

Converting Colors

YUV(128.1740, -10.9318,
-40.4946)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(128.1740, -10.9318,
-40.4946)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 529C6A |
| RGB | 82, 156, 106 |
| RGB Percent | 32%, 61%, 42% |
| CMY | 0.6784, 0.3882, 0.5843 |
| CMYK | 0.47, 0.00, 0.32, 0.39 |
| HSL | 139°, 31%, 47% |
| HSV | 139°, 47%, 61% |
| XYZ | 17.9697, 26.6114, 17.8251 |
| YIQ | 128.1740, -28.0540, -31.2380 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

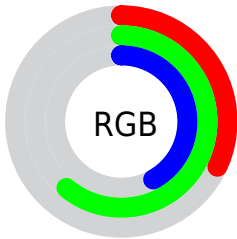
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 82, 138, 156 |
| Decimal | 5413994 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 58.61, -34.64, 19.23 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 59, 39.619, 150.957 |
| Yxy | 26.6114, 0.2879, 0.4264 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283604074 (0xFF529C6A) |
| YUV | 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.5862, -28.0968, 15.6233 |

Details

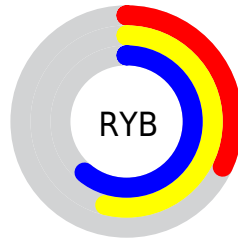
The YUV color **128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **109.8260, 10.9318, 40.4946**, and the grayscale version is **128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182.5330, -12.0948, -40.8094**, and **75.4340, -8.5950, -43.3536** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.1360, -13.3780, -49.2313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.2120, -8.4855, -31.7579**.

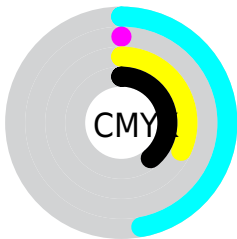
Distribution



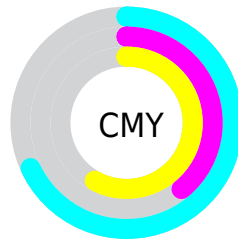
- Red (32%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 128.1740,
-10.9318, -40.4946

■ 128.1740,
-10.9318, -40.4946

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.1030, -9.9108,
-41.3093

■ 182.5330,
-12.0948, -40.8094

■ 75.4340, -8.5950,
-43.3536

■ 210.7070,
-12.6736, -41.8390

■ 50.4770, -7.1372,
-44.2683

■ 230.9620, -9.3483,
-35.0467

■ 34.5820, -9.6539,
-30.3284

■ 242.9390, -0.9559,
-20.1175

■ 21.1320, -10.4181,
-18.5328

■ 253.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.1740,
-10.9318, -40.4946

■ 128.1740,
-10.9318, -40.4946

■ 122.1360,
-13.3780, -49.2313

■ 134.2120, -8.4855,
-31.7579

■ 116.5110,
-15.5349, -57.4531

■ 139.8370, -6.3286,
-23.5360

■ 110.4730,
-17.9812, -66.1898

■ 145.8750, -3.8824,
-14.7994

■ 104.8480,
-20.1381, -74.4117

■ 151.5000, -1.7255,
-6.5775

■ 98.8100, -22.5843,
-83.1484

■ 157.5380, 0.7208,
2.1592

■ 97.3860, -22.8683,
-85.4075

■ 163.4620, 2.7302,
10.9958

■ 169.2010, 5.3239,
19.1177

■ 175.1250, 7.3334,

27.9544

■ 180.8640, 9.9270,
36.0763

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.2570, -26.7487, -7.2414



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



109.4070, 15.5753, -95.9499

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



134.1820, 37.3783, -42.2556



141.5850, -17.0504, 55.6150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



109.8260, 10.9318, 40.4946

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.7000, -1.3311, 53.7601



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



143.1660, 28.5122, 1.6084

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



112.7250, 43.5196, -98.8598



145.1180, 14.7318, 34.9765



140.2940, -29.2319, 42.7152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



112.1430, 26.0585, -98.3494



145.1180, 14.7318, 34.9765



142.2630, -11.9617, 56.7743

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



193.1630, -4.0244, -15.9290



140.6870, -28.9327, -6.7415



95.5490, -2.7357, -9.2515



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946



160.3100, -17.4078, -63.4159



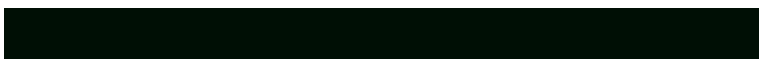
132.2780, 4.7929, -44.0938



76.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183



89.1850, -21.2902, -78.2152



9.3750, -2.1569, -8.2219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.8260, 10.9318, 40.4946



131.5760, 16.9710, 63.5158



105.7220, -4.7929, 44.0938



73.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



53.7010, 20.8534, 78.3152



5.6250, 2.1569, 8.2219

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

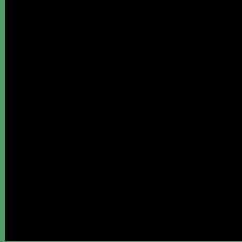
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946

Protanopia

138.6150, -19.5302, 10.8616

Deuteranopia

140.9350, -14.7580, 20.2280



Tritanopia

134.2220, 13.2016, -34.3977

Trichromacy



Original Color

128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946

Protanomaly

135.0040, -16.2710, -7.8965

Deuteranomaly

136.4330, -13.5245, -2.1337

Tritanomaly

132.2080, 4.3345, -37.0164

Monochromacy



Original Color

128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946

Achromatopsia

128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

127.8750, -3.8824, -14.7994

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 156, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 156, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 156, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 156, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 156, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 156, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 156, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 156, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 156, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 156,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 128.1740, -10.9318, -40.4946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 156, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 156,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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