

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020)  
contains.

<b>YUV(132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D9A7D
RGB	93, 154, 125
RGB Percent	36%, 60%, 49%
CMY	0.6353, 0.3961, 0.5098
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.19, 0.40
HSL	151°, 25%, 48%
HSV	151°, 40%, 60%
XYZ	19.7715, 26.9190, 23.5559
YIQ	132.4550, -27.0470, -21.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

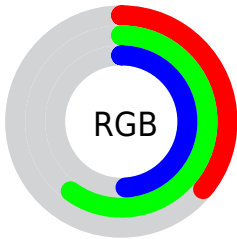
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	93, 133, 154
Decimal	6134397
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.90, -26.58, 9.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 28.090, 161.154
Yxy	26.9190, 0.2815, 0.3832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284324477 (0xFF5D9A7D)
YUV	132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020
Hunter-Lab	51.8835, -22.7745, 9.4000

# Details

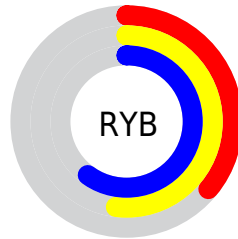
The YUV color  $132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $114.5450, 3.6753, 34.6020$ , and the grayscale version is  $133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $186.6290, -4.2541, -35.6316$ , and  $81.0960, -2.5123, -34.2872$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $127.1720, -4.5218, -43.1238$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $137.7380, -2.8288, -26.0802$ .

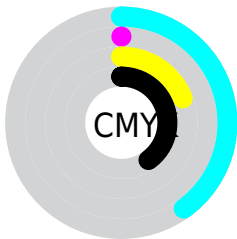
# Distribution



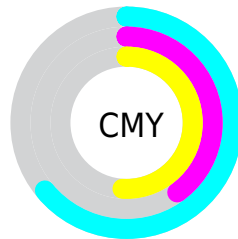
- Red (36%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020

 132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 106.5690, -3.2385,  
-34.7020


 186.6290, -4.2541,  
-35.6316

 81.0960, -2.5123,  
-34.2872


 214.2160, -4.5435,  
-36.1464

 55.7150, -1.3385,  
-37.4611

 236.3460, -1.6496,  
-30.9984

 35.9330, -1.9390,  
-31.5132

 247.5250, 3.6852,  
-15.3694

 20.9840, -5.9081,  
-18.4030

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020

■ 132.4550, -3.6753,  
-34.6020

■ 127.1720, -4.5218,  
-43.1238

■ 137.7380, -2.8288,  
-26.0802

■ 121.4760, -5.6577,  
-52.1605

■ 143.4340, -1.6930,  
-17.0436

■ 116.1930, -6.5041,  
-60.6823

■ 148.7170, -0.8465,  
-8.5218

■ 110.6110, -7.2032,  
-69.8188

■ 154.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 105.2140, -8.4865,  
-78.2407

■ 159.6960, 1.1359,  
9.0366

■ 99.9310, -9.3330,  
-86.7625

■ 164.9790, 1.9824,  
17.5584

■ 99.6320, -9.1856,  
-87.3773

■ 170.5610, 2.6814,  
26.6950

■ 175.9580, 3.9647,

35.1168

■ 181.5400, 4.6638,  
44.2534

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.3840, -15.9653, -12.6148



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



127.8190, 10.9352, -54.2153

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



141.2040, 24.0564, -15.9649



143.0020, -16.2700, 38.5862

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



114.5450, 3.6753, 34.6020

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.1730, -5.5083, 40.1903



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



144.8330, 16.8443, 10.6705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



134.3100, 26.4692, -43.2449



145.2070, 6.3069, 30.5135



141.6170, -22.4892, 26.6459



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



126.6640, 19.3926, -60.2183



145.2070, 6.3069, 30.5135



143.5230, -13.0758, 40.7603

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



192.5700, -1.2670, -13.6549



137.4780, -21.9277, -13.5742



97.0160, -0.9939, -7.9070



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



167.0520, -5.9416, -54.4196



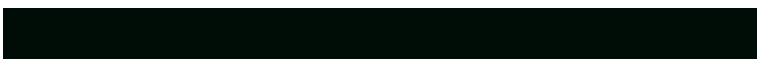
135.1740, 9.2812, -36.9866



74.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183



90.6160, -8.1917, -79.4702



8.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.5450, 3.6753, 34.6020



138.9480, 5.9416, 54.4196



111.8260, -9.2812, 36.9866



71.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



49.4980, 8.6285, 79.3703



4.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

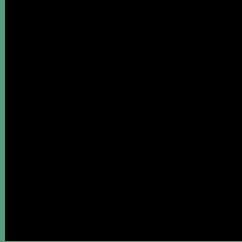
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020.

-34.6020.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020

### Protanopia

140.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177

### Deuteranopia

142.0790, -6.4479, 14.8397



## Tritanopia

136.0160, 12.3171, -30.7090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020

## Protanomaly

138.0670, -8.4140, -7.9518

## Deuteranomaly

138.8980, -5.3727, -3.4185

## Tritanomaly

134.8110, 6.5022, -32.2832

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020

## Achromatopsia

132.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

132.1680, -1.5618, -12.4253

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 154, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 154, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 154, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 154, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 154, 125) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 154, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 154, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 154, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 154, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 154,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 154, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 154,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor