

Converting Colors

YUV(127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(127.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D827D
RGB	125, 130, 125
RGB Percent	49%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.5098, 0.4902, 0.5098
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.04, 0.49
HSL	120°, 2%, 50%
HSV	120°, 4%, 51%
XYZ	20.1418, 21.8059, 22.5494
YIQ	127.9350, -1.3750, -2.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

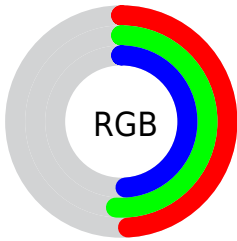
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 130, 130
Decimal	8225405
CIE Lab	53.82, -2.85, 2.05
CIE LCh	54, 3.515, 144.288
Yxy	21.8059, 0.3123, 0.3381
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286415485 (0xFF7D827D)
YUV	127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740
Hunter-Lab	46.6968, -4.7269, 4.0572

Details

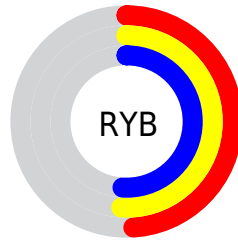
The YUV color $[127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[127.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740]$, and the grayscale version is $[128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[180.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740]$, and $[78.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[122.5660, -5.2090, -9.2664]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[133.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184]$.

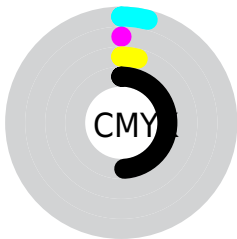
Distribution



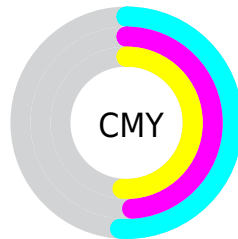
- Red (49%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 127.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 127.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 180.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 78.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 207.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 56.3480, -1.1576,
-2.0592

■ 236.5220, -1.7363,
-3.0888

■ 34.3480, -1.1576,
-2.0592

■ 12.5220, -1.7363,
-3.0888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 127.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 127.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 122.5660, -5.2090,
-9.2664

■ 133.3040, 2.3151,
4.1184

■ 117.1970, -8.9711,
-15.9588

■ 138.6730, 6.0772,
10.8108

■ 111.8280,
-12.7332, -22.6512

■ 144.0420, 9.8393,
17.5032

■ 106.4590,
-16.4953, -29.3435

■ 149.4110, 13.6014,
24.1956

■ 101.0900,
-20.2574, -36.0359

■ 154.7800, 17.3635,
30.8879

■ 95.7210, -24.0195,
-42.7283

■ 160.1490, 21.1255,
37.5803

■ 90.3520, -27.7815,
-49.4207


■ 165.5180, 24.8876,
44.2727


■ 84.9830, -31.5436,

■ 170.8870, 28.6497,

-56.1131

50.9651

 79.6140, -35.3057,
-62.8055

 176.2560, 32.4118,
57.6575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



127.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



128.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590



129.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



127.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



128.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



127.9500, 2.4896, -5.2182



129.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



128.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



127.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



129.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



129.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



167.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



129.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999



83.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



164.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



128.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739



62.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



75.1360, -37.0420, -65.8943



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



163.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184



126.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



61.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



52.8640, 37.0420, 65.8943



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

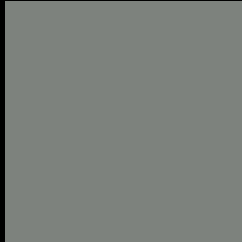
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

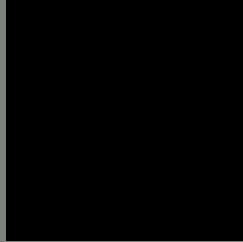
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 127.9350, -1.4470,

-2.5740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

Protanopia

128.7400, -2.3368, 2.8590

Deuteranopia

129.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660



Tritanopia

128.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146

Trichromacy



Original Color

127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

Protanomaly

128.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999

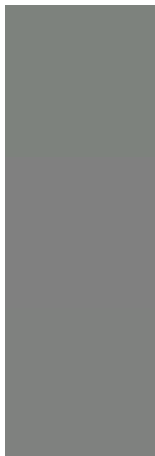
Deuteranomaly

128.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478

Tritanomaly

128.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442

Monochromacy



Original Color

127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

Achromatopsia

128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

128.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 130, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 130, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 130, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 130, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 130, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 130, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 130, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 130, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 130, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 130,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 127.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 130, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
130, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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