

# Converting Colors

YUV(131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF39E9
RGB	239, 57, 233
RGB Percent	94%, 22%, 91%
CMY	0.0627, 0.7765, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.03, 0.06
HSL	302°, 85%, 58%
HSV	302°, 76%, 94%
XYZ	51.7677, 27.1602, 79.6048
YIQ	131.4820, 51.9760, 93.3200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

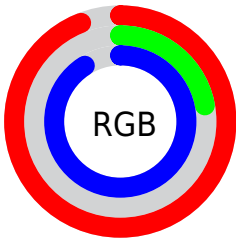
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 57, 233
Decimal	15677929
CIE Lab	59.12, 84.53, -50.65
CIE LCh	59, 98.541, 329.068
Yxy	27.1602, 0.3265, 0.1713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293868009 (0xFFEF39E9)
YUV	131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933
Hunter-Lab	52.1154, 86.1071, -54.0829

# Details

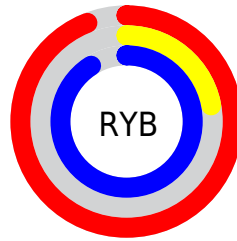
The YUV color **131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **164.5180, -50.0484, -94.2933**, and the grayscale version is **131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177.5160, 38.1996, 67.9535**, and **73.6990, 50.9274, 92.3490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.2800, 56.5570, 106.7484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.6840, 43.5398, 81.8381**.

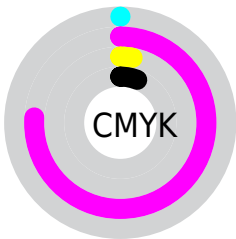
# Distribution



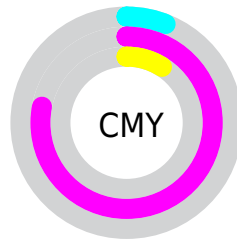
- Red (94%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933


 131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 85.7470, 58.2987,  
108.0929


 177.5160, 38.1996,  
67.9535


 73.6990, 50.9274,  
92.3490


 195.7130, 29.2285,  
51.9947

 61.5370, 43.1193,  
76.7051


 213.3230, 20.5468,  
36.5507

 49.9020, 36.0373,  
61.4759

 230.9330, 11.8650,  
21.1068

 38.2670, 28.9554,  
46.2468

 248.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628

 27.4580, 22.4522,  
32.0473

 15.4530, 16.5387,

15.3887

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,  
-3.2142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933

■ 131.4820, 50.0484,  
94.2933

■ 117.2800, 56.5570,  
106.7484

■ 145.6840, 43.5398,  
81.8381

■ 103.0780, 63.0655,  
119.2036

■ 159.8860, 37.0312,  
69.3830

■ 97.7950, 65.6701,  
123.8368

■ 173.9740, 30.0858,  
57.0278

■ 188.1760, 23.5772,  
44.5726

■ 202.3780, 17.0686,  
32.1175

■ 215.9930, 10.8495,  
20.1771

■ 230.1950, 4.3409,  
7.7220

■ 244.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 248.5060, -4.1935,  
-8.3368

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.5960, 59.8522, -17.1857



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



93.2310, 27.4941, 141.8714

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



133.3310, -65.7322, 36.5437



129.5490, 47.0573, -113.6145

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



164.5180, -50.0484, -94.2933

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.5170, 8.6191, -104.8164



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



120.5200, -59.4164, -29.3970

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



129.2860, -63.7380, 97.0962



105.5240, -32.3033, -92.5445



130.0340, 61.6082, -114.0398



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



86.7330, 2.5966, 147.5702



105.5240, -32.3033, -92.5445



126.9440, 34.5376, -111.3299

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



220.1390, 16.2005, 30.5731



78.6450, 79.0550, -16.3517



106.6400, 9.5445, 18.7327



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



117.9040, 63.6443, 120.2332



121.4500, 11.6102, 103.0914



112.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



75.3080, 50.6272, 95.3229



22.9000, 15.3323, 29.0287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



117.9040, 63.6443, 120.2332



174.5500, -11.6101, -103.0913



112.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



75.3080, 50.6272, 95.3229



22.9000, 15.3323, 29.0287



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

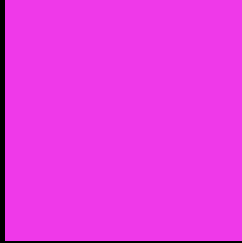
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

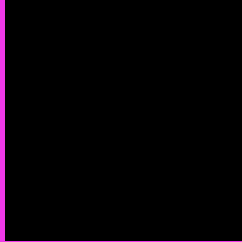
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933

### Protanopia

136.0780, 58.6285, -44.7954

### Deuteranopia

139.0460, 40.4033, -32.4893



## Tritanopia

140.5750, -15.0735, 74.9177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



## Protanomaly

134.3000, 55.5611, 5.8759



## Deuteranomaly

136.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



## Tritanomaly

137.2210, 8.7650, 82.2442

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933



## Achromatopsia

131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

131.0300, 18.2262, 34.1767

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 57, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 57, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 57, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 57, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 57, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 57, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 57, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 57, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 57, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 57,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 131.4820, 50.0484, 94.2933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 57, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239, 57,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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