

Converting Colors

YUV(132.0170, -19.2354,
9.6321)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321)
contains.

YUV(132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(132.0170, -19.2354,
9.6321)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F865D
RGB	143, 134, 93
RGB Percent	56%, 53%, 36%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4745, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.35, 0.44
HSL	49°, 21%, 46%
HSV	49°, 35%, 56%
XYZ	21.8286, 23.6801, 13.7762
YIQ	132.0170, 18.5250, -10.8430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

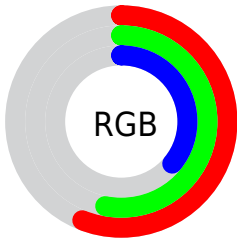
Format	Color
RYB	104, 143, 93
Decimal	9406045
CIELab	55.77, -3.14, 23.33
CIELCh	56, 23.541, 97.668
Yxy	23.6801, 0.3682, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287596125 (0xFF8F865D)
YUV	132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321
Hunter-Lab	48.6623, -5.0887, 17.2787

Details

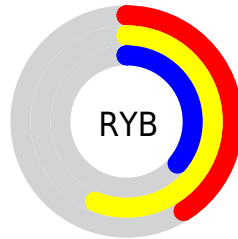
The YUV color $[132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $[103.9830, 19.2354, -9.6321]$, and the grayscale version is $[132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[185.0880, -20.2564, 10.4468]$, and $[82.6470, -18.0670, 8.2026]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[128.6600, -24.4824, 12.5762]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[135.3740, -13.9884, 6.6880]$.

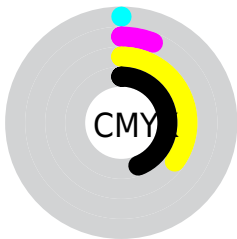
Distribution



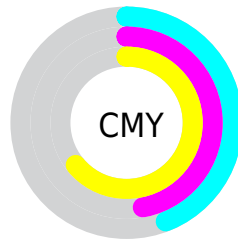
- Red (56%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 132.0170,
-19.2354, 9.6321

■ 132.0170,
-19.2354, 9.6321

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.8320,
-18.6512, 8.9173

■ 185.0880,
-20.2564, 10.4468

■ 82.6470, -18.0670,
8.2026

■ 213.1590,
-21.2774, 11.2616

■ 59.1630, -17.3354,
6.8730

■ 241.4580,
-21.4248, 11.8763

■ 36.9350, -18.2090,
7.0730

■ 251.6940,
-12.6671, 2.8994

■ 18.0190, -8.8834,
2.6143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 132.0170,
-19.2354, 9.6321

■ 132.0170,
-19.2354, 9.6321

■ 128.6600,
-24.4824, 12.5762

■ 135.3740,
-13.9884, 6.6880

■ 125.7760,
-30.4556, 15.1054

■ 138.2580, -8.0152,
4.1587

■ 122.4190,
-35.7026, 18.0495

■ 141.6150, -2.7682,
1.2146

■ 119.6490,
-41.2390, 20.4788

■ 144.3850, 2.7682,
-1.2146

■ 116.2920,
-46.4860, 23.4229

■ 147.8560, 8.4520,
-4.2587

■ 113.4080,
-52.4591, 25.9522

■ 150.6260, 13.9884,
-6.6880

■ 111.4360,
-54.9379, 27.6816

■ 153.9830, 19.2354,
-9.6321

■ 157.3400, 24.4824,

-12.5762

■ 160.2240, 30.4556,
-15.1054

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.6320, -18.5526, 24.0017



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



129.5740, -14.0870, -8.3964

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



123.7690, 16.8759, -46.2784



137.1630, 6.3286, 23.5360

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



103.9830, 19.2354, -9.6321

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136.2300, 14.6766, 5.9373



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



127.6870, 21.3533, -35.6825

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



123.8700, 6.9661, -41.1050



132.8790, 20.2727, -15.6799



136.5850, -3.7394, 32.8130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



127.9900, -8.3761, -20.1622



132.8790, 20.2727, -15.6799



136.6400, 9.5445, 18.7327

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



182.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440



108.9760, -3.4392, 29.8390



91.5720, -4.2260, 2.1294



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321



168.8900, -30.0188, 15.0055



132.5160, -19.4814, -4.8375



69.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



105.5220, -52.0223, 25.8522



5.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.9830, 19.2354, -9.6321



125.1100, 30.0188, -15.0055



103.4840, 19.4814, 4.8375



65.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294



29.4780, 52.0223, -25.8522



1.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

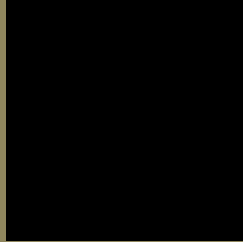
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321

Protanopia

132.3160, -19.3828, 10.2469

Deuteranopia

133.3930, -19.4207, 22.4573



Tritanopia

135.1200, 1.4198, 11.2958

Trichromacy



Original Color

132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321

Protanomaly

132.3160, -19.3828, 10.2469

Deuteranomaly

132.7730, -19.1151, 17.7391

Tritanomaly

133.8720, -5.8529, 10.6363

Monochromacy



Original Color

132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321

Achromatopsia

132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

132.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 134, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 134, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 134, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 134, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 134, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 134, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 134, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 134, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 134, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 134,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.0170, -19.2354, 9.6321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 134, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
134, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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