

# Converting Colors

YUV(130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(130.5640, 45.0779,  
8.2754)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C6CDE
RGB	140, 108, 222
RGB Percent	55%, 42%, 87%
CMY	0.4510, 0.5765, 0.1294
CMYK	0.37, 0.51, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	257°, 63%, 65%
HSV	257°, 51%, 87%
XYZ	29.3626, 21.5745, 71.7240
YIQ	130.5640, -17.5220, 42.2380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

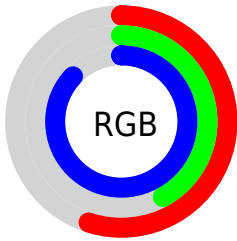
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">140, 108, 222</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9202910</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.57, 38.12, -54.07</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">54, 66.155, 305.187</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.5745, 0.2394, 0.1759</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287392990 (0xFF8C6CDE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">46.4484, 31.5552, -59.0397</a>

# Details

The YUV color **130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **199.4360, -45.0779, -8.2754**, and the grayscale version is **130.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181.8930, 36.0418, 13.2488**, and **78.6730, 43.0522, 4.6718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.8660, 53.8031, 9.7645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148.2620, 36.3528, 6.7862**.

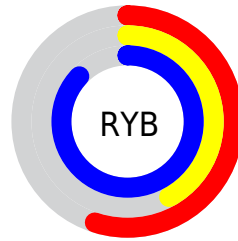
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (42%)

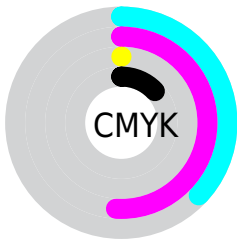
Blue (87%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (87%)

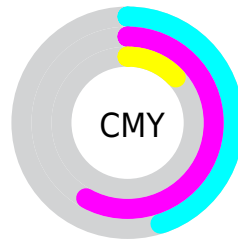


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



130.5640, 45.0779,  
8.2754

130.5640, 45.0779,  
8.2754

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

104.3250, 44.2098,  
6.7310

181.8930, 36.0418,  
13.2488

78.6730, 43.0522,  
4.6718

206.4130, 23.9534,  
17.1778

53.4230, 42.1895,  
1.3830

231.5200, 11.5756,  
20.5920

26.7920, 42.5005,  
-5.0796

248.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628

10.0320, 38.4382,  
-8.7981

7.2960, 27.9551,  
-6.3986

6.4350, 17.0405,

-5.6435

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.5640, 45.0779,  
8.2754

■ 130.5640, 45.0779,  
8.2754

■ 112.8660, 53.8031,  
9.7645

■ 148.2620, 36.3528,  
6.7862

■ 95.1680, 62.5282,  
11.2537

■ 165.9600, 27.6277,  
5.2971

■ 76.8830, 71.5427,  
13.2576

■ 184.2450, 18.6132,  
3.2931

■ 59.1850, 80.2678,  
14.7468

■ 201.9430, 9.8881,  
1.8040

■ 43.8460, 87.8299,  
15.9211

■ 219.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 237.3390, -7.5621,  
-1.1743

■ 250.3410,  
-13.9721, 1.4549

■ 251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.0720, 67.5055, -92.1481



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



127.8350, 24.2383, 65.9197

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



120.6020, -56.4988, 61.7390



106.0160, 15.2751, -92.9760

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



199.4360, -45.0779, -8.2754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.4150, -10.0646, -85.4330



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



119.0780, -58.7055, 22.7336

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



120.4490, -27.3364, 88.1832



111.0660, -47.3605, -22.8599



111.8130, 40.0252, -98.0600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



121.3790, 9.1802, 89.1216



111.0660, -47.3605, -22.8599



103.1490, 6.8285, -90.4617

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



224.3220, 15.1243, 2.3486



170.3040, 25.4861, -54.6406



109.4160, 9.1619, 1.3892



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754



128.1680, 62.5282, 11.2537



147.0090, 36.9706, 42.0881



103.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446



34.7150, 69.6535, 12.5279



9.6580, 18.9026, 3.8079



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151.4340, 19.0130, 61.8864



157.2380, 26.5047, 85.7373



182.9910, -36.9706, -42.0881



105.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627



67.1020, 29.5297, 95.5035

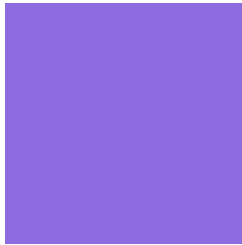


18.3420, 8.2124, 26.0101



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

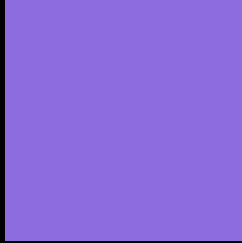
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

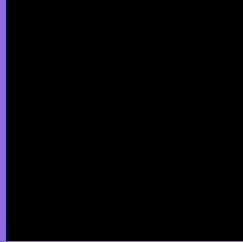
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754

### Protanopia

120.2520, 58.0498, -45.8250

### Deuteranopia

119.2980, 48.1671, -49.3733



## Tritanopia

127.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754

## Protanomaly

123.8200, 53.3327, -26.1521

## Deuteranomaly

123.2020, 47.2284, -28.2412

## Tritanomaly

128.8640, 19.7870, 0.1193

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754

## Achromatopsia

131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

130.9630, 16.2872, 2.6634

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 108, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 108, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 108, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 108, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 108, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 108, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 108, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 108, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 108, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 108,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 130.5640, 45.0779, 8.2754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 108, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
108, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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