

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F8492
RGB	127, 132, 146
RGB Percent	50%, 52%, 57%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4824, 0.4275
CMYK	0.13, 0.10, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	224°, 8%, 54%
HSV	224°, 13%, 57%
XYZ	22.1920, 23.0899, 30.4813
YIQ	132.1010, -7.4740, 3.2940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

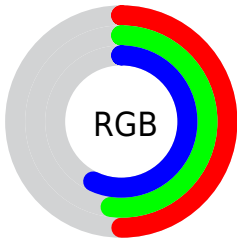
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	127, 131, 146
Decimal	8357010
CIE Lab	55.16, 1.14, -8.14
CIE LCh	55, 8.216, 277.980
Yxy	23.0899, 0.2929, 0.3048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286547090 (0xFF7F8492)
YUV	132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736
Hunter-Lab	48.0519, -1.6537, -3.9737

# Details

The YUV color  $[132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $[140.8990, -6.8522, 4.4736]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[185.2150, 7.2890, -4.5736]$ , and  $[82.9870, 6.4154, -4.3736]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[121.1590, 12.2466, -8.0324]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[143.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147]$ .

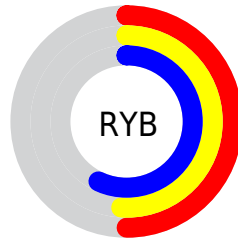
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (52%)

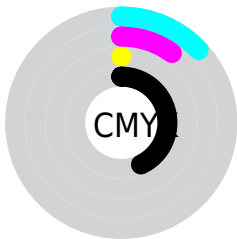
Blue (57%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (57%)

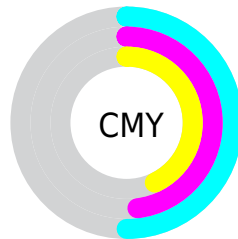


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 132.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 132.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 106.9870, 6.4154,  
-4.3736

■ 185.2150, 7.2890,  
-4.5736

■ 82.9870, 6.4154,  
-4.3736

■ 212.9160, 7.4364,  
-5.1883

■ 59.8730, 5.9786,  
-4.2736

■ 241.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 37.7590, 5.5418,  
-4.1736

■ 16.7590, 5.5418,  
-4.1736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 132.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 121.1590, 12.2466,  
-8.0324

■ 143.0430, 1.4578,  
-0.9147

■ 110.5160, 17.4936,  
-10.9765

■ 153.6860, -3.7892,  
2.0294

■ 100.1610, 22.5986,  
-15.0502

■ 164.0410, -8.8942,  
6.1030

■ 89.5180, 27.8456,  
-17.9943

■ 174.6840,  
-14.1412, 9.0471

■ 78.5760, 33.2400,  
-21.5532

■ 185.6260,  
-19.5356, 12.6060

■ 67.6340, 38.6344,  
-25.1120

■ 196.5680,  
-24.9300, 16.1649

■ 57.5780, 43.5920,  
-28.5709

■ 206.6240,  
-29.8876, 19.6238

■ 46.6360, 48.9865,

■ 217.5660,

-32.1298

-35.2820, 23.1826

■ 38.9500, 52.7756,  
-34.1592

■ 227.3120,  
-40.0868, 24.2824

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.7690, 7.0159, -10.3214



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



133.2760, 4.7939, 2.3889

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



133.2250, -4.5479, 12.0807



130.1900, -1.5727, -8.9366

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



140.8990, -6.8522, 4.4736

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.7240, -4.7939, -2.3889



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



132.6330, -6.7211, 9.0919

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



133.3220, -1.6377, 11.9956



131.6000, -6.7048, 3.8588



129.4930, 2.2220, -12.7104



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



133.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



131.6000, -6.7048, 3.8588



130.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



183.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



139.7490, 0.6167, -11.1809



91.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736



166.5290, 11.0782, -6.6029



130.3620, 7.7095, 0.5595



68.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294



36.8640, 49.8600, -32.3297



2.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809



168.7680, -1.3646, 17.7435



142.6380, -7.7095, -0.5595



69.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



45.3660, -4.6174, 81.2400



3.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

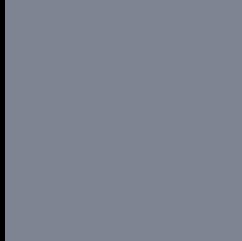
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

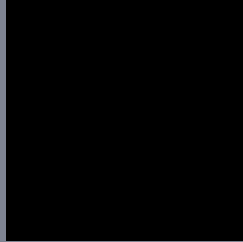
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736.



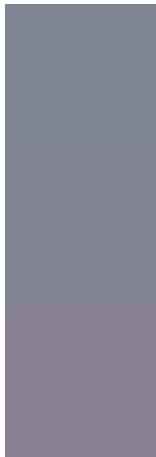
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.1010, 6.8522,

-4.4736.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736

### Protanopia

132.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145

### Deuteranopia

133.1560, 6.8251, 4.2482



## Tritanopia

131.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736

## Protanomaly

131.9980, 6.4100, -2.6292

## Deuteranomaly

132.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743

## Tritanomaly

131.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736

## Achromatopsia

132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

131.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 132, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 132, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 132, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 132, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 132, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 132, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 132, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 132, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 132, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 132,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 132, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
132, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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