

# Converting Colors

YUV(128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32A0AD
RGB	50, 160, 173
RGB Percent	20%, 63%, 68%
CMY	0.8039, 0.3725, 0.3216
CMYK	0.71, 0.08, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	186°, 55%, 44%
HSV	186°, 71%, 68%
XYZ	21.4290, 28.8369, 43.9718
YIQ	128.5920, -69.7330, -19.2770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

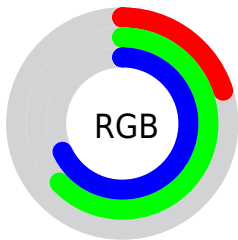
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	50, 108, 173
Decimal	3317933
CIELab	60.64, -26.02, -15.70
CIELCh	61, 30.387, 211.106
Yxy	28.8369, 0.2274, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281508013 (0xFF32A0AD)
YUV	128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252
Hunter-Lab	53.7000, -22.7443, -10.9592

# Details

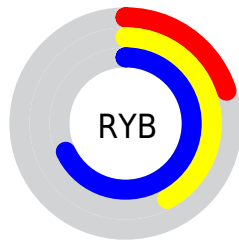
The YUV color **128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **94.4080, -21.8931, 68.9252**, and the grayscale version is **128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186.2830, 20.5665, -63.3922**, and **77.1900, 21.5983, -67.6956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.3350, 24.9778, -78.3468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.8490, 18.8084, -59.5036**.

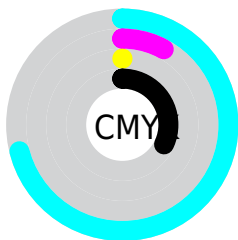
# Distribution



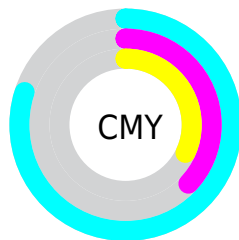
- Red (20%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252

■ 128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 95.3020, 24.9941,  
-83.5799

■ 186.2830, 20.5665,  
-63.3922

■ 77.1900, 21.5983,  
-67.6956

■ 215.0550, 19.6929,  
-63.1922

■ 59.6650, 17.9132,  
-52.3262

■ 230.4820, 12.0874,  
-50.4117

■ 43.4280, 14.0860,  
-38.0864

■ 239.1530, 7.8126,  
-32.5832

■ 28.0060, 10.8430,  
-24.5613

■ 248.1230, 3.3904,  
-14.1399

■ 6.8280, 10.9308,  
-5.9882

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252

■ 128.5920, 21.8931,  
-68.9252

■ 122.3350, 24.9778,  
-78.3468

■ 134.8490, 18.8084,  
-59.5036

■ 115.7790, 28.2100,  
-88.3832

■ 141.4050, 15.5763,  
-49.4672

■ 110.7070, 30.7104,  
-97.0900

■ 147.0750, 12.7810,  
-39.5308

■ 153.3320, 9.6963,  
-30.1092

■ 159.8880, 6.4642,  
-20.0728

■ 166.1450, 3.3795,  
-10.6512

■ 172.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 178.6590, -2.7899,  
8.1921

■ 184.6280, -5.7326,  
18.7432

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.3800, 6.7147, -53.8303



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



134.0910, 28.5491, -57.0848

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



150.1510, 11.2646, 27.0546



144.3400, -25.8036, 16.3648

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



94.4080, -21.8931, 68.9252

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.8460, -23.0951, 34.3381



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



149.5090, -1.7299, 41.6496

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



148.6300, 21.3814, 2.0785



148.0180, -13.8129, 43.8342



141.5760, -20.4970, -5.7672



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



140.0270, 29.0737, -38.6117



148.0180, -13.8129, 43.8342



145.3840, -25.8253, 23.3422

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



207.0120, 8.3751, -26.3205



123.5690, -30.3535, -64.5200



101.8670, 4.9956, -15.6694



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252



155.4500, 33.7952, -106.5116



92.7850, 39.5460, -37.5224



83.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182



96.3450, 26.4519, -84.4946



14.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.3170, 29.9167, 64.6200



110.1900, 46.2483, 99.8114



130.2150, -39.5460, 37.5224



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



60.2400, 36.8567, 78.7195



9.2710, 5.7824, 12.0403



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252.



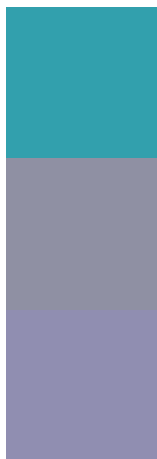
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252

### Protanopia

145.8670, 8.4466, -2.5144

### Deuteranopia

146.5880, 14.9931, -2.2697



## Tritanopia

128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252

## Protanomaly

139.6790, 13.4693, -26.9055

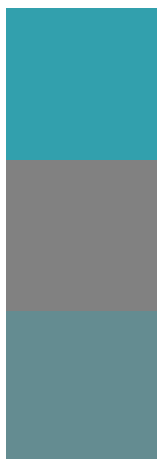
## Deuteranomaly

140.4170, 17.5424, -26.6757

## Tritanomaly

128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252

## Achromatopsia

129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

128.6100, 8.0803, -25.0910

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 160, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 160, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 160, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 160, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 160, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 160, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 160, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 160, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 160, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 160,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 128.5920, 21.8931, -68.9252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 160, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 160,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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