

# Converting Colors

YUV(128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E5FE2
RGB	158, 95, 226
RGB Percent	62%, 37%, 89%
CMY	0.3804, 0.6275, 0.1137
CMYK	0.30, 0.58, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	269°, 69%, 63%
HSV	269°, 58%, 89%
XYZ	31.9202, 20.9445, 74.3118
YIQ	128.7710, -4.5030, 54.0970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

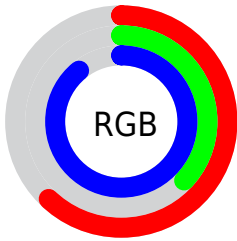
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	158, 95, 226
Decimal	10379234
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.89, 50.61, -57.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 76.462, 311.447
Yxy	20.9445, 0.2510, 0.1647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288569314 (0xFF9E5FE2)
YUV	128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338
Hunter-Lab	45.7652, 44.4109, -64.2373

# Details

The YUV color **128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **192.2290, -47.9339, -25.6338**, and the grayscale version is **128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180.5300, 36.7137, 31.1072**, and **75.7060, 46.4869, 23.0598** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.6820, 56.3588, 30.0969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.8600, 39.5090, 21.1708**.

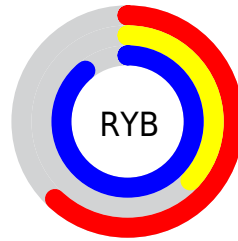
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (37%)

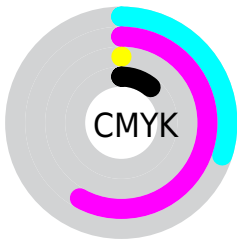
Blue (89%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (89%)

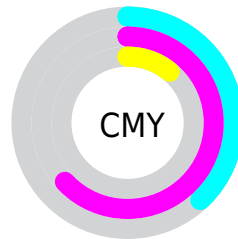


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338

128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

101.9450, 47.3551,  
24.6042

180.5300, 36.7137,  
31.1072

75.7060, 46.4869,  
23.0598

205.0500, 24.6254,  
35.0362

47.2330, 47.2131,  
23.4747

224.4760, 15.0483,  
26.7695

26.3800, 44.1827,  
15.4527

241.4990, 6.6560,  
11.8404

12.7660, 38.5694,  
-4.1798

7.6380, 29.2655,  
-6.6985

6.6630, 17.9141,

-5.8435

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,  
-2.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338

■ 128.7710, 47.9339,  
25.6338

■ 111.6820, 56.3588,  
30.0969

■ 145.8600, 39.5090,  
21.1708

■ 95.4790, 64.3469,  
34.6599

■ 162.0630, 31.5209,  
16.6077

■ 78.3900, 72.7717,  
39.1230

■ 179.1520, 23.0961,  
12.1447

■ 61.8880, 80.9072,  
43.0712

■ 195.6540, 14.9606,  
8.1964

■ 58.3550, 82.6490,  
44.4157

■ 212.7430, 6.5357,  
3.7334

■ 229.5330, -1.7418,  
-1.3444

■ 246.0350, -9.8773,  
-5.2927

■ 250.7970,  
-12.2249, 1.0550

■ 251.6940,  
-12.6671, 2.8994

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.0320, 74.9202, -90.3591



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



117.7440, 25.7622, 90.5555

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



119.0100, -58.6719, 58.7502



108.1990, 21.1009, -94.8905

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



192.2290, -47.9339, -25.6338

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.4580, -8.6068, -86.3477



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



115.7670, -57.0731, 12.4823

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



114.6860, -36.8202, 96.7454



99.7660, -49.1846, -44.5218



114.0930, 48.7612, -100.0596



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



107.2450, 9.2462, 114.6721



99.7660, -49.1846, -44.5218



104.9900, 11.3439, -92.0762

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



222.8820, 15.8342, 7.9965



151.0240, 36.9632, -49.1330



108.5520, 9.5879, 4.7779



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



122.7070, 65.2204, 34.4600



147.9070, 38.4998, 64.9796



103.7490, 4.0677, 1.9741



45.4790, 64.3469, 34.6599



12.3490, 17.5759, 9.3409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141.9210, 10.3919, 73.7373



140.7100, 13.9470, 100.2323



173.0930, -38.4998, -64.9796



104.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



62.9980, 13.8050, 99.1028

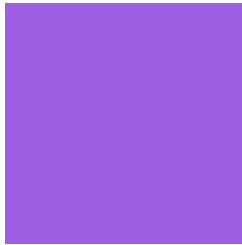


17.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

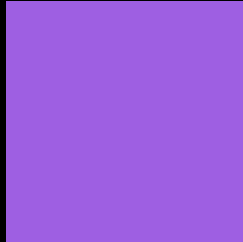
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338.

25.6338.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338

### Protanopia

110.7360, 70.6292, -67.2975

### Deuteranopia

115.6500, 50.9515, -55.8211



## Tritanopia

127.7070, 1.1304, 10.7810

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



## Protanomaly

117.1810, 62.5218, -33.4847



## Deuteranomaly

120.6090, 49.9858, -25.9671



## Tritanomaly

128.5070, 17.9910, 16.2184

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338



## Achromatopsia

129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

129.2350, 17.1391, 9.4409

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 95, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(158, 95, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 95, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 95, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 95, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 95, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 95, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 95, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 95, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 95,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 128.7710, 47.9339, 25.6338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 95, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 95,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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