

Converting Colors

YUV(13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(13.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	140B08
RGB	20, 11, 8
RGB Percent	8%, 4%, 3%
CMY	0.9216, 0.9569, 0.9686
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.60, 0.92
HSL	15°, 43%, 5%
HSV	15°, 60%, 8%
XYZ	0.4520, 0.4056, 0.2842
YIQ	13.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

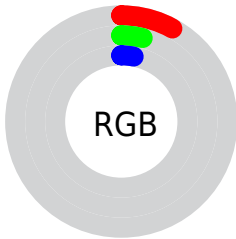
Format	Color
RYB	20, 12, 8
Decimal	1313544
CIELab	3.66, 2.72, 2.25
CIELCh	4, 3.534, 39.586
Yxy	0.4056, 0.3959, 0.3552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279503624 (0xFF140B08)
YUV	13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329
Hunter-Lab	6.3687, 1.5232, 1.8123

Details

The YUV color **13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **14.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329**, and the grayscale version is **13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034**.

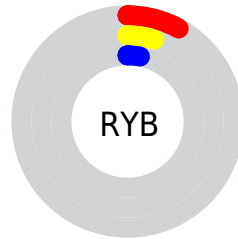
Distribution



Red (8%)

Green (4%)

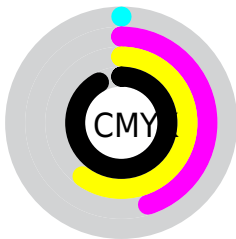
Blue (3%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (3%)

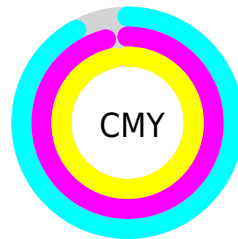


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (92%)



Cyan (92%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 13.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 237.4630, -2.2003,
5.7329

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.8650, -1.9054,
4.5034

■ 79.8650, -1.9054,
4.5034

■ 103.8650, -1.9054,
4.5034

■ 129.0500, -2.4896,
5.2182

■ 154.4630, -2.2003,
5.7329

■ 181.4630, -2.2003,

5.7329

■ 209.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 13.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 13.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 12.5340, -3.2213,
6.5477

■ 14.7510, -2.3422,
4.6034

■ 11.1320, -3.5161,
7.7772

■ 15.5660, -1.7580,
3.8886

■ 9.7300, -3.8109,
9.0068

■ 16.9680, -1.4632,
2.6591

■ 8.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215

■ 17.7830, -0.8790,
1.9443

■ 19.1850, -0.5842,
0.7148

■ 20.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 20.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 22.2170, 0.8790,
-1.9443

■ 23.6190, 1.1738,
-3.1739

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



12.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



11.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



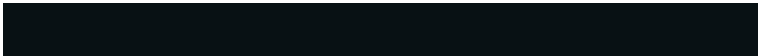
13.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



14.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



11.5970, 1.1847, -6.6626

Square

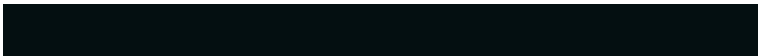
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



12.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



11.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



13.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



12.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442



11.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



12.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



23.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591



12.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775



11.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



15.6160, -4.2477, 9.1068



16.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441



9.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



32.6920, -16.1172, 36.2271



89.4490, -44.0984, 97.8302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329



17.3840, 4.2477, -9.1068



11.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



9.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



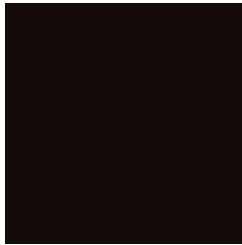
40.7210, 16.4065, -35.7123



111.5510, 44.0984, -97.8302

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

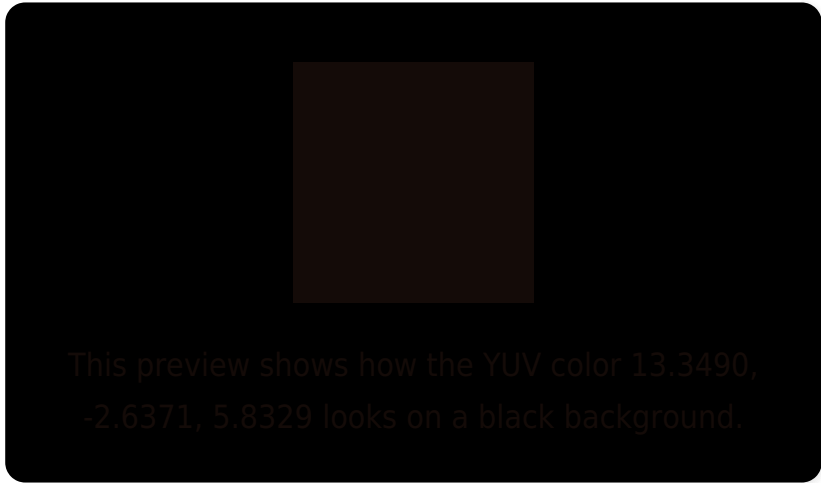
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

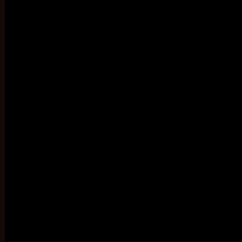
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 13.3490, -2.6371,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329

Protanopia

13.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295

Deuteranopia

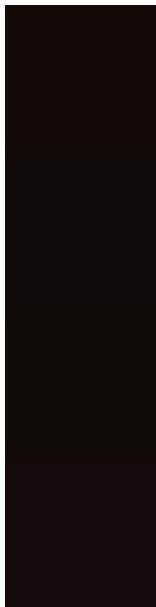
13.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



Tritanopia

13.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329

Protanomaly

13.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738

Deuteranomaly

13.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

Tritanomaly

13.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329

Achromatopsia

13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

13.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 11, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 11, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 11, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 11, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 11, 8) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 11, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 11, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 11, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 11, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 11, 8) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 13.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 11, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 11,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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