

# Converting Colors

YUV(130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	478CEB
RGB	71, 140, 235
RGB Percent	28%, 55%, 92%
CMY	0.7216, 0.4510, 0.0784
CMYK	0.70, 0.40, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	215°, 80%, 60%
HSV	215°, 70%, 92%
XYZ	26.9720, 26.0939, 82.2123
YIQ	130.1990, -71.6190, 14.9170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

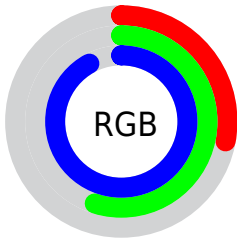
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	71, 120, 235
Decimal	4689131
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.13, 9.06, -54.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 55.066, 279.471
Yxy	26.0939, 0.1994, 0.1929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282879211 (0xFF478CEB)
YUV	130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175
Hunter-Lab	51.0822, 4.8563, -59.6645

# Details

The YUV color **130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **175.8010, -51.6669, 51.9175**, and the grayscale version is **130.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183.0250, 35.4837, -41.2409**, and **73.8230, 51.8523, -64.7428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.1040, 59.1087, -58.8502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.2940, 44.2251, -44.9848**.

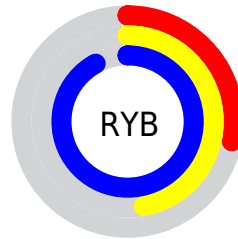
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (55%)

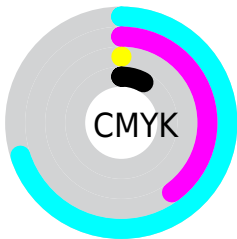
Blue (92%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (92%)

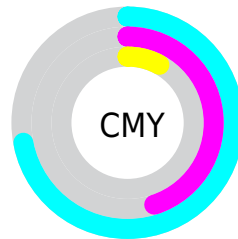


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175

■ 130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 98.1650, 53.1627,  
-65.0427

■ 183.0250, 35.4837,  
-41.2409

■ 73.8230, 51.8523,  
-64.7428

■ 208.7300, 22.8111,  
-36.5972

■ 57.1300, 46.2779,  
-50.1030

■ 234.1360, 10.2860,  
-32.5683

■ 41.8390, 40.9984,  
-36.6928

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

■ 27.1350, 35.4294,  
-23.7974

■ 13.2460, 30.4447,  
-11.6167

■ 8.1620, 21.1191,

-7.1581

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175

■ 130.1990, 51.6669,  
-51.9175

■ 115.1040, 59.1087,  
-58.8502

■ 145.2940, 44.2251,  
-44.9848

■ 100.2970, 66.4086,  
-66.9125

■ 160.1010, 36.9252,  
-36.9226

■ 84.9030, 73.9978,  
-74.4599

■ 175.1960, 29.4834,  
-29.9899

■ 190.0030, 22.1835,  
-21.9276

■ 205.0980, 14.7417,  
-14.9949

■ 220.4920, 7.1524,  
-7.4475

■ 235.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 249.1980, -6.9996,  
5.0884

■ 252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116.6180, 55.8973, -102.2740



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



143.3880, 35.3047, 16.3227

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



137.2360, -27.7243, 72.5840



106.3630, -1.1650, -93.2804

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



175.8010, -51.6669, 51.9175

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.8390, -32.9516, -24.4148



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



136.0270, -44.3833, 49.0883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



138.3010, -6.0644, 78.6660



132.4930, -48.0640, 16.2306



113.2370, 20.0962, -99.3088



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



143.2580, 22.5508, 47.1317



132.4930, -48.0640, 16.2306



117.1190, -14.3557, -62.3714

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



220.6570, 16.9311, -17.2392



177.8700, -6.8379, -93.7250



107.2790, 10.2155, -9.8917



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



118.2260, 67.4296, -67.7272



92.9850, 70.0134, -9.6338



110.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



65.2460, 57.0667, -57.2207



19.6570, 16.9311, -17.2392



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.9020, 5.9643, 93.9249



115.2460, 7.7667, 122.5643



213.0150, -70.0134, 9.6338



109.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



62.7830, 6.5160, 103.6763

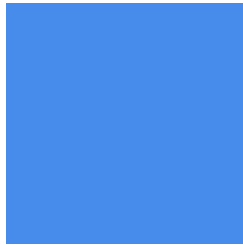


18.7680, 2.0864, 30.8985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

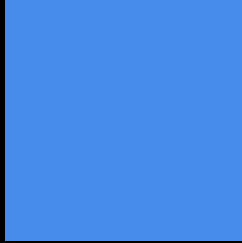
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

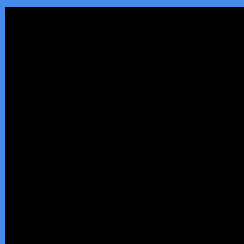
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

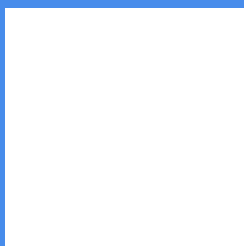
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175.

-51.9175.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175

### Protanopia

136.0660, 46.8025, -31.6299

### Deuteranopia

129.9000, 51.8143, -52.5323



## Tritanopia

109.4360, 28.3791, -95.9754

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175

## Protanomaly

133.4780, 48.5713, -39.0072

## Deuteranomaly

129.9000, 51.8143, -52.5323

## Tritanomaly

117.1250, 36.9134, -79.9166

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175

## Achromatopsia

130.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

130.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 140, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 140, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 140, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 140, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 140, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 140, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 140, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 140, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 140, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 140,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 140, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 140,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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