

Converting Colors

YUV(131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922)
contains.

YUV(131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(131.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B8883
RGB	123, 136, 131
RGB Percent	48%, 53%, 51%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4667, 0.4863
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.47
HSL	157°, 5%, 51%
HSV	157°, 10%, 53%
XYZ	21.0693, 23.4580, 24.8901
YIQ	131.5430, -6.1430, -4.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

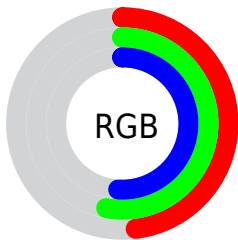
Format	Color
R _Y B	123, 131, 136
Decimal	8095875
CIE Lab	55.54, -5.76, 1.06
CIE LCh	56, 5.859, 169.597
Yxy	23.4580, 0.3035, 0.3379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286285955 (0xFF7B8883)
YUV	131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922
Hunter-Lab	48.4334, -7.1083, 3.4341

Details

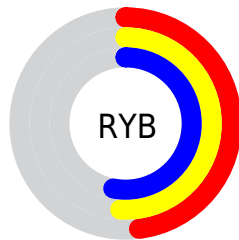
The YUV color $[131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[127.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922]$, and the grayscale version is $[132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[184.2440, -0.1203, -8.1070]$, and $[81.9560, 0.0217, -6.9774]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[126.7870, -0.3880, -15.5992]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[136.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148]$.

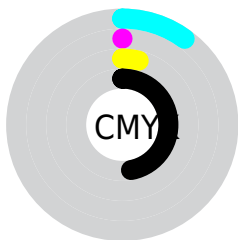
Distribution



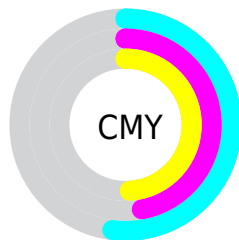
- Red (48%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 131.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 131.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 184.2440, -0.1203,
-8.1070

■ 81.9560, 0.0217,
-6.9774

■ 212.2440, -0.1203,
-8.1070

■ 59.2550, -0.1257,
-6.3626

■ 240.8310, -0.4097,
-8.6218

■ 37.2550, -0.1257,
-6.3626

■ 15.9450, 0.0271,
-8.7218

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 131.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 131.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 126.7870, -0.3880,
-15.5992

■ 136.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 122.3300, -0.6557,
-23.0914

■ 140.7560, 0.1203,
8.1070

■ 117.4600, -1.2128,
-31.0984

■ 145.6260, 0.6774,
16.1140

■ 113.0030, -1.4805,
-38.5906

■ 150.0830, 0.9451,
23.6062

■ 108.2470, -1.6008,
-46.6976

■ 154.8390, 1.0654,
31.7132

■ 103.4910, -1.7211,
-54.8046

■ 159.5950, 1.1857,
39.8202

■ 98.9200, -2.4256,
-62.1968

■ 164.1660, 1.8902,
47.2124

■ 94.1640, -2.5459,

■ 168.9220, 2.0105,

-70.3038

55.3194

■ 89.7070, -2.8136,
-77.7960

■ 173.3790, 2.2782,
62.8116

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.8810, -2.8993, -3.4036



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



131.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



133.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998



133.9040, -4.3897, 7.9772

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



127.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



134.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



132.6340, 5.1104, -5.8180



134.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



133.0670, -4.9630, 5.2032

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



131.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216



134.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



133.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



174.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739



132.1260, -4.4991, -3.6185



87.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



169.5210, -0.2569, -10.9809



131.5260, 2.2057, -7.4773



66.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



87.4190, -2.6716, -76.6665



3.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



163.4790, 0.2569, 10.9809



127.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773



64.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



45.5810, 2.6716, 76.6665



1.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

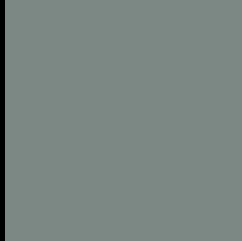
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

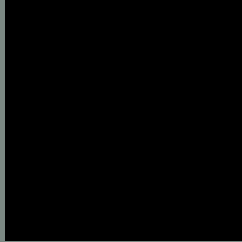
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

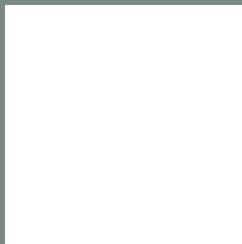
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922.

-7.4922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922

Protanopia

132.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590

Deuteranopia

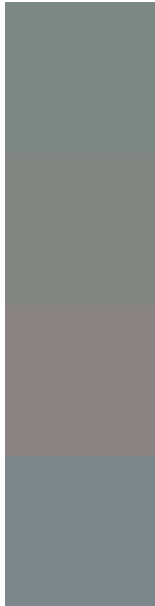
134.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



Tritanopia

132.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328

Trichromacy



Original Color

131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922

Protanomaly

132.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296

Deuteranomaly

133.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887

Tritanomaly

132.2810, 3.8055, -7.2624

Monochromacy



Original Color

131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922

Achromatopsia

132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

131.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 136, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 136, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 136, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 136, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 136, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 136, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 136, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 136, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 136, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 136,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 131.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 136, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
136, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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