

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.3500, -14.4695,  
-25.7399)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.3500, -14.4695,  
-25.7399)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	679967
RGB	103, 153, 103
RGB Percent	40%, 60%, 40%
CMY	0.5961, 0.4000, 0.5961
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.33, 0.40
HSL	120°, 20%, 50%
HSV	120°, 33%, 60%
XYZ	19.4329, 26.6453, 16.9508
YIQ	132.3500, -13.7500, -26.1500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

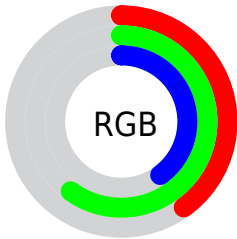
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	103, 153, 153
Decimal	6789479
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.64, -27.19, 21.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 34.418, 142.175
Yxy	26.6453, 0.3083, 0.4227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284979559 (0xFF679967)
YUV	132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399
Hunter-Lab	51.6191, -23.1339, 16.6636

# Details

The YUV color  $132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $123.6500, 14.4695, 25.7399$ , and the grayscale version is  $133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $186.2960, -15.9219, -26.5696$ , and  $81.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $126.1550, -18.8104, -33.4619$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $138.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180$ .

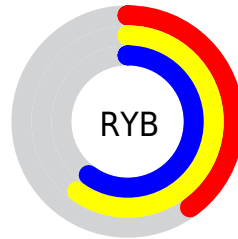
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (60%)

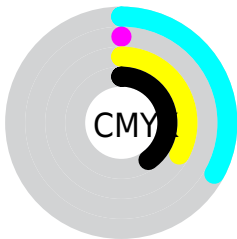
Blue (40%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (60%)

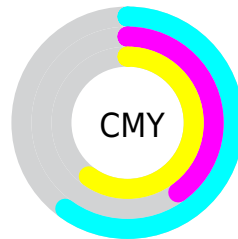


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 132.3500,  
-14.4695, -25.7399

■ 132.3500,  
-14.4695, -25.7399

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 106.8770,  
-13.7434, -25.3251

■ 186.2960,  
-15.9219, -26.5696

■ 81.9910, -13.3066,  
-25.4251

■ 213.8830,  
-16.2113, -27.0844

■ 57.3330, -11.9962,  
-25.7250

■ 236.6000,  
-13.6068, -22.4512

■ 32.9520, -10.8223,  
-28.8989

■ 248.4630, -5.6513,  
-7.4221

■ 19.9580, -9.8393,  
-17.5032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.3500,  
-14.4695, -25.7399

■ 132.3500,  
-14.4695, -25.7399

■ 126.1550,  
-18.8104, -33.4619

■ 138.5450,  
-10.1287, -18.0180

■ 119.5470,  
-23.4407, -41.6987

■ 145.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 113.3520,  
-27.7815, -49.4207

■ 151.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

■ 107.1570,  
-32.1224, -57.1427

■ 157.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628

■ 100.9620,  
-36.4633, -64.8647

■ 164.1510, 7.8136,  
13.8996

■ 94.3540, -41.0935,  
-73.1015

■ 170.3460, 12.1544,  
21.6216

■ 89.8110, -44.2768,  
-78.7642

■ 176.5410, 16.4953,  
29.3435

■ 182.7360, 20.8362,

37.0655

 189.3440, 25.4664,  
45.3023

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.5400, -25.9022, 1.2804



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



125.7450, 3.0837, -55.9044

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



132.7210, 33.1685, -45.3593



142.7460, -11.2138, 50.2118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



123.6500, 14.4695, 25.7399

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.3720, 2.7746, 43.5238



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



142.0570, 27.0869, -7.9430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



114.8200, 36.0777, -91.9271



144.7960, 16.3696, 22.9809



141.6020, -22.9748, 42.4450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



116.7770, 17.8579, -81.3654



144.7960, 16.3696, 22.9809



143.2990, -6.5564, 49.7268

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



190.7400, -5.7878, -10.2960



147.3000, -21.8399, 4.9989



94.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399



166.7860, -22.5725, -40.1543



135.2000, -3.5496, -28.2394



73.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



82.1800, -40.5147, -72.0719



7.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123.6500, 14.4695, 25.7399



153.2140, 22.5725, 40.1543



120.8000, 3.5496, 28.2394



72.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184



57.8200, 40.5147, 72.0719



5.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

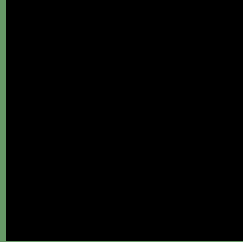
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399.

-25.7399.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399

### Protanopia

138.8000, -20.1144, 11.5764

### Deuteranopia

140.7780, -16.6526, 21.2427



## Tritanopia

137.5010, 10.1060, -21.4874

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399

## Protanomaly

136.5810, -18.0344, -2.2635

## Deuteranomaly

137.8960, -15.7247, 3.5992

## Tritanomaly

135.7860, 1.0915, -23.4913

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399

## Achromatopsia

132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

132.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 153, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 153, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 153, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 153, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 153, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 153, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 153, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 153, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 153, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 153,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 153, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
153, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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