
-14.5696

90.3350, -1.1512,  
42.6792

164.9710, 0.5073,  
-22.7766

81.5640, -1.7571,  
50.3714

174.3290, 0.8238,  
-30.9835

72.2060, -2.0736,  
58.5783

183.1000, 1.4297,  
-38.6757

62.8480, -2.3901,  
66.7853


192.4580, 1.7462,  
-46.8827

53.6040, -2.2698,

201.7020, 1.6259,

74.8923

-54.9897

 46.2350, -2.5809,  
81.3549

 211.0600, 1.9424,  
-63.1966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



127.2680, -3.0901, 11.1660

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



125.6210, -5.2362, -0.5446



125.1280, 5.8529, -10.6363

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



133.3470, 0.3219, -9.9513

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.2480, 3.8217, -12.4955



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



124.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



126.4260, -6.1260, 4.8884



124.0480, 0.4693, -10.5661



125.9760, 6.4208, -6.1180



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



127.1000, -4.9793, 10.4363



124.0480, 0.4693, -10.5661



124.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



176.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



127.5260, 5.6567, 5.6777



88.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



162.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992



128.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068



64.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



44.2130, -2.5700, 77.8662



1.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



162.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992



132.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



64.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



44.2130, -2.5700, 77.8662



1.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

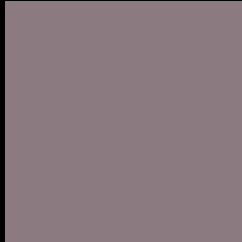
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.6530, -0.3219,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

### Protanopia

126.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296

### Deuteranopia

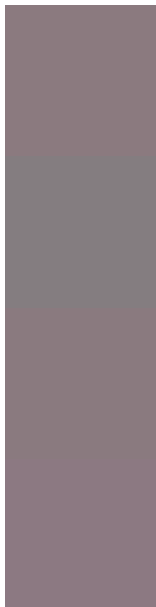
127.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365



## Tritanopia

127.8210, 1.5672, 10.6810

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

## Protanomaly

127.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035

## Deuteranomaly

127.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365

## Tritanomaly

127.7070, 1.1304, 10.7810

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

## Achromatopsia

128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

128.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 122, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 122, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 122, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 122, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 122, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 122, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 122, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 122, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 122, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 122,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 127.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 122, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
122, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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