

# Converting Colors

YUV(131.1370, -54.7905,  
27.0669)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(131.1370, -54.7905,  
27.0669)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A28914
RGB	162, 137, 20
RGB Percent	64%, 54%, 8%
CMY	0.3647, 0.4627, 0.9216
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.88, 0.36
HSL	49°, 78%, 36%
HSV	49°, 88%, 64%
XYZ	23.9722, 25.6232, 4.3441
YIQ	131.1370, 52.4570, -31.0870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

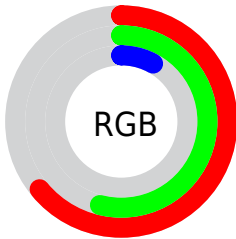
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	50, 162, 20
Decimal	10651924
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.68, -1.67, 58.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 58.714, 91.629
Yxy	25.6232, 0.4444, 0.4750
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288842004 (0xFFA28914)
YUV	131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669
Hunter-Lab	50.6194, -4.0502, 30.3453

# Details

The YUV color **131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **50.8630, 54.7905, -27.0669**, and the grayscale version is **132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186.2020, -53.3436, 29.6408**, and **83.3500, -41.0915, 19.8641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.5520, -60.9111, 30.2109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.7220, -48.6699, 23.9228**.

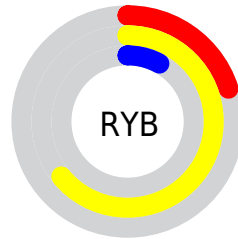
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (54%)

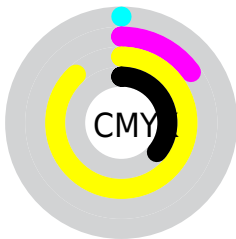
Blue (8%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (8%)

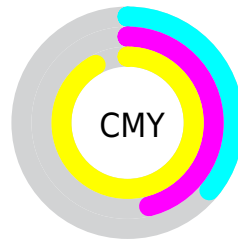


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 131.1370,  
-54.7905, 27.0669

■ 131.1370,  
-54.7905, 27.0669

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 105.8100,  
-52.1643, 24.7226

■ 186.2020,  
-53.3436, 29.6408

■ 83.3500, -41.0915,  
19.8641

■ 214.6860,  
-54.0752, 30.9704

■ 61.7760, -30.4556,  
15.1054

■ 235.6950,  
-51.1216, 16.9305

■ 41.0880, -20.2564,  
10.4468

■ 244.0560,  
-41.9326, 9.5979

■ 21.8730, -10.7834,  
5.3734

■ 247.2480,  
-29.7023, 6.7985

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 250.5540,

-17.0351, 3.8991

253.8600, -4.3680,  
0.9998

131.1370,  
-54.7905, 27.0669

131.1370,  
-54.7905, 27.0669

127.5520,  
-60.9111, 30.2109

134.7220,  
-48.6699, 23.9228

126.5090,  
-62.3689, 31.1256

138.3070,  
-42.5494, 20.7788

142.0060,  
-35.9920, 17.5347

145.0040,  
-29.5820, 14.9055

148.5890,  
-23.4614, 11.7614

■ 152.1740,  
-17.3408, 8.6174

■ 155.7590,  
-11.2202, 5.4734

■ 159.4580, -4.6628,  
2.2293

■ 163.0430, 1.4578,  
-0.9147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.3210, -43.5423, 59.3545



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



126.3150, -41.5673, -14.3083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



116.8680, 36.5471, -102.4932



141.4160, 22.9659, 54.0092

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



50.8630, 54.7905, -27.0669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.0100, 41.9001, 0.8682



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



117.5640, 54.4449, -103.1036

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



111.6410, 13.9810, -97.9092



112.0020, 63.5960, -98.2258



136.4460, 0.7661, 81.1699



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



119.0900, -23.7084, -49.1909



112.0020, 63.5960, -98.2258



142.4510, 29.8507, 39.0695

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



199.8600, -21.1300, 10.6468



65.4220, -9.5750, 84.6989



99.7160, -12.6780, 6.3881



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669



165.5260, -81.6043, 40.7577



132.3570, -55.3920, -13.4681



79.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294



113.7950, -56.1009, 27.3668



14.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8630, 54.7905, -27.0669



45.8870, 81.8937, -40.2429



49.6430, 55.3920, 13.4681



75.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294



31.7920, 55.8115, -27.8816

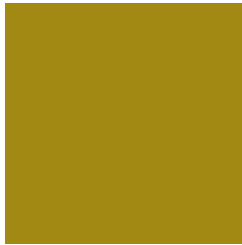


3.8130, 6.9942, -3.3440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669.



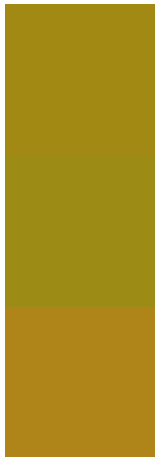
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669

### Protanopia

130.6310, -54.0481, 22.2486

### Deuteranopia

132.5450, -53.5127, 37.2330



## Tritanopia

140.6980, -1.8231, 24.8209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669

## Protanomaly

130.6420, -54.0535, 23.9930

## Deuteranomaly

132.1100, -53.7912, 33.2295

## Tritanomaly

137.2470, -21.3208, 25.2164

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669

## Achromatopsia

131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

130.9030, -19.6722, 9.7321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 137, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 137, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 137, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 137, 20) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 137, 20) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 137, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 137, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 137, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 137, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 137,  
20) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 131.1370, -54.7905, 27.0669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 137, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
137, 20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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