

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	79859C
RGB	121, 133, 156
RGB Percent	47%, 52%, 61%
CMY	0.5255, 0.4784, 0.3882
CMYK	0.22, 0.15, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	219°, 15%, 54%
HSV	219°, 22%, 61%
XYZ	22.2734, 23.2403, 34.7644
YIQ	132.0340, -14.5350, 4.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

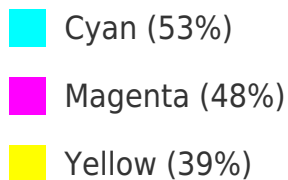
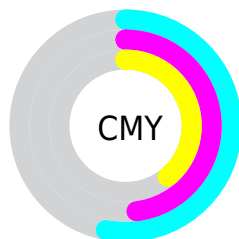
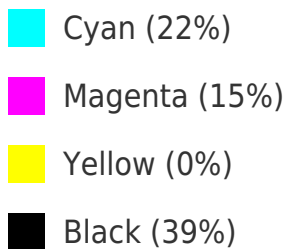
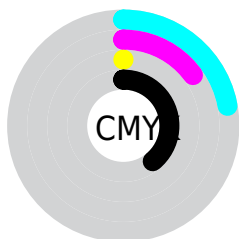
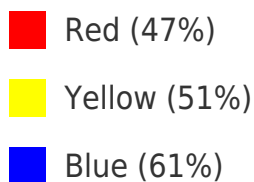
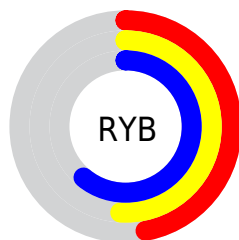
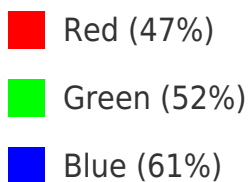
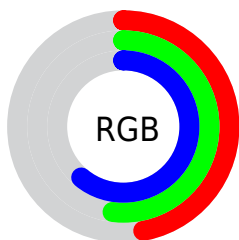
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">121, 130, 156</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7964060</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">55.32, 0.85, -13.73</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">55, 13.758, 273.551</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">23.2403, 0.2775, 0.2895</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286154140</a> (0xFF79859C)
YUV	<a href="#">132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">48.2082, -1.8927, -9.0101</a>

# Details

The YUV color `132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `144.9660, -11.8152, 9.6768`, and the grayscale version is `132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `185.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768`, and `82.8060, 10.9416, -9.4769` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `121.3800, 17.0677, -14.3653`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `142.6880, 6.5628, -4.9884`.

# Distribution




# Brightness & Saturation


## Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768


 132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 106.9200, 11.3784,  
-9.5768


 185.2620, 12.6888,  
-9.8768


 82.8060, 10.9416,  
-9.4769


 212.9630, 12.8362,  
-10.4916

 59.3930, 10.6523,  
-9.9917

 239.8940, 7.4473,  
-8.6770

 37.2790, 10.2155,  
-9.8917

 15.5670, 10.0735,  
-11.0213

 2.0690, 5.3890,  
-1.8145

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768

■ 132.0340, 11.8152,  
-9.6768

■ 121.3800, 17.0677,  
-14.3653

■ 142.6880, 6.5628,  
-4.9884

■ 110.4380, 22.4621,  
-17.9241

■ 153.6300, 1.1684,  
-1.4295

■ 99.7840, 27.7145,  
-22.6126

■ 164.2840, -4.0840,  
3.2589

■ 89.4290, 32.8195,  
-26.6862

■ 174.6390, -9.1890,  
7.3326

■ 78.7750, 38.0719,  
-31.3747

■ 185.2930,  
-14.4414, 12.0210

■ 67.5340, 43.6137,  
-35.5483

■ 196.5340,  
-19.9833, 16.1947

■ 57.1790, 48.7188,  
-39.6220

■ 206.8890,  
-25.0883, 20.2683

■ 48.8950, 52.8028,  
-42.8809

■ 217.5430,  
-30.3407, 24.9568

■ 226.1040,  
-34.5613, 25.3418

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.1530, 11.2636, -19.4282



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



133.7150, 9.0145, 2.0039

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



133.9980, -6.9010, 20.1728



129.0000, -3.4510, -13.1550

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



144.9660, -11.8152, 9.6768

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.5730, -9.1565, -3.1335



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



133.0530, -10.3791, 15.7395

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



134.6650, -1.8068, 19.5878



131.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177



127.8510, 2.5385, -20.9173



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



134.9610, 5.9352, 9.6812



131.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177



129.7400, -5.7878, -10.2960

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



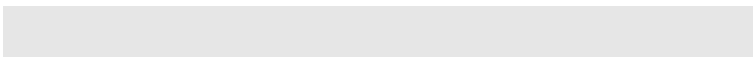
194.5310, 4.6682, -3.9737



144.1670, -0.0823, -20.3175



96.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768



166.4230, 18.5255, -15.2800



126.4850, 14.5509, -0.4253



73.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



45.0650, 48.2820, -39.5220



4.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.8330, 0.0823, 20.3175



167.6110, 0.1918, 31.9132



150.5150, -14.5509, 0.4253



73.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



48.3430, 0.3239, 83.0142



5.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

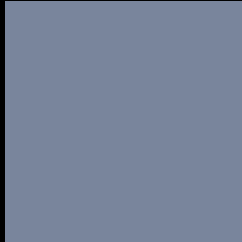
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

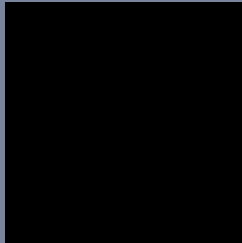
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

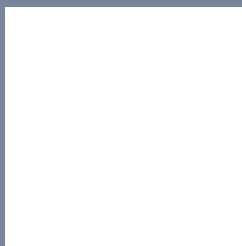
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768.

-9.6768.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768

### Protanopia

132.8390, 10.9254, -4.2438

### Deuteranopia

133.3880, 11.6407, -0.3403



## Tritanopia

131.4700, 7.1633, -10.9362

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768

**Protanomaly**  
132.5290, 11.0782, -6.6029

**Deuteranomaly**  
132.7790, 11.9410, -3.3142

**Tritanomaly**  
131.6380, 9.0525, -10.2065

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768

**Achromatopsia**  
132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**  
131.8300, 4.5208, -3.3589

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 133, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 133, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 133, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 133, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 133, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 133, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 133, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 133, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 133, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 133,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 133, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
133, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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