

# Converting Colors

YUV(130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3A9AC7
RGB	58, 154, 199
RGB Percent	23%, 60%, 78%
CMY	0.7725, 0.3961, 0.2196
CMYK	0.71, 0.23, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	199°, 56%, 50%
HSV	199°, 71%, 78%
XYZ	23.6093, 28.1343, 58.2189
YIQ	130.4260, -71.6610, -6.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

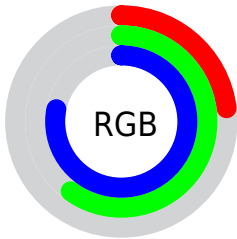
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	58, 115, 199
Decimal	3840711
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.01, -13.32, -31.28
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 33.998, 246.928
Yxy	28.1343, 0.2147, 0.2559
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282030791 (0xFF3A9AC7)
YUV	130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176
Hunter-Lab	53.0417, -13.3712, -27.9478

# Details

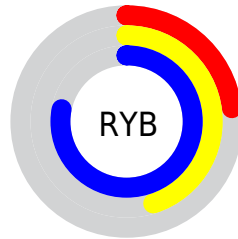
The YUV color **130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **126.5740, -33.8070, 63.5176**, and the grayscale version is **130.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.6440, 33.2065, -57.5698**, and **76.9910, 33.5284, -67.5211** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.9240, 38.4915, -72.7243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139.9280, 29.1225, -54.3109**.

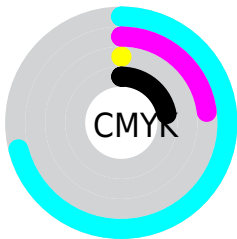
# Distribution



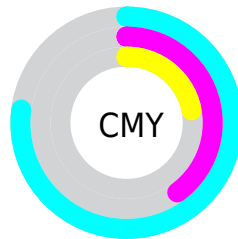
- Red (23%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176

■ 130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 95.6410, 37.6450,  
-81.2462

■ 187.6440, 33.2065,  
-57.5698

■ 76.9910, 33.5284,  
-67.5211

■ 213.6370, 20.3920,  
-54.0556

■ 59.9390, 29.1171,  
-52.5665

■ 232.8740, 10.9081,  
-45.4935

■ 43.5880, 24.8531,  
-38.2267

■ 241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

■ 28.5250, 20.4472,  
-25.0164

■ 250.8140, 2.0637,  
-8.6069

■ 7.8200, 19.8087,  
-6.8581

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,

-3.1142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176

■ 130.4260, 33.8070,  
-63.5176

■ 120.9240, 38.4915,  
-72.7243

■ 139.9280, 29.1225,  
-54.3109

■ 110.8350, 43.4653,  
-81.4163

■ 150.0170, 24.1486,  
-45.6189

■ 101.9310, 47.8550,  
-89.3935

■ 159.5190, 19.4641,  
-36.4122

■ 169.0210, 14.7796,  
-27.2054

■ 179.1100, 9.8058,  
-18.5135

■ 188.3130, 5.2687,  
-9.9215

■ 197.8150, 0.5842,  
-0.7148

■ 207.9040, -4.3897,  
7.9772

■ 217.4060, -9.0742,  
17.1839

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.8530, 32.6105, -99.8491



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



141.8590, 30.6355, -26.1863

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



147.2710, -4.0776, 47.9973



138.1300, -20.7701, -11.5150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



126.5740, -33.8070, 63.5176

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.6340, -28.4136, 13.4760



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



145.7150, -17.6075, 47.6079

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



148.8530, 9.9325, 34.3319



144.5210, -26.8789, 34.6231



133.3250, -6.5692, -39.7500



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



146.6340, 25.3234, -2.3100



144.5210, -26.8789, 34.6231



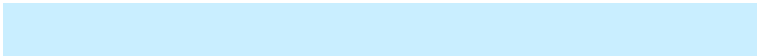
139.8600, -24.5810, -2.5082

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



228.8750, 12.8796, -24.4464



145.8970, -21.1482, -77.0857



111.9750, 7.9003, -14.0101



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176



149.6140, 51.9553, -97.8855



89.3360, 54.0644, -27.4817



94.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886



83.7390, 39.0757, -73.4391



18.1920, 8.7793, -15.9544



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.1030, 21.1482, 77.0857



119.7550, 32.6588, 118.6099



167.6640, -54.0644, 27.4817



93.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



61.3910, 24.4572, 89.1111



13.5000, 5.1765, 19.7325



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

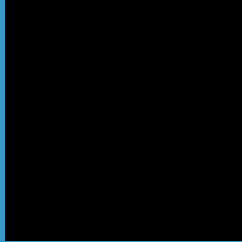
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176

### Protanopia

144.1830, 22.5878, -11.5615

### Deuteranopia

143.1590, 29.0086, -17.6794



## Tritanopia

124.3030, 23.5146, -75.6877

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176

## Protanomaly

138.8000, 26.7206, -30.5196

## Deuteranomaly

138.2170, 30.9520, -34.3933

## Tritanomaly

126.3620, 27.4295, -71.3545

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176

## Achromatopsia

130.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

130.3590, 12.1480, -23.1168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 154, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 154, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 154, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 154, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 154, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 154, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 154, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 154, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 154, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 154,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 130.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 154, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 154,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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