

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	858486
RGB	133, 132, 134
RGB Percent	52%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4824, 0.4745
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	270°, 1%, 52%
HSV	270°, 1%, 53%
XYZ	22.2272, 23.2103, 25.8628
YIQ	132.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

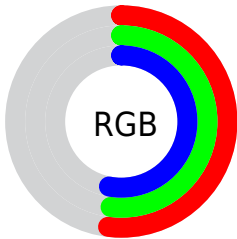
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	133, 132, 134
Decimal	8750214
CIE Lab	55.29, 0.77, -0.95
CIE LCh	55, 1.224, 309.059
Yxy	23.2103, 0.3117, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286940294 (0xFF858486)
YUV	132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148
Hunter-Lab	48.1771, -1.9563, 1.8954

# Details

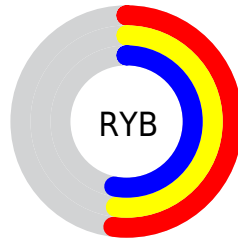
The YUV color  $132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $133.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148$ , and the grayscale version is  $133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $185.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148$ , and  $83.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $122.8030, 5.5201, 2.8038$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $142.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741$ .

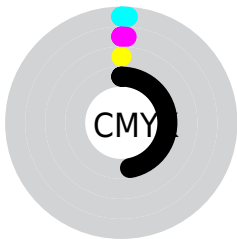
# Distribution



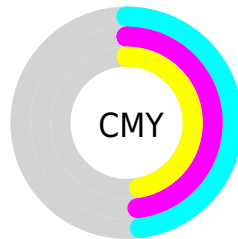
- Red (52%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 132.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

 132.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148


 185.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148


 83.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148


 213.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

 60.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

 241.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

 38.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

 17.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 132.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 122.8030, 5.5201,  
2.8038

■ 142.2510, -4.0677,  
-1.9741

■ 112.7910, 10.4560,  
6.3223

■ 152.2630, -9.0037,  
-5.4927

■ 103.0670, 15.2500,  
8.7112

■ 161.9870,  
-13.7976, -7.8816

■ 92.7560, 20.3333,  
11.6150

■ 172.2980,  
-18.8809, -10.7853

■ 83.3310, 24.9798,  
14.6187

■ 182.0220,  
-23.6748, -13.1743

■ 73.6070, 29.7737,  
17.0077

■ 191.4470,  
-28.3214, -16.1780

■ 63.2960, 34.8571,  
19.9114

■ 201.7580,  
-33.4047, -19.0818

■ 53.5720, 39.6510,

■ 211.4820,

22.3004

-38.1986, -21.4707

■ 43.5600, 44.5869,  
25.8189

■ 221.4940,  
-43.1345, -24.9892

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



132.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



132.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



132.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



133.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



132.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



132.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



132.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



132.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



132.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



132.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



131.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



132.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



170.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



132.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



65.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



34.2550, 47.2023, 26.9634



0.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



171.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



133.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



65.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



46.2800, 9.2290, 73.4224



1.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

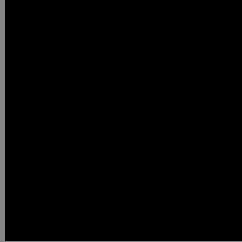
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# YUV 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.5270, 0.7262,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

### Protanopia

132.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

### Deuteranopia

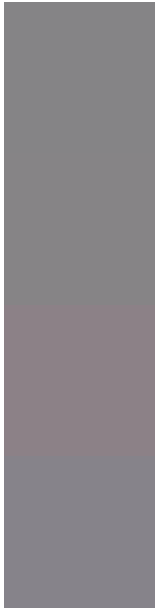
133.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366



## Tritanopia

133.0370, 3.9258, 0.8446

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

## Protanomaly

132.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

## Deuteranomaly

132.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627

## Tritanomaly

132.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

## Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 132, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 132, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 132, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 132, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 132, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 132, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 132, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 132, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 132, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 132,  
134) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 132, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
132, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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