

# Converting Colors

YUV(130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(130.8140, 25.7277,  
8.0561)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C74B7
RGB	140, 116, 183
RGB Percent	55%, 45%, 72%
CMY	0.4510, 0.5451, 0.2824
CMYK	0.23, 0.37, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	261°, 32%, 59%
HSV	261°, 37%, 72%
XYZ	25.6079, 21.4851, 47.5971
YIQ	130.8140, -7.2030, 25.9250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

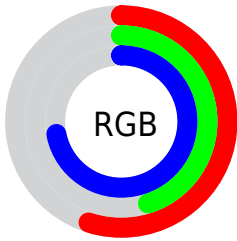
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 116, 183
Decimal	9204919
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.48, 23.47, -32.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 39.684, 306.254
Yxy	21.4851, 0.2704, 0.2269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287394999 (0xFF8C74B7)
YUV	130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561
Hunter-Lab	46.3521, 17.4988, -28.4361

# Details

The YUV color **130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **168.1860, -25.7277, -8.0561**, and the grayscale version is **131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184.1670, 27.0327, 9.5005**, and **80.4610, 24.4227, 6.6117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.6600, 32.7056, 9.9452**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.9680, 18.7498, 6.1671**.

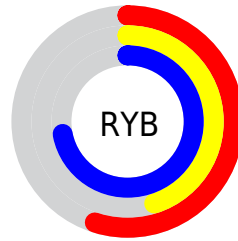
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (45%)

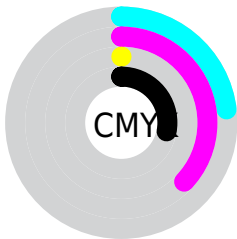
Blue (72%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (72%)

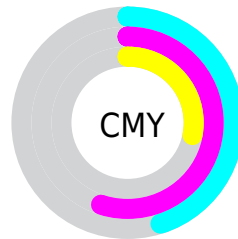


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 130.8140, 25.7277,  
8.0561

■ 130.8140, 25.7277,  
8.0561

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 105.2870, 25.0015,  
7.6413

■ 184.1670, 27.0327,  
9.5005

■ 80.4610, 24.4227,  
6.6117

■ 210.7990, 21.7911,  
10.7003

■ 57.1080, 23.1178,  
5.1673

■ 235.9060, 9.4133,  
14.1144

■ 34.8690, 22.2496,  
3.6229

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 11.5810, 22.3916,  
4.7525

■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 1.0260, 3.9312,

-0.8998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.8140, 25.7277,  
8.0561

■ 130.8140, 25.7277,  
8.0561

■ 116.6600, 32.7056,  
9.9452

■ 144.9680, 18.7498,  
6.1671

■ 102.2180, 39.8255,  
12.9638

■ 159.4100, 11.6299,  
3.1484

■ 88.0640, 46.8034,  
14.8529

■ 173.5640, 4.6519,  
1.2594

■ 73.9100, 53.7814,  
16.7419

■ 187.7180, -2.3260,  
-0.6297

■ 59.1690, 61.0487,  
19.1458

■ 202.4590, -9.5933,  
-3.0335

45.3140, 67.8792,  
21.6496

216.3140,  
-16.4238, -5.5374

40.5960, 70.2052,  
22.2793

230.4680,  
-23.4017, -7.4264

240.5130,  
-28.3539, -5.7119

244.1010,  
-30.1228, 1.6654

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122.8840, 36.0462, -34.9783



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



131.4560, 12.1002, 39.0651

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



126.3320, -30.2367, 38.2968



100.3910, 16.5692, -88.0429

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



168.1860, -25.7277, -8.0561

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.5690, -6.6895, -47.8570



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



123.9070, -32.4922, 14.9906

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



127.7050, -19.0816, 53.7557



119.9080, -24.1116, -13.0743



103.5660, 31.2730, -90.8274



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



130.0740, 1.4425, 50.8011



119.9080, -24.1116, -13.0743



99.0230, 11.3277, -86.8432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



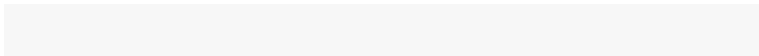
216.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336



149.4660, 16.5323, -29.3497



107.6180, 6.1043, 2.0890



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561



155.9190, 39.9729, 12.3490



140.6810, 20.8633, 28.3438



84.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



34.5280, 59.8857, 18.8309



6.1820, 10.7563, 3.3484



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140.9350, 8.9060, 36.8910



171.7340, 13.9351, 57.2383



158.3190, -20.8633, -28.3438



86.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



58.0440, 20.6843, 85.9074



10.4240, 3.7350, 15.4142



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

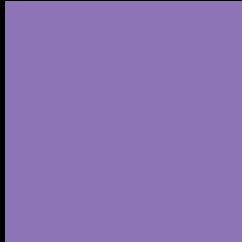
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

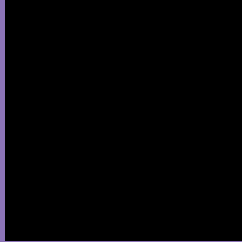
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561

### Protanopia

127.4300, 31.3400, -18.7941

### Deuteranopia

127.7740, 26.2404, -16.4648



## Tritanopia

128.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561

## Protanomaly

128.3280, 29.4183, -9.0577

## Deuteranomaly

128.8290, 26.2133, -7.7430

## Tritanomaly

129.1220, 11.7719, 4.2780

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561

## Achromatopsia

131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

131.1280, 9.3039, 2.5187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 116, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 116, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 116, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 116, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 116, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 116, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 116, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 116, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 116, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 116,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 130.8140, 25.7277, 8.0561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 116, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
116, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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