

Converting Colors

YUV(13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(13.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19080B
RGB	25, 8, 11
RGB Percent	10%, 3%, 4%
CMY	0.9020, 0.9686, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.56, 0.90
HSL	349°, 52%, 6%
HSV	349°, 68%, 10%
XYZ	0.5481, 0.4045, 0.3658
YIQ	13.4250, 9.1690, 4.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

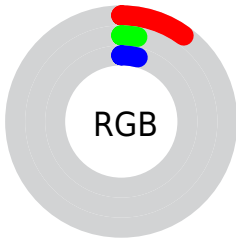
Format	Color
RYB	25, 8, 11
Decimal	1640459
CIELab	3.65, 6.70, 1.07
CIELCh	4, 6.789, 9.047
Yxy	0.4045, 0.4158, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279830539 (0xFF19080B)
YUV	13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513
Hunter-Lab	6.3600, 4.2540, 1.0420

Details

The YUV color **13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **19.5750, 1.1955, -10.1513**, and the grayscale version is **13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.4140, -1.1901, 8.4069**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4140, -1.1901, 8.4069**.

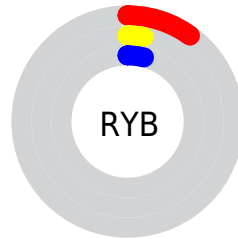
Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (3%)

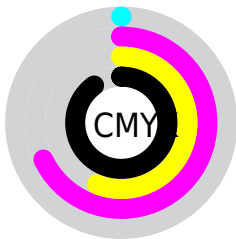
Blue (4%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (3%)

Blue (4%)

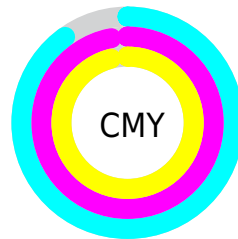


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (90%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 13.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 238.0230, -1.4903,
11.3808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.4140, -1.1901,
8.4069

■ 80.1260, -1.0481,
9.5365

■ 104.1260, -1.0481,
9.5365

■ 129.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 155.3110, -1.6323,
10.2513

■ 182.3110, -1.6323,

10.2513

■ 209.7240, -1.3429,
10.7661

■ 13.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 13.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 12.0230, -1.4903,
11.3808

■ 15.4140, -1.1901,
8.4069

■ 10.0340, -1.4958,
13.1252

■ 16.8160, -0.8953,
7.1774

■ 8.6320, -1.7906,
14.3547

■ 18.8050, -0.8899,
5.4330

■ 7.9310, -1.9380,
14.9695

■ 20.2070, -0.5951,
4.2035

■ 22.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 23.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 25.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 26.9890, 0.0054,
-1.7444

■ 29.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



13.1000, -4.9793, 10.4363

Triad

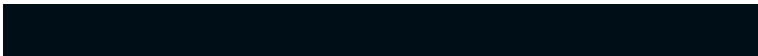
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



11.1970, -5.5201, -2.8038



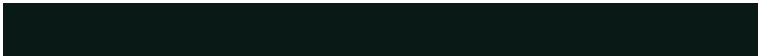
11.4270, 5.7055, -10.0215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



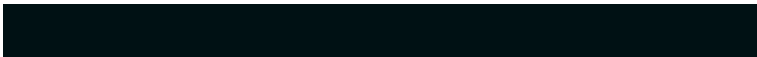
13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



19.5750, 1.1955, -10.1513

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



10.7770, -1.8621, -9.4514

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



12.7140, -6.2680, 3.7588



11.6890, 1.6323, -10.2513



12.7590, 5.5418, -4.1736

Rectangle

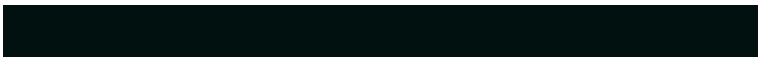
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



12.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919



11.6890, 1.6323, -10.2513



12.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



28.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



14.1240, 5.3619, 6.9073



15.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



14.6430, -1.7960, 16.0991



16.0180, -3.9529, 7.8772



11.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



24.5050, -5.6720, 46.0381



65.1000, -14.3463, 121.8153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



14.6430, -1.7960, 16.0991



16.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772



11.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



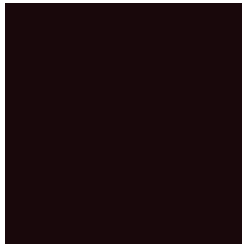
24.5050, -5.6720, 46.0381



65.1000, -14.3463, 121.8153

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

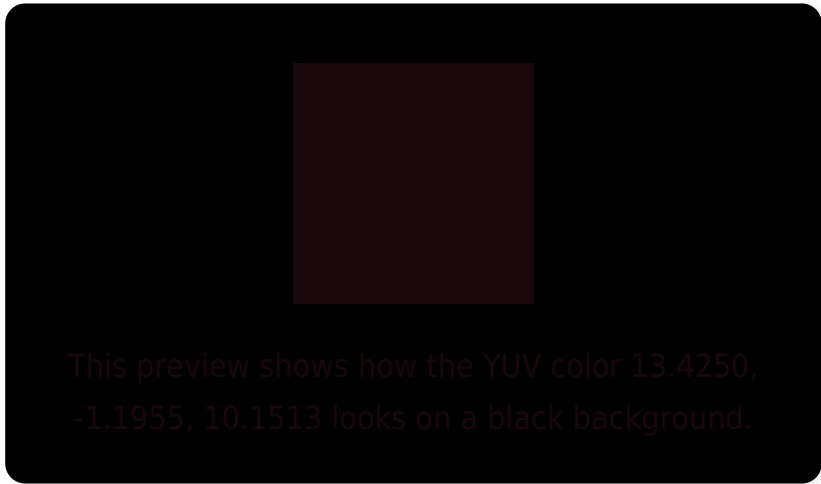
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

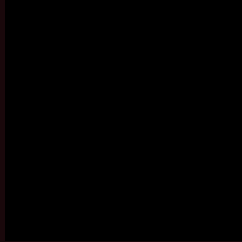
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513.

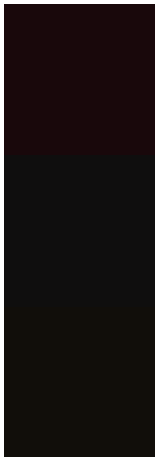


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 13.4250, -1.1955,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

Protanopia

14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

Deuteranopia

14.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442



Tritanopia

13.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

Protanomaly

14.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035

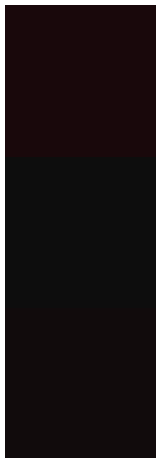
Deuteranomaly

14.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182

Tritanomaly

13.3110, -1.6323, 10.2513

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

Achromatopsia

13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

12.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 8, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 8, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 8, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 8, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 8, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 8, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 8, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 8, 11); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 8, 11); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 8, 11) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 13.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 8, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 8,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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